

Appendix A

E.J. Hopfinger. Experimental Study of Hetons

This Appendix is a summary of the experiments with hetons, conducted by Griffiths and Hopfinger [309, 310], aimed at illustrating heton generation in the laboratory. These experiments were motivated by the work of Hogg and Stommel [350, 351] who considered discrete, baroclinic geostrophic vortices that have the capacity of transporting heat. Real vortices have a finite core size and it was of interest to compare experiments with the theoretical, idealized point vortex solutions. Numerical solutions of, finite core size geostrophic vortices have followed and are presented in this book.

Griffiths and Hopfinger [309, 310] considered the simplest situation of a rotating, two layer stratified fluid in a tank 100 cm in diameter and 45 cm deep with the fluid layers being of equal depth, $H = 20$ cm. The rotating tank was first filled with fresh water to 20 cm depth and then a sugar solution of desired density was slowly injected through a tube placed near the sidewall at the bottom of the tank. When the lower, denser layer reached 20 cm the system was left to spin-up to solid body rotation. It needs to be mentioned that the two layer system never reached complete solid body rotation. A weak azimuthal drift, generally $<3\%$ of the tank rotation, remained that switched from being axisymmetric to non-axisymmetric and reverse. Griffiths and Linden [312] interpreted this drift as being the result of a meridional Eddington-Sweet circulation, driven by the diffusion of solute across the isopycnals. The use of sugar solution instead of salt solution reduced this diffusion, hence the importance of this circulation. Lower diffusion resulted also in a thinner interface thickness, which was close to 2 cm at the time when the heton experiments were started. The tank rotation was $\Omega = 1.0 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$ ($f = 2s^{-1}$) and the reduced gravity $g' = g\Delta\rho/\rho$ was chosen such that the internal Rossby radius of deformation $\lambda' = (g'H)^{1/2}/f = 5, 10$ and 15 cm. Note that the Rossby radius λ used in this book is defined as $\lambda = [g'h_1h_2/(h_1 + h_2)]^{1/2}/f$, hence, when $h_1 = h_2 = H$, $\lambda = \lambda'/\sqrt{2}$.

The vortices in this two layer stratified, rotating system were generated by sources (anticyclones) and sinks (cyclones) placed at the free surface or the bottom. These vortices have a core radius R' of about 4 cm at which the azimuthal velocity is maximum. The vortex strength is a function of the flow rate. With sinks strong

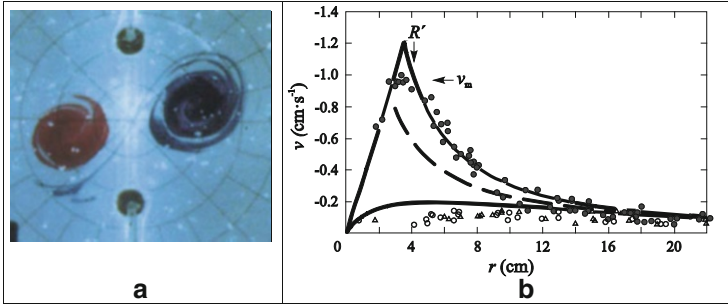


Fig. A.1 (a) Image of two anticyclones in the *top layer* taken at six tank rotation periods ($6T_\Omega$) after vortex generation (after stop of the source flow). The source separation seen in (a) is 18 cm, $\lambda' = 14.1$ cm and $R' \approx 4$ cm. (b) Azimuthal velocity in a two-layer, $\lambda' = 7$ cm, anticyclonic vortex. \bullet , upper layer vortex velocity at $9T_\Omega$ after vortex generation. *Open symbols* are for lower layer velocity. *Solid line* is solution of inviscid, quasi-geostrophic potential vorticity equations (see [310]). $R' \approx 4$ cm is intersection of theoretical solution with $v = v_m$. *Dashed line* is $v = s/2r$ of barotropic vortex of same strength

vorticity concentration can be achieved with the absolute value of angular velocity of the cyclonic vortices reaching $0.5 - 1.0\Omega$, whereas with a source (anticyclones) the angular velocity was limited to $0.3 - 0.5\Omega$. Note also, that, in order to prevent large perturbations, the source flow velocity needs to be kept low (large source flow area). A source or sink flow duration of 30 s (5 rotation periods) was sufficient to establish a well developed, depth independent vortex. During this time the vortex displacement remained negligible. The spin-down time of the vortices in the bottom layer (influence of bottom boundary) is $H/(f\nu)^{1/2} \approx 140$ s and is about twice as long in the top layer. The vortices were visualised by dye injection and the azimuthal velocity was measured by the streak line optical method. A typical image of two anticyclones generated in the top layer is shown in Fig. A.1a and the azimuthal velocity of a typical anticyclonic vortex is shown in Fig. A.1b.

In the Arctic oceans, a fresh source flow by ice melting can generate an anticyclone and ice freezing can give rise to a dense source flow, generating a cyclonic vortex in the top layer (see Fig. 1.2 in this book). In the laboratory it would also be possible to generate cyclonic vortices in the top layer by a dense source flow instead a sink flow. A tilted heton can emerge from baroclinic instability (Fig. 1.3 in this book).

It is of interest to compare experimental observations with numerical simulations presented in this book. The simplest case is a pair of vertical axis hetons corresponding to the situations shown in Figs. 3.46 and 3.47.

Figure A.2 illustrates an attracting heton pair in the laboratory tank. The anticyclones are generated in the top layer (red dye) by two sources at the free surface, visible in the images, and the cyclones are generated in the lower layer by two sinks at the bottom (blue and green dyes), placed at the same locations as the sources above; the vortices are initially of equal strength. The two (hot) hetons

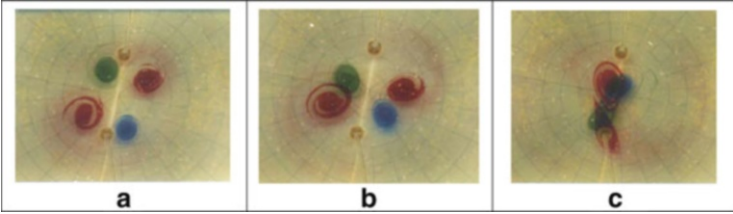


Fig. A.2 Photographs of an unstable, coalescing heton pair, initially separated by $2b^* = 20$ cm (separation of injection tubes seen in the images). The suction tubes at the *bottom* are at the same location as the sources on *top* and initially the anticyclones (*red dye*) are of the same strength as to cyclones in the *bottom layer* (*green and blue dyes*). Initially, the hetons are axial but are torn apart by the vortex interaction in each layer. The vortex radii are $R' \approx 4$ cm, $\lambda' = 15$ cm and images (a) to (c) are at 6, 15 and 22 T_Ω after vortex generation

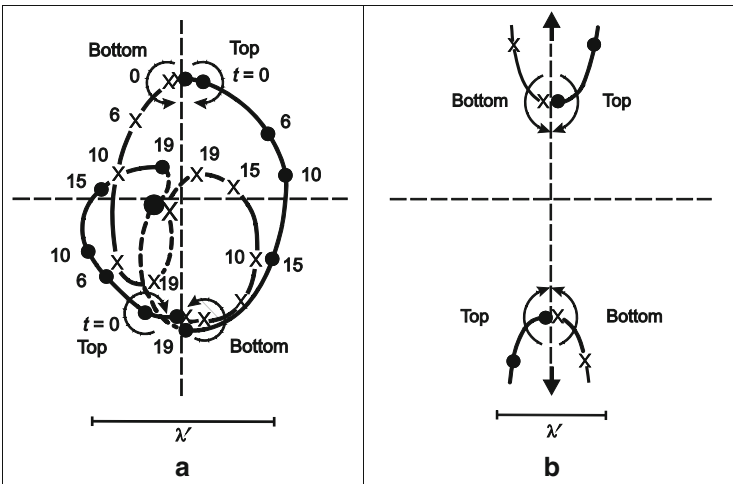


Fig. A.3 Paths of the centres of anticyclones in the *top layer* (*solid circles*) and cyclones in the *lower layer* (*crosses*). (a) Conditions corresponding to those of Fig. A.2. (b) initial heton separation $2b^* = 20$ cm and $\lambda' = 10$ cm

generated in this way are initially separated by $2b^*/R' \approx 5$ and the dimensionless Rossby radius is $\lambda'/R' \approx 3.75$. In this case the interaction of vortices in the same layer override the interaction between vortices in different layers. The two anticyclones in the top layer orbit in the anticyclonic sense and the cyclones in the lower layer orbit in the cyclonic sense and eventually merge. The initially distance between the vortices in the same layer is $2b^* \approx 1.3\lambda'$, which is close to the critical value of $1.4\lambda'$ of point vortices Hogg and Stommel [350].

Figure A.3 shows the paths of the centres of the baroclinic vortices in the top and bottom layers, shown in Fig. A.2 ($2b^*/\lambda' = 1.3$), from the start, time $t = 0$ after generation to $t = 19T_\Omega$ and, finally, to complete merging (dashed traces). The paths of the vortices is not symmetric because of various imperfections inherent in

experiments and because of asymmetric spin down. In Fig. A.3b the behaviour of the same heton pair is shown, but now for $2b^*/\lambda' = 2$. In this case the interaction between the top and bottom layer vortices is greater than the mutual influence of the vortices in the same layer. The hetons propagate in opposite directions. However, for this movement tilting is first necessary, which is caused by the interaction of the vortices in the same layer.

Griffiths and Hopfinger [310] determined the stability boundary for two anti-cyclones generated in the top layer. For barotropic vortices the critical distance is $2b^*/R = 3.3$; below this value vortices merge and remain stable, in orbital motion, above. Experiments showed that the stability boundary of baroclinic vortices depends strongly on the internal Rossby radius. For the conditions in Fig. A.3, that is $2b^*/R' \approx 5$, the stability boundary obtained by Griffiths and Hopfinger [310] is $\lambda'/R' \approx 2.4$. The heton repulsion shown in Fig. A.3b is close to this stability boundary, which, in the case of two hetons, likely to shift to somewhat larger values of λ'/R' because the vortex interaction in opposite layers opposes the interactions in the same layer. On the contrary, the conditions corresponding to Fig. A.3a are situated well within the merging domain ($2b^*/R' \approx 5$, $\lambda'/R' \approx 3.75$).

The results presented in Figs. 3.39 and 3.40, are for $2b = 2b^*/D = 3$ and $\gamma = D/\lambda = 0.6$ and $2b = 3$, $\gamma = 0.7$ respectively. It is seen that the vortices coalesce (but never merge completely as in the experiments) in Fig. 3.39 and repel in Fig. 3.40. In the regime diagram $b - \gamma$ of Fig. 3.38, the coalescing heton pair lies in domain S_{3m} and heton repulsion (Fig. 3.40) in S_2 . When taking $D = R'$, the corresponding positions in the regime diagram of Griffiths and Hopfinger [310] are at $\lambda'/R' = 2.35$ (coalescence) and $\lambda'/R' = 2.01$ (repulsion), in both cases the initial heton separation being $2b^*/R' = 3$. The value $\lambda'/R' = 2.01$ is close to the experimental stability boundary, which, as mentioned above, is likely to shift to slightly larger values in the case of hetons.

Now, comparing the experiments with the numerical results, the experimental conditions of the heton paths shown in Figs. A.3a, b are, respectively, $b \approx 2.5$, $\gamma \approx 0.37$ and $b \approx 2.5$, $\gamma \approx 0.56$. The latter lies well within the heton scatter domain S_2 whereas the former (heton merging) is close to the boundary of S_2 and S_{3m} but still in S_2 . Discrepancies between experiments and numerical simulations are to be expected because the vortex radius is less well defined, the interface thickness is finite, the vorticity distribution in the vortex core varies and spin-down occurs.

Appendix B

M.A. Sokolovskiy. In Memory of My Teacher



Vadim Fedorovich Kozlov
(1933–2005)

Vadim Fedorovich Kozlov was born on March 17, 1933 in Vladivostok into a family of seamen. His father, Fedor Kirillovich Kozlov, was a sea captain; his mother, Valentina Iosifovna, née Gein, was a seaman's wife and kept the house. In her youth, she also studied in a marine technical school, but after the birth of her son, took charge of his upbringing. Later, she also contributed much to the upbringing of her grandson Kirill. These were marine families. His paternal elder brother, Matvey Kirillovich Kozlov, was also a sea captain, and the younger brother, Ivan Kirillovich Kozlov, was a chief engineer of Sakhalin Shipping Company. The maternal grandfather, Iosif Antonovich Gein, worked as a chief engineer on ships in the Far East and Black Sea Shipping Companies since the 1910s. The uncle, Anatoliy Iosifovich Gein, also worked as a chief engineer on ships of Murmansk Shipping Company, while another uncle, Gleb Iosifovich Gein, served in the navy.



Vadim Fedorovich spent his early childhood and schooldays in his hometown. After graduating from school with a Silver Medal, VF enrolled without examination (according to the rules of that time, the persons who had graduated from school with a Silver Medal could be enrolled after an interview) in the Division of Mechanics, the Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics, Moscow M.V. Lomonosov State University (MSU).

In that time, the faculty was situated in its historic building in Mokhovaya Street, but in 1953 it moved into the new high-rise building in Leninskie Gory. The students, including VF, settle in a comfortable dormitory in MSU Main Building. After their second year, students were to choose a department for their area of expertise. VF chose the Department of Gas and Wave Dynamics, which was then headed by Academician of Uzbek Academy of Sciences, Kh.A. Rakhmatulin. After graduating from the University, VF was invited to continue his study as a postgraduate student.

A curious thing that happened with VF during his postgraduate study taught him a valuable lesson: to keep up with the scientific literature. It was like this: the research adviser formulated a problem for him about the reflection of an acoustic wave from a deformable plane. The young postgraduate student solved the problem and reported the obtained result at a conference. Next, he wrote a paper, which he was going to publish in the *Vestnik* (Herald) of Moscow State University. The reviewer of his paper was firm but fair: he informed the author that this result was obtained by Rayleigh as long ago as 1878. Reviewing the past many years later, VF joked: “Lord Rayleigh and I have obtained an elegant solution”, and continued: “Though I did these 80 years later, but still independently!” This lesson was as severe as useful. As a result, the future professor finished his post-graduate studies without defending his thesis. (Scientists in Russia have two scientific degrees, i.e., Candidate of Science and Doctor of Science; the successful completion of post-graduate study is commonly a defended Candidate thesis).

Immediately after his graduation from the university, VF married his classmate Tatyana Leonidovna Gavrilova. She, also graduated from the Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics, was doing her postgraduate studies in the Department of Applied Mathematics, Steklov Mathematical Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, under scientific supervision of A.A. Lyapunov.

After the completion of their postgraduate studies in 1960, the newly married couple completed the Moscow period of their life and moved to Vladivostok. In Vladivostok, they immediately started their teaching activity in the Far Eastern State University (FESU). VF started learning the fundamentals of lecturership at the Faculty of Physics and Mathematics, where he lectured on the basic courses of *Theoretical Mechanics* (for students in mathematics) and *Methods of Mathematical Physics* (for students in physics) and carried out practical exercises in those courses; he also was a scientific supervisor of term and (later) graduation works in both lines.

In 1964, after the organization of the Faculty of Geophysics in FESU, he transferred to the Department of Oceanography of this Faculty, where he lectured on basic and special courses, such as *Higher Mathematics*, *Hydromechanics*, *Dynamics of Currents*, *Nonlinear Problems of Current Dynamics*, *Theory of Geostrophic Flows*, *Theory of Gravitational Waves*, *Nonstationary Acoustic Waves*. He also led seminars on wave dynamics and dynamics of flows.

It will be observed that VF was a masterly lecturer. His direct or indirect disciples will always remember his splendid lectures. Although the theory of oceanic flows was absolutely new for VF, he, due to his extraordinary capacity for work and the ability to see the essence of problems, very quickly learned the basic works in this field and prepared a course of lectures, forming the basis for teaching this discipline. Several years later, he published an excellent textbook [449], in which he generalized all results of the theory of stationary flows in the ocean available by that time. All books went like hot cakes. Not only students and postgraduates, but also many experts in oceanography appreciated the basic character of this work and the exhaustive list of references in the field. Until his last years, VF received requests from his colleagues to send them the book, but, even in his private library, he had only one copy of it. The former disciples of VF, who became professors in universities, used this book as a basis for their lectures to the following generations of students in oceanography. Large teaching activity in the first years of his work in the university was not an obstacle for VF in his research. From the first days he joined the researches in Marine Physics.



In the early 1960s, a weekly seminar on Marine Physics started working at the Department. For two decades, this seminar was essentially the center of oceanographic studies in Vladivostok. This seminar was attended, in addition to members of the Department, by professors and researchers from other educational and research institutions. VF was a permanent member of this seminar, and he set there a high level of reports and discussions. Even his first publications on the parameterization of vertical turbulent exchange in the ocean and studies of the specific features of subequatorial circulation placed him among the leading theoretical oceanographers in the country.

These studies, supplemented by results in the theory of thermocline, formed the basis for his candidate thesis. He prepared the thesis himself, without a scientific advisor, and, according to the existing requirements, he needed in a special permission of the State Commission for Academic Degrees and Titles to defend it. The Commission gave its approval as an exception, provided the defense should take place with two doctors of science as official opponents (generally, one of the opponents is a candidate of science). The official opponents were the well-known oceanographers A.I. Fel'zenbaum and A.S. Sarkisyan, who appreciated the merits of VF very high.

Soon after the defense of his thesis, VF transferred into the Pacific Oceanological Institute, Far East Branch, USSR Academy of Sciences (POI FEB RAS), as a senior researcher in the Laboratory of Thermal Processes and Marine Dynamics. From 1970 to 1974, VF was working at this institute, keeping close contacts with the university, where he lectured several courses and supervised the graduation works of students from the Departments of Oceanography and Computational Mathematics.

The main scientific interests of those years are represented by works aimed to develop mathematically grounded diagnostic calculations of oceanic flows and a concept of integral quasi-geostrophic models reflecting the important properties of three-dimensional models. The paper [450] on the mutual adaptation of the mass and current fields to the bottom topography, in my opinion, is among the brilliant works of VF. The classes of partial analytical solutions of simplified nonlinear equations of ocean dynamics are still most complete. He suggested in this work carrying out a detailed typification of the World Ocean areas by analyzing the contribution of individual terms of the considered equations. Unfortunately, the evaluation of these contributions based on real oceanographic data was never implemented. No doubt, this is an omission of practical oceanographers.

In 1974, the primary employment of VF again became FESU, though now it was the Department of Computational Mathematics, Faculty of Mathematics. At this department, VF prepared an ingenious author's course *Computing Techniques* for students specializing in *Applied Mathematics* and introduced a new area of expertise *Application of Numerical Methods in Oceanography*. He delivered lectures on several special courses for students in this field: *Perturbation Methods in Applied Mathematics*, *Numerical Solution of Problems in Ocean Dynamics*, *Methods for Fluid Oscillations Calculation*, etc. During the 5 years of his work with this department, he "set on their feet" many skilled experts in the application of numerical methods and computation engineering.

Following the principle: “the researcher should change something in his interest every five years”, VF again accepted an invitation to transfer to POI FEB RAS. This decision was partially due to the appearance in POI of Valeriy Isaakovich Klyatskin, who transferred from Moscow to Vladivostok for permanent work. VF very much disliked any administrative activity, so he readily agreed to take a position of senior researcher in the Laboratory of Wave Processes, created by V.I. Klyatskin. Later on, when, during POI restructuring, the Laboratory of Wave Processes became a division with the same name, VF had to agree to lead the Laboratory of Geophysical Hydrodynamics created in the division and consisting of his disciples.

A unique feature of VF as a scientist is that, since his graduation from MSU, he never belonged to any school and formulated himself all the problems for his research work. No doubt, he can be regarded as a founder of the Far Eastern Russian School of Geophysical Hydrodynamics. Nowadays, this school is supported by K.V. Koshel and S.V. Prants.

In the 1970s, VF focused on the problem of the effect of bottom topography on oceanic flows. He solved several difficult and elegant problems of vortex structures’ generation by irregularities of the bottom relief and shoreline, including stationary Taylor vortices and leeward Rossby waves [451–454, 481, 483, in particular]. A generalization of these basic results is given in book [456] and in his Doctorate thesis defended in 1984.



Having the “doctoral standing” in fact, VF for a long time avoided starting a routine work of preparing a thesis. As in the case with the position of the Head of Laboratory, he again was compelled to yield to the “situation”: in the course of a cognac-drinking session during the 2nd All-USSR Oceanological Congress (Yalta, 1982), A.S. Sarkisyan and V.I. Klyatskin, succeeded in making VF to give a word of honor to put hand to this task. The thesis was written within 3 months and, after the completion of appropriate procedures, brilliantly defended at the Scientific Council of the Marine Hydrophysical Institute in Sevastopol.

The history of science knows many real-world examples when an interesting idea comes to the minds of several people practically at the same time. VF knew quite well that the 2D movement of fluid particles in a continuous motionless depends only on the boundary configuration of areas with nonzero relative vorticity. He developed a numerical algorithm for calculating flows under such formulation. It was only to charge a student or a postgraduate with writing a computer program and to solve a simple model problem. Several young persons tried to do that but all failed. However, in 1979, the American mathematicians Zabusky, Hughes and Roberts published their famous work on contour dynamics for two-dimensional Euler equations [1006], and implemented the same idea. VF proposed his disciple and then colleague, V.G. Makarov, to put aside his work and to put hand to this problem. Viacheslav wrote the required software package. This software was more efficient and user friendly than the American one (moreover, it enabled a very wide class of generalizations), but, there is nothing to be done, the Zabusky group merited to be pioneers in the creation of the Contour Dynamics Method (CDM).

In 1983, VF published his first work on CDM [455], which was focused on the application of this method to the problems of geophysical hydrodynamics. Two years later, VF gave the first generalization of the method to the case of a continuously stratified medium [457]. In those years, almost all researchers from Vadim Fedorovich's laboratory joined the work aimed to solve numerous problems with the use of this approach [334, 458, 462, 464, 465, 472, 473, 477–480, 484, in particular, and many other papers written after the death of VF]. Anyway, the more than 10-year period of work, associated with the application of CDM and its modifications [459–461] for numerous problems, was extremely fruitful for both VF and his colleagues.

Works [458] and [459–461] are worth special mentioning. In the first paper, VF suggested a general algorithm for constructing asymptotic expansions, what allowed determining of the boundaries of vortex patches for stationary states of translational and rotational types of various vortex structures up to the fourth degree of a small parameter. This paper specifies appropriate expansions for already known states, gives some new solutions, and describes an exhaustive procedure for their construction. The second series of papers gives an expansion of the well-known problem of elliptic Kirchhoff vortex to the case with the involvement effect taken into account. Both papers are examples of qualitatively new generalizations of classical results.

In the next 5 years of his scientific life, VF was interested in the problem of construction of background flows. The concept, he formulated in [463], was developed up to its implementation both for model cases [466], and for natural water bodies (the seas of Okhotsk and Japan) [474–476].¹ The background flows determine the base state of horizontally uniform and steady-state distribution of potential vorticity, which provides a global minimum of mechanical energy for some

¹Currently, research in this direction is developed by V.V. Novotryasov and D.V. Stepanov in POI FEB RAS.

area with given geometry of its boundary and bottom topography. The possible mass exchange at the boundary is taken into account. Thus, the specified background state of the system allows one to uniquely determine a flow field that is dynamically consistent with the field of relative or potential vorticity.

This concept turned out to be surprisingly fruitful in studies of many phenomena taking place in the ocean and associated with chaotic mixing of fluid particles, e.g., the diffusion of a conservative admixture. The interest VF showed to chaotic dynamics was due to his desire to understand the nature of diffusion of vortex filaments, separating from vortices and clearly traceable in CDM-based calculations. These filaments form every time when an initially compact vortex moves either in a shear flow, or it decays because of its own instability, or, finally, when two (or more) vortices with the same sign are close enough to one another. Problems of chaotic dynamics of flows in different areas [380–382, 467, 468, 470, 471] were the last object of VF's scientific interest.

For publication, VF preferred the journal "Izvestiya, Atmosphere and Ocean Physics"; 37 his papers got out there. The sympathy was mutual: the editorial board of the journal published their tributes on the occasions of VF's 60th and 70th anniversaries.



Since 1997 until his last days, VF in cooperation with S.V. Prants guided a permanent seminar on nonlinear dynamics in POI. As in the case with oceanographic seminars in FESU, researchers from many allied institutions gathered at its meetings, and they still do this. At this seminar, all the results obtained by VF in the field of chaotic dynamics were also discussed.

VF's devotion to books should also be mentioned. Since his studentship, he started forming his scientific library. Later, because of the evident lack of place in the bookshelves in his home library, VF introduced a rule, according to which his

bookshelves were to contain no more than 2,000 the most necessary books. Other books (after thorough choice) would be transferred to his office in the institute. The library of POI still contains a splendid Vadim Fedorovich's contribution, including copies of papers and books on different fields of oceanology. He paid special attention to journal publications In abstract journals and, recently, in the Internet he traced new studies in the fields of interest for him.

During the years of his active work, VF collected several tens of thousands of preprints and copies of papers. Many colleagues addressed him with bibliographic questions and immediately received the required paper from the bowels of his famous bookcases. His collection is unique. Now it is in full disposal of the personnel of Geophysical Hydrodynamic Laboratory, where VF was working until his last days.

VF lived in the central part of Vladivostok and took suburban electric train to reach the institute, situated in the city's suburbs. On his way to the institute, he looked through new journals and preprints of papers delivered by mail. One day in the mid-1980, when we were working on the problem of stability of two-layer vortex, he entered the Laboratory and asked me whether I knew the word "heton". I confessed that this was the first time I heard this word. With a mischievous glint in his eyes, he took from his briefcase a preprint of the new paper by Hogg and Stommel [350], in which this term was introduced. Since then, the "heton" has become an important component of my life, a fact of which this book is a confirmation.

On January 9, 2005, Vadim Fedorovich departed from this life, what decreased the amount of intellect in the world. One can hardly say how many new and fruitful ideas could have been generated by the inquisitive mind of our Teacher, but, unfortunately, the fate gave him too short term. VF was an open man; he always shared his knowledge and experience with all who needed in them.

I was lucky to have had a privilege of practically daily converse with VF during the 20 years of my work in Vladivostok. In one of our numerous informal conversations, I mentioned some of his works that, in my opinion, were of greatest interest (see above) and asked him whether he agreed with my estimate. VF approved my choice and, with his intrinsic sense of humor, he added: "It is brief, but quite sufficient for my epitaph!" All who knew him will remember this wise, life-loving, and witty person.

Acknowledgements I am sincerely grateful to Tatyana Leonidovna Gavrilova for information about Vadim Fedorovich's relatives.

References

1. Abernathey R, Marshall J, Mazloff M, Shuckburgh E (2010) Enhancement of mesoscale eddy stirring at steering levels in the Southern Ocean. *J Phys Oceanogr* 40(1):170–184
2. Abraham ER, Bowen MM (2002) Chaotic stirring by a mesoscale surface-ocean flow. *Chaos* 12(2):373–381
3. Abrashkin AA (1987) Theory of interaction between two plane vortices in a perfect fluid. *Fluid Dyn* 22(1):53–59
4. Abrashkin AA, Yakubovich EI (1984) Planar rotational flows of an ideal fluid. *Sov Phys Dokl* 29(5):370–371
5. Adcock ST, Marshall DP (2000) Interactions between geostrophic eddies and the mean circulation over large-scale bottom topography. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(12):3223–3238
6. Adcroft A, Hill C, Marshall J (1997) Representation of topography by shaved cells in a height coordinate ocean mode. *Mon Weather Rev* 125(9):2293–2315
7. Adduce C, Cenedese C (2004) An experimental study of a mesoscale vortex colliding with topography of varying geometry in a rotating fluid. *J Mar Res* 62(5):611–638
8. Afanasyev YaD, Peltier WD (1998) Three-dimensional instability of anticyclonic swirling flow in rotating fluid: laboratory experiments and related theoretical predictions. *Phys Fluids* 10(12):3194–3202
9. Aguiar ACB, Read PL, Wordsworth RD, Salter T, Yamazaki YH (2009) A laboratory model of Saturn's North Polar Hexagon. *Icarus* 206(2):755–763
10. Aiki H, Yamagata T (2000) Successive formation of planetary lenses in an intermediate layer. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 92(1):1–29
11. Akhmetov DG (2009) *Vortex rings*. Springer, Berlin/Heidelberg, 150 p
12. Alekseenko SV, Kuibin PA, Okulov VL (2007) *Theory of concentrated vortices*. Springer, Berlin/Heidelberg, 494 pp
13. Aleynik DL (1998) The structure and evolution of a meddy and Azores frontal zone in autumn 1993. *Oceanology* 38:312–322
14. Alford MH, Gregg MC, D'Asaro EA (2005) Mixing, 3D mapping, and Lagrangian evolution of a thermohaline intrusion. *J Phys Oceanogr* 35(9):1689–1711
15. Alford MH, Pinkel R (2000) Observations of overturning in the thermocline: the context of ocean mixing. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(5):805–832
16. Allen JS, Samelson RM, Newberger PA (1991) Chaos in a model of quasigeostrophic flow over topography: an application of Melnikov's method. *J Fluid Mech* 226:511–547
17. Allison M, Godfrey DA, Beebe RF (1990) A wave dynamical interpretation of Saturn's Polar Hexagon. *Science* 247(4946):1061–1063
18. Alves JMR, Carton X, Ambar I (2011) Hydrological structure, circulation and water mass transport in the Gulf of Cadiz. *Int J Geosci* 2(4):432–456

19. Ambar I (1983) A shallow core of Mediterranean water off western Portugal. *Deep-Sea Res* 30(6A):677–680
20. Ambar I, Serra N, Neves F, Ferreira T (2008) Observations of the Mediterranean undercurrent and eddies in the Gulf of Cadiz during 2001. *J Mar Syst* 71:195–220
21. Amoretti M, Dukin D, Fajans J, Pozzoli R, Romé M (2001) Asymmetric vortex merger: experiments and simulations. *Phys Plasmas* 8(9):3865–3868
22. An BW, McDonald NR (2005) Coastal currents and eddies and their interaction with topography. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 40(4):237–253
23. Antipov SV, Nezlin MV, Snezhkin EN, Trubnikov AS (1985) Rossby auto-soliton and laboratory model of Jupiter's Great Red Spot. *Sov Phys JETP* 62:1097–1107
24. Antonova RA, Zhvania BI, Lominadze DG, Nanobashvili DI, Chagelishvili GD, Yan'kov VV (1996) Dynamics of dipole vortices in the interaction with a solid boundary. *Plasma Phys Rep* 22(9):775–782
25. Aref H (1979) Motion of three vortices. *Phys Fluids* 22(3):393–400
26. Aref H (1982) Point vortex motions with a center of symmetry. *Phys Fluids* 25(12):2183–2187
27. Aref H (1983) Integrable, chaos and turbulent vortex motion in two-dimensional flows. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 15:345–389
28. Aref H (1984) Stirring by chaotic advection. *J Fluid Mech* 143:1–21
29. Aref H (1989) Three-vortex motion with zero total circulation: addendum. *J Appl Math Phys (ZAMP)* 40(4):495–500
30. Aref H (2002) The development of chaotic advection. *Phys Fluids* 14(4):1315–1325
31. Aref H (2009) Stability of relative equilibria of three vortices. *Phys Fluids* 21:094101. doi:10.1063/1.3216063
32. Aref H (2010) Self-similar motion of three point vortices. *Phys Fluids* 22:057104. doi:10.1063/1.3425649
33. Aref H, Balachandar S (1986) Chaotic advection in a Stokes flow. *Phys Fluids* 29(11):3515–3521
34. Aref H, Brøns M (1998) On stagnation points and streamline topology in vortex flows. *J Fluid Mech* 370:1–27
35. Aref H, Jones SW, Mofina S, Zawadski I (1989) Vortices, kinematics and chaos. *Phys D* 37(1–3):423–440
36. Aref H, Pomphrey N (1982) Integrable and chaotic motions of four vortices. I. The case of identical vortices. *Proc R Soc Lond A* 380(1779):359–387
37. Aref H, Rott N, Thomann H (1992) Gröbli's solution of the three-vortex problem. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 24:1–20
38. Aref H, Stremmer MA (1999) Four-vortex motion with zero total circulation and impulse. *Phys Fluids* 11(12):3704–3715
39. Arendt SC (1995) Steadily translating vortices in a stratified fluid. *Phys Fluids* 7(2):384–388
40. Arendt SC (1996) Two-dimensional vortex dynamics in a stratified barotropic fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 314:139–161
41. Arhan M, Carton X, Piola A, Zenk W (2002) Deep lenses of circumpolar water in the Argentine Basin. *J Geophys Res* 107(C1):3007. doi:10.1029/2001JC000963
42. Arhan M, Colin de Verdière A, Mémery L (1994) The eastern boundary of the subtropical North Atlantic. *J Phys Oceanogr* 24(6):1295–1316
43. Armi L (1978) Some evidence for boundary mixing in the deep ocean. *J Geophys Res* 83(C4):1971–1979
44. Armi L, Hebert D, Oakey N, Price JF, Richardson PL, Rossby HT, Ruddick B (1989) Two year in the life of a Mediterranean salt lens. *J Phys Oceanogr* 19(3):354–370
45. Armi L, Stommel H (1983) Four views of a portion of the North Atlantic subtropical gyre. *J Phys Oceanogr* 13(5):828–857
46. Armi L, Zenk W (1984) Large lenses of highly saline Mediterranean water. *J Phys Oceanogr* 14(10):1560–1576

47. Arnold VI (1965) Conditions for nonlinear stability of stationary plane curvilinear flows of an ideal fluid. *Sov Math Dokl* 6:773–777
48. Arnold VI (1969) On an a priori estimate in the theory of hydrodynamical stability. *Am Math Soc Transl* 79:267–269
49. Babiano A, Boffetta G, Provenzale A, Vulpiani A (1994) Chaotic advection in point vortex models and two-dimensional turbulence. *Phys Fluids* 6(7):2465–2474
50. Badin G, Tandon A, Mahadevan A (2011) Lateral mixing in the pycnocline by baroclinic mixed layer eddies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 41(11):2080–2101
51. Baey J-M, Carton X (2002) Vortex multipoles in two-layer rotating shallow-water flow. *J Fluid Mech* 460:151–175
52. Baines PG (1997) *Topographic effects in stratified flows*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 500 pp
53. Baines PG, Boyer DL, Xie B (2005) Laboratory simulations of coastally trapped waves with rotation, topography and stratification. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 39(3–4):153–173
54. Baines PG, Smith RB (1993) Upstream stagnation points in stratified flow past obstacles. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 18(1–2):105–113
55. Balasuriya S, Jones CKRT (2001) Diffusive draining and growth of eddies. *Nonlinear Process Geophysics* 8(4/5):241–251
56. Baker GR (1990) A study of the numerical stability of the method of contour dynamic. *Phil Trans R Soc* 333(1931):391–400
57. Baker-Yeboah S, Flierl GR, Sutyrin GG, Zhang Y (2010) Transformation of an Agulhas eddy near the continental slope. *Ocean Sci* 6:143–159. <http://dx.doi.org/10.5194/os-6-143-2010>
58. Barba LA, Leonard A (2007) Emergence and evolution of tripole vortices from net-circulation initial conditions. *Phys Fluids* 19(1):017101. doi:10.1063/1.2409734
59. Barbosa JP, Métais O (2000) Large-eddy simulations of deep-ocean convection: analysis of the vorticity dynamics. *J Turbul* 1(009):1–31
60. Baringer MO, Price JF (1997) Mixing and spreading of the Mediterranean outflow. *J Phys Oceanogr* 27(8):1654–1677
61. Barker SJ, Crow SC (1977) The motion of two-dimensional vortex pairs in a ground effect. *J Fluid Mech* 82(4):659–671
62. Barnier B, Le Provost C (1993) Influence of bottom topography roughness on the jet and inertial recirculation of a mid-latitude gyre. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 18(1–2):29–65
63. Basdevant C, Couder Y, Sadourny R (1984) Vortices and vortex-couples in two-dimensional turbulence, or long-lived couples are Batchelor's couples. *Lect Notes Phys* 230:327–346
64. Bashmachnikov I, Carton X (2012) Surface signature of Mediterranean water eddies in the North-East Atlantic: effect of the upper ocean stratification. *Ocean Sci* 8:931–943. doi:10.5194/os-8-931-2012. doi:10.5194/osd-9-2457-2012
65. Bashmachnikov I, Mohn C, Pelegrí JL, Martins A, Jose F, Machí F, White M (2009) Interaction of Mediterranean water eddies with Sedlo and Seine Seamounts, subtropical Northeast Atlantic. *Deep-Sea Res II* 56(25):2593–2605
66. Batchelor GK (1967) *An introduction to fluid mechanics*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
67. Batteen ML, Martinho AS, Miller HA, McClean JL (2007) A process-oriented modelling study of the coastal Canary and Iberian Current system. *Ocean Model* 18(1):1–36
68. Bauer L, Morikawa GK (1976) Stability of rectilinear geostrophic vortices in stationary equilibrium. *Phys Fluids* 19(7):929–942
69. Beal LM, Chereskin TK, Lenn YD, Elipot S (2006) The sources and mixing characteristics of the Agulhas Current. *J Phys Oceanogr* 36(11):2060–2074
70. Beckers M, Clercx HJH, van Heijsts GJF, Verzicco R (2002) Evolution and instability of monopolar vortices in a stratified fluid. *Phys Fluids* 15(4):1033–1045
71. Beckers M, van Heijst GJF (1998) The observation of a triangular vortex in a rotating fluid. *Fluid Dyn Res* 22(5):265–279

72. Beckmann A, Haidvogel DB (1993) Numerical simulation of flow around a tall isolated seamount. Part 1. Problem formulation and model accuracy. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(8):1736–1753
73. Beckmann A, Haidvogel DB (1997) A numerical simulation of flow at Fieberling Guyot. *J Geophys Res* 102(C3):5595–5613
74. Beerens SP, Ridderinkhof H, Zimmerman JFE (1994) An analytical study of chaotic stirring in tidal areas. *Chaos Solit Fract* 4(6):1011–1029
75. Belkin IM, Emelyanov MV, Kostyanoy AG, Fedorov KN (1986) Thermohaline structure of intermediate waters of the ocean and intrathermocline eddies. In: Fedorov KN (ed) *Intrathermocline eddies in the ocean*. P.P. Shirshov Institute of Oceanology, Moscow, pp 8–34 (in Russian)
76. Belkin IM, Kostyanoy AG (1992) Intrathermocline eddies in the World ocean and their regional peculiarities. In: Barenblatt GI, Seidov DG, Sutyryn GG (eds) *Coherent structures and self-organisation of currents in the ocean*. Nauka, Moscow, pp 112–127 (in Russian)
77. Benilov ES (2000) The dynamics of a near-surface vortex in a two-layer ocean on the beta-plane. *J Fluid Mech* 420:277–299
78. Benilov ES (2001) Baroclinic instability of two-layer flows over one-dimensional bottom topography. *J Phys Oceanogr* 31(8):2019–2025
79. Benilov ES (2003) Instability of quasi-geostrophic vortices in a two-layer ocean with a thin upper layer. *J Fluid Mech* 475:303–331
80. Benilov ES (2005) Stability of a two-layer quasigeostrophic vortex over axisymmetric localized topography. *J Phys Oceanogr* 35(1):2019–2025
81. Benilov ES (2005) On the stability of oceanic vortices: a solution to the problem? *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 40(3):133–149
82. Bennett A (2006) *Lagrangian fluid dynamics*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 310 pp
83. Berestov AL (1979) Solitary Rossby waves. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 15:443–447
84. Berestov AL (1981) Some new solutions for the Rossby solitons. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 17:82–87
85. Berestov AL (1985) Dispersion relationships for the Rossby solitons. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 21:332–334
86. Berestov AL, Monin AS (1980) Solitary Rossby waves. *Adv Mech* 3:3–34
87. Birkhoff G (1960) *Hydrodynamics. A study in logic, fact, and similitude*. 2nd edn. revised and enlarged. Princeton University Press, Princeton, 184 pp
88. Billant P, Chomaz J-M (2000) Experimental evidence for a new instability of a vertical columnar vortex pair in a strongly stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 418:167–188
89. Blackmore D, Ting L, Knio O (2007) Studies of perturbed three vortex dynamics. *J Math Phys*. doi:10.1063/1.2428272
90. Bogomolov VA (1977) Vorticity dynamics on a sphere. *Fluid Dyn* 6(6):863–870
91. Bogomolov VA (1985) On motion on a rotating sphere. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 21:391–396
92. Bograd SJ, Rabinovich AB, LeBlond PH, Shore JA (1997) Observations of seamount-attached eddies in the North Pacific. *J Geophys Res* 102(C6):12441–12456
93. Bolsinov AV, Fomenko AT (1995) Orbital equivalence of integrable Hamiltonian systems with two degrees of freedom. A classification theorem. I. *Sbornik: Mathematics* 81(2):421–466
94. Bord EG (2006) On the nonlinear disturbances of vortex polygon. *Russ Sci J Nonlinear Dyn* 2(3):353–360 (in Russian)
95. Borenäs KM, Wåhlin AK, Ambar I, Serra N (2002) The Mediterranean outflow splitting—a comparison between theoretical models and CANIGO data. *Deep-Sea Res II* 49(19):4195–4205
96. Borth H (1999) *Von Kármánsche Wirbelstraßen und barokline Jetströme in einem 2-Schichten Kanal auf der beta-Ebene*. PhD thesis, University of Bremen, Germany, 1999 AWI Rep. 96, 147 pp

97. Borisov AV, Bolsinov AV, Mamaev IS (1999) Lie algebras in vortex dynamics and celestial mechanics: 4. Regul Chaotic Dyn 4(1):23–50
98. Borisov AV, Lebedev VG (1998) Dynamics of three vortices on a plane and a sphere: 2. General compact case. Regul Chaotic Dyn 3(2):99–114
99. Borisov AV, Lebedev VG (1998) Dynamics of three vortices on a plane and a sphere: 3. Noncompact case. Problem of collapse and scattering. Regul Chaotic Dyn 3(4):74–86
100. Borisov AV, Kilin AA, Mamaev IS (2005) Absolute and relative choreographies in the problem of the motion of point vortices in a plane. Dokl Math 71(1):139–144
101. Borisov AV, Kilin AA, Mamaev IS (2006) Transition to chaos in dynamics of four point vortices on a plane. Dokl Phys 51(5):262–267
102. Borisov AV, Mamaev IS (1999) Poisson structures and Lie algebras in the Hamiltonian mechanics. Publisher House Udmurt University, Izhevsk, 464 pp (in Russian)
103. Borisov AV, Mamaev IS (2005) Mathematical methods in the dynamics of vortex structures. Institute of Computer Sciences, Moscow–Izhevsk, 368 pp (in Russian)
104. Borisov AV, Mamaev IS, Kilin AA (2004) Absolute and relative choreographies in the problem of point vortices moving on a plane. Regul Chaotic Dyn 9(2):101–111
105. Borisov AV, Pavlov AE (1998) Dynamics and statics of vortices on a plane and a sphere: 1. Regul Chaotic Dyn 3(1):28–39
106. Bower AS (1991) A simple kinematic mechanism for mixing fluid parcels across a meandering jet. J Phys Oceanogr 21(1):173–182
107. Bower AS, Armi L, Ambar I (1995) Direct evidence of the meddy formation off southwestern coast of Portugal. Deep-Sea Res 42:1621–1630
108. Bower AS, Armi L, Ambar I (1997) Lagrangian observations of meddy formation during a Mediterranean Undercurrent Seeding Experiment. J Phys Oceanogr 27(12):2545–2575
109. Bower AS, Rossby T (1989) Evidence of cross-frontal exchange processes in the Gulf Stream based on isopycnal RAFOS float data. J Phys Oceanogr 19(6):1177–1190
110. Bower AS, Rossby HT, Lillibridge JL (1985) The Gulf Stream—barrier or blender? J Phys Oceanogr 15(1):24–32
111. Bower AS, Serra N, Ambar I (2002) Structure of the Mediterranean undercurrent and Mediterranean water spreading around the southwestern Iberian Peninsula. J Geophys Res 107(C10):3161. doi:10.1029/2001JC001007
112. Boyer DL, Davies PA (2000) Laboratory studies of orographic effects in rotating and stratified flows. Annu Rev Fluid Mech 32:165–202
113. Boyland P, Stremmer M, Aref H (2003) Topological fluid mechanics of point vortex motions. Phys D 175(1–2):69–95
114. Bracco A, Pedlosky J (2003) Vortex generation by topography in locally unstable baroclinic flows. J Phys Oceanogr 33(1):207–219
115. Bracco A, Pedlosky J, Pickart RS (2008) Eddy formation near the West Coast of Greenland. J Phys Oceanogr 38(9):1992–2002
116. Bracco A, Provenzali A, Scheuring I (2000) Mesoscale vortices and the paradox of the plancton. Proc R Soc Lond B 267:1795–1800
117. Brandt LK, Cichocki TK, Nomura KK (2010) Asymmetric vortex merger: mechanism and criterion. Theor Comput Fluid Dyn 24:163–167
118. Brandt LK, Nomura KK (2006) The physics of vortex merger: further insight. Phys Fluids 18:051701. doi:10.1063/1.2201474
119. Brickman D (1995) Heat flux partitioning in deep-ocean convection. J Phys Oceanogr 25(11), part 1:2609–2623
120. Brown MG (1990) Are SOFAR float trajectories chaotic? J Phys Oceanogr 20(1):139–149
121. Brunner-Suzuki A-MEG, Sundermeyer MA, Lelong M-P (2012) Vortex stability in a large-scale internal wave shear. J Phys Oceanogr 42(10):1668–1683
122. Brutyan MA, Krapivskii PL (1988) Hamiltonian formulation and fundamental conservation laws for a model of small elliptical vortices. J Appl Math Mech 52(1):133–136
123. Bubnov VA (1971) Structure and dynamics of the Mediterranean waters in the Atlantic Ocean. Ocean Res 22:220–286 (in Russian)

124. Budyansky MV, Uleysky MYu, Prants SV (2002) Fractals and dynamic traps in the simplest model of chaotic advection with a topographic vortex. *Dokl Earth Sci* 387(8):929–932
125. Budyansky MV, Uleysky MYu, Prants SV (2004) Chaotic scattering, transport, and fractals in a simple hydrodynamic flow. *J Exp Theor Phys* 99(5):1018–1027
126. Budyansky MV, Uleysky MYu, Prants SV (2004) Hamiltonian fractals and chaotic scattering of passive particles by a topographical vortex and an alternating current. *Phys D* 195(3–4):369–378
127. Budyansky MV, Uleysky MYu, Prants SV (2007) Lagrangian coherent structures, transport and chaotic mixing in simple kinematic ocean models. *Commun Nonlinear Sci Numer Simul* 12(1):31–44
128. Budyansky MV, Uleysky MYu, Prants SV (2009) Detecting barriers to cross-jet Lagrangian transport and its destruction in a meandering flow. *Phys Rev E* 79(5):056215. doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.79.056215
129. Burbea J (1982) On patches of uniform vorticity in a plane of irrotational flow. *Arch Ration Mech Anal* 77:349–358
130. Burbea J (1982) Motions of vortex patches. *Lett Math Phys* 6:1–16
131. Burbea J, Landau M (1982) The Kelvin waves in vortex dynamics and their stability. *J Comput Phys* 45(1):127–156
132. Byshev VI (1992) Properties of an intra-thermocline lens on a subpolar front in the North Atlantic. *Oceanology* 32(4):701–707
133. Cabral HE, Schmidt DS (2000) Stability of relative equilibria in the problem on $N+1$ vortices. *SIAM J Math Anal* 31(2):231–250
134. Capéran P, Verron J (1988) Numerical simulation of a physical experiment on two-dimensional vortex merger. *Fluid Dyn Res* 3(1–4):87–92
135. Carmack EC, Kulikov EA (1998) Wind-forced upwelling and internal Kelvin wave generation in Mackenzie Canyon, Beaufort Sea. *J Geophys Res* 103(C9):18447–18458
136. Carnevale GF, Kloosterziel RC (1994) Emergence and evolution of triangular vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 259:305–331
137. Carnevale GF, Kloosterziel RC, van Heijst GJF (1991) Propagation of barotropic vortices over topography in a rotating tank. *J Fluid Mech* 233:119–139
138. Carnevale GF, Purini R, Orlandi P, Cavazza P (1995) Barotropic quasi-geostrophic f -plane flow over anisotropic topography. *J Fluid Mech* 285:329–347
139. Carnevale GF, Vallis GK, Purini R, Briscolini M (1988) The role of initial conditions in flow stability with an application to modons. *Phys Fluids* 31(9):2567–2572
140. Carnevale GF, Velasco Fuentes OU, Orlandi P (1997) Inviscid dipole-vortex rebound from a wall or coast. *J Fluid Mech* 351:75–103
141. Carr LE III, Williams RT (1989) Barotropic vortex stability to perturbations from axisymmetry. *J Atmos Sci* 46(20):3177–3191
142. Carton XJ (1992) On the merger of shielded vortices. *Europhys Lett* 18(8):697–703
143. Carton XJ (2001) Hydrodynamical modelling of oceanic vortices. *Surv Geophys* 22(3):179–263
144. Carton XJ (2009) Instability of surface quasigeostrophic vortices. *J Atmos Sci* 66(4):1051–1062
145. Carton X, Chérubin L, Paillet J, Morel Y, Serpette A, Le Cann B (2002) Meddy coupling with a deep cyclone in the Gulf of Cadiz. *J Mar Syst* 32(1–3):13–42
146. Carton XJ, Corrêard SM (1999) Baroclinic tripolar vortices: formation and subsequent evolution. In: Sorensen JN, Hopfinger EJ, N Aubry (eds) *Simulation and identification of organized structures in flows: IUTAM/SIMFLOW symposium*. Dordrecht, Kluwer, pp 181–190
147. Carton XJ, Daniault N, Alves J, Chérubin L, Ambar I (2010) Meddy dynamics and interaction with neighboring eddies southwest of Portugal: observations and modeling. *J Geophys Res*. doi:10.1029/2009JC005646

148. Carton XJ, Flierl GR, Perrot X, Meunier T, Sokolovskiy MA (2010) Explosive instability of geostrophic vortices. Part 1: baroclinic instability. *Theor Comput Fluid Dyn* 24(1–4):125–130
149. Carton XJ, Flierl GR, Polvani LM (1989) The generation of tripoles from unstable axisymmetric isolated vortex structures. *Europhys Lett* 9(4):339–344
150. Carton XJ, Legras B (1994) The life-cycle of tripoles in two-dimensional incompressible flows. *J Fluid Mech* 267:51–82
151. Carton XJ, Meunier T, Flierl GR, Perrot X, Sokolovskiy MA (2010) Explosive instability of geostrophic vortices. Part 2: parametric instability. *Theor Comput Fluid Dyn* 24(1–4):131–135
152. Carton XJ, McWilliams JC (1989) Barotropic and baroclinic instabilities of axisymmetric vortices in a quasigeostrophic model. In: Nihoul JCJ, Jamart BM (eds) *Mesoscale/synoptic coherent structures in geophysical turbulence*. Amsterdam/Oxford/New York/Tokyo, Elsevier, pp 225–244
153. Cartwright JHE, Feingold M, Piro O (1996) Chaotic advection in three-dimensional unsteady incompressible laminar flow. *J Fluid Mech* 366:259–284
154. Cenedese C (2002) Laboratory experiments on mesoscale vortices colliding with a seamount. *J Geophys Res* 107(C6). doi:10.1029/2000JC000599
155. Cenedese C, Linden PF (1999) Cyclone and anticyclone formation in a rotating stratified fluid over a sloping bottom. *J Fluid Mech* 381:199–223
156. Cenedese C, Marshall J, Whitehead JA (2004) A laboratory model of thermocline depth and exchange fluxes across circumpolar fronts. *J Phys Oceanogr* 34(3):656–667
157. Cenedese C, Whitehead JA (2000) Eddy-shedding from a boundary current around a cape over a sloping bottom. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(7):1514–1531
158. Cerretelli C, Williamson CHK (2003) The physical mechanism for vortex merging. *J Fluid Mech* 475:41–77
159. Cerretelli C, Williamson CHK (2003) A new family of uniform vortices relating to vortex configurations before merging. *J Fluid Mech* 493:219–229
160. Cessi P, Ierley G, Young W (1987) A model of the inertial recirculation driven by potential vorticity anomalies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(10):1640–1652
161. Cessi P, Young WR, Polton JA (2006) Control of large-scale heat transport by small-scale mixing. *J Phys Oceanogr* 36(10):1877–1896
162. Chao S-Y, Shaw P-T (1999) Close interactions between two pairs of heton-like vortices under sea ice. *J Geophys Res* 104(C10):23591–23605
163. Chao S-Y, Shaw P-T (1999) Fission of heton-like vortices under sea ice. *J Oceanogr* 55(1):65–78
164. Chao S-Y, Shaw P-T (2000) Slope-enhanced fission of salty hetons under sea ice. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(11):2866–2882
165. Chao S-Y, Shaw P-T (2003) Heton shedding from submarine-canyon plumes in an Arctic boundary current system: sensitivity to the undercurrent. *J Phys Oceanogr* 33(9):2032–2044
166. Chaplygin SA (1899) On a pulsating cylindrical vortex. *Trans Phys Sect Imp Mosc Soc Friends Nat Sci* 10:13–22 (in Russian). English translation in: *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 2007, 12(1):101–116
167. Chaplygin SA (1903) One case of vortex motion in fluid. *Trans Phys Sect Imp Mosc Soc Friends Nat Sci* 11(2):11–12 (in Russian)
168. Charlton AJ, O’Neil A, Lahoz WA, Berrisford P (2005) The splitting of the stratospheric polar vortex in the Southern Hemisphere, September 2002: dynamical evolution. *J Atmos Sci* 62(3):590–602
169. Charney JG (1963) Numerical experiments in atmospheric hydrodynamics. In: Metropolis NC, Taub AH, Todd J, Tompkins CB (eds) *Proceedings of symposia in applied mathematics “Experimental arithmetic high speed computing and mathematics”*. Am Math Soc 15:289–310
170. Chefranov SG (2001) Centrifugal-dissipative instability of Rossby vortices and their cyclonic-anticyclonic asymmetry. *J Exp Theor Phys Lett* 73(6):274–278

171. Chen LG, Dewar WK (1993) Intergyre communication in a three-layer model. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(5):855–878
172. Chenciner A, Gerver J, Montgomery R, Simó C (2002) Simple choreographic motions of N bodies: a preliminary study. In: Newton P, Holmes P, Weinstein A (eds) *Geometry, mechanics, and dynamics: volume in honor of the 60th birthday of J.E. Marsden, part III*. Springer, New York, pp 287–308
173. Chernyshenko SI (1988) The asymptotic form of the stationary separated circumfluence of a body at high Reynolds numbers. *J Appl Math Mech* 52(6):746–753
174. Chernyshenko S (1993) Stratified Sadovskii flow in a channel. *J Fluid Mech* 250:423–431
175. Chérubin LM, Carton X, Dritschel DG (2007) Vortex dipole formation by baroclinic instability of boundary currents. *J Phys Oceanogr* 37(6):1661–1667
176. Chérubin LM, Carton X, Paillet J, Morel Y, Serpette A (2000) Instability of the Mediterranean water undercurrents southwest of Portugal: effects of baroclinicity and topography. *Oceanol Acta* 23(5):551–573
177. Chérubin LM, Morel Y, Chassignet EP (2006) Loop current ring shedding: the formation of cyclones and the effect of topography. *J Phys Oceanogr* 36(4):569–591
178. Chérubin L, Serpette A, Carton X, Paillet J, Connan O, Morin P, Rousselet R, Le Cann B, Le Corre P, Labasque T, Corman D, Poete N (1977) Descriptive analysis of the hydrology and currents on the Iberian shelf from Gibraltar to cape Finisterre: preliminary results of the INTERAFOS and SEMANE experiments. *Ann Hydrogr* 21(768):5–81
179. Chirikov BV (1979) A universal instability of many-dimensional oscillator systems. *Phys Rep* 52(5):263–379
180. Christiansen JP, Zabusky NJ (1973) Instability, coalescence and fission of finite-area vortex structures. *J Fluid Mech* 61(part 2):219–243
181. Corréard SM, Carton XJ (1999) Formation and stability of tripolar vortices in stratified geostrophic flows. *Il Nuovo Cim* 22C(6):767–777
182. Couder Y, Basdevant C (1986) Experimental and numerical study of vortex couples in two-dimensional flows. *J Fluid Mech* 173:225–251
183. Cresswell GR (1982) The coalescence of two East Australian Current warm-core eddies. *Science* 215(4529):161–164
184. Crow SC (1970) Stability theory for a pair of trailing vortices. *AIAA J* 8(12):2172–2179
185. Crowdy DG (1999) A class of exact multipolar vortices. *Phys Fluids* 11(9):2556–2564
186. Crowdy DG (2002) The construction of exact multipolar equilibria of the two-dimensional Euler equations. *Phys Fluids* 14(1):257–267
187. Crowdy D (2002) Exact solutions for rotating vortex arrays with finite-area cores. *J Fluid Mech* 469:209–235
188. Crowdy D (2004) Explicit solutions for a steady vortex-wave interaction. *J Fluid Mech* 513:161–170
189. Crowdy D, Duchemin L (2005) The effect of solid boundaries on pore shrinkage in Stokes flow. *J Fluid Mech* 531:359–379
190. Crowdy D, Marshall J (2005) Analytical solutions for rotating vortex arrays involving multiple vortex patches. *J Fluid Mech* 523:307–337
191. Crowdy D, Sunara A (2007) Contour dynamics in complex domains. *J Fluid Mech* 593:235–254
192. Crowdy D, Tanveer S, Vasconcelos G (2005) On a pair of interacting bubbles in planar Stokes flow. *J Fluid Mech* 541:231–261
193. Cushman-Roisin B (1989) On the role of filamentation in the merging of anticyclonic lenses. *J Phys Oceanogr* 19(2):253–258
194. Cushman-Roisin B (1994) *Introduction to geophysical fluid dynamics*. Prentice Hall, New York, 320 pp
195. Cushman-Roisin B (1995) Effects of horizontal advection on upper ocean mixing: a case of frontogenesis. *J Phys Oceanogr* 11(10):1345–1356

196. Cushman-Roisin B, Beckers J-M (2011) Introduction to geophysical fluid dynamics. Physical and numerical aspects, 2nd edn. Academic Press, Elsevier Inc., Amsterdam/Boston/Heidelberg/London/New York/Oxford/Paris/San Diego/San Francisco/Singapore/Sydney/Tokyo, 828 pp
197. Cushman-Roisin B, Sutyryn GG, Tang B (1992) Two-layer geostrophic dynamics: 1. Governing equations. *J Phys Oceanogr* 22(2):117–127
198. Danabasoglu G, McWilliams JC, Gent PR (1994) The role of mesoscale tracer transports in the global ocean circulation. *Science* 264(5162):1123–1126
199. Danilov S, Gryanik V, Olbers D (1998) Equilibration and lateral spreading of a strip-shaped convection region. In: Alfred-Wegener-Institut für Polar- und Meeresforschung, Report 86, 66 pp
200. Danilov S, Gryanik V, Olbers D (2001) Equilibration and lateral spreading of a strip-shaped convection region. *J Phys Oceanogr* 31(4):1075–1087
201. Darnitskiy VB (2010) Oceanological processes near underwater mountains and ridges of open ocean. Vladivostok, FSUE “TINRO-Center”, 200 pp (in Russian)
202. Davey MK (1977) Baroclinic instability in a fluid with three layers. *J Atmos Sci* 34(8):1224–1234
203. Davey MK (1978) Recycling flow over bottom topography in a rotating annulus. *J Fluid Mech* 87(3):497–520
204. Davey MK, Hurst RGA, Johnson ER (1993) Topographic eddies in multilayer flow. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 18(1–2):1–27
205. Davies I, Truman A, Williams D (1983) Classical periodic solutions of the equal-mass $2n$ -body problem, b -ion problem and the n -electron problem. *Phys Lett* 99A(1):15–18
206. Davies PA (1972) Experiments on Taylor columns in rotating stratified fluids. *J Fluid Mech* 54(4):691–717
207. Davies PA, Guo Y, Rotenberg E (2001) Laboratory model studies of Mediterranean outflow adjustment in the Gulf of Cadiz. *Deep-Sea Res Part II* 49(19):4207–4223
208. Davies PA, Rahm L (1982) The interaction between topography and a nonlinearly stratified rotating fluid. *Phys Fluids* 25(11):1931–1934
209. Davies TV (1948) Rotatory flow on the surface of the earth. Part I. Cyclostrophic motion. *Philos Mag Ser 7* 39(293):482–491
210. Deem GS, Zabusky NJ (1978) Vortex waves: stationary ‘V-states’, interactions, recurrence, and breaking. *Phys Rev Lett* 40(13):859–862
211. De-Hai L (1994) Quasi-resonant interactions among barotropic Rossby waves with two-wave topography and low frequency dynamics. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 76(1–4):145–163
212. De-Hai L, Yan L (2001) Dynamics of meddies interacted with a seamount in a 1.5 layer model. *J Hydrodyn Ser B* 3:93–99
213. del-Castillo-Negrete D, Greene JM, Morrison PJ (1996) Area preserving nontwist maps: periodic orbits and transition to chaos. *Phys D* 91(1–2):1–23
214. del-Castillo-Negrete D, Morrison PJ (1993) Chaotic transport by Rossby waves in shear flow. *Phys Fluids A* 5(4):948–965
215. de Verdiere AC (1992) On the southward motion of Mediterranean salt lenses. *J Phys Oceanogr* 22(4):413–420
216. Dewar WK (1988) Ventilating beta plane lenses. *J Phys Oceanogr* 18(8):1193–1201
217. Dewar WK (2002) Convection in small basins. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(10):2766–2788
218. Dewar WK (2002) Baroclinic eddy interaction with isolated topography. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(10):2789–2805
219. Dhanak MR, Marshall MP (1993) Motion of an elliptic vortex under applied periodic strain. *Phys Fluids A* 5(5):1224–1230
220. DiBattista MT, Majda AJ (2000) An equilibrium statistical theory for large-scale features of open-ocean deep convection. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(6):1325–1353
221. DiBattista MT, Majda AJ (2001) Equilibrium statistical predictions for baroclinic vortices: the role of angular momentum. *Theor Comput Fluid Dyn* 14(5):293–322

222. DiBattista MT, Majda AJ, Marshall A (2002) A statistical theory for the “pathiness” of open-ocean deep convection: the effect of preconditioning. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(2):599–626
223. Dijkstra HA (2005) Nonlinear physical oceanography: a dynamical systems approach to the large scale ocean circulation and El Niño, 2nd revised and enlarged edn. Springer Science+Business media, New York, 532 p
224. Dikarev SN (1992) Deep convection—the process of deep water formation in the open sea. In: Barenblatt GI, Seidov DG, Sutyurin GG (eds) Coherent structures and self-organisation of currents in the ocean. Nauka, Moscow, pp 145–155 (in Russian)
225. Dolzhanskii FV, Krymov VA, Manin DYu (1990) Stability and vortex structures of quasi-two-dimensional shear flows. *Phys Usp (Adv Phys Sci)* 33(7):495–520
226. Doronina TN (1994) On the structure of an intense baroclinic vortex in three-dimensional shearing motions. *Dokl (Trans) RAS Earth Sci Sect* 339(4):528–532
227. Doronina TN (1995) The structure of circulation cells in intense baroclinic vortices in a current with a velocity shift and the advective transport of a solute. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 31(2):223–232
228. Doronina TN (1997) Interaction of baroclinic point vortices in quasi-geostrophic barotropic and baroclinic shearing flows. *Oceanology* 37(4):454–460
229. Doronina T, Gryanik V, Olbers D, Warncke T (1998) A 3D heton mechanism of lateral spreading in localized convection in a rotating stratified fluid. Alfred-Wegener-Institut für Polar- und Meeresforschung, Report 87, 84 pp
230. Drillet Y, Bourdallé-Badie R, Siefridt L, Le Provost C (2005) Meddies in the Mercator North Atlantic and Mediterranean Sea eddy-resolving model. *J Geophys Res* 110:C03016. doi:10.1029/2003JC002170
231. Dritschel DG (1985) The stability and energetics of corotating uniform vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 157:95–134
232. Dritschel DG (1986) The nonlinear evolution of rotating configurations of uniform vorticity. *J Fluid Mech* 172:157–182
233. Dritschel DG (1988) Contour surgery: a topological reconnection scheme for extended integrations using contour dynamics. *J Comput Phys* 77(1):240–266
234. Dritschel DG (1988) The repeated filamentation of two-dimensional vorticity interfaces. *J Fluid Mech* 194:511–547
235. Dritschel DG (1989) On the stabilization of a two-dimensional vortex strip by adverse shear. *J Fluid Mech* 206:193–221
236. Dritschel DG (1990) The stability of elliptical vortices in an external straining flow. *J Fluid Mech* 210:223–261
237. Dritschel DG (1995) A general theory for two-dimensional vortex interactions. *J Fluid Mech* 293:269–303
238. Dritschel DG (1998) On the persistence of non-axisymmetric vortices in inviscid two-dimensional flows. *J Fluid Mech* 371:141–155
239. Dritschel D, Legras B (1998) Modeling oceanic and atmospheric vortices. *Phys Today* 46(3):44–51
240. Dritschel DG, Waugh DW (1992) Quantification of the inelastic interaction of unequal vortices in two-dimensional vortex dynamics. *Phys Fluids A* 4(8):1737–1744
241. Eckart C (1948) An analysis of the stirring and mixing processes in incompressible fluid. *J Mar Res* 7(3):265–275
242. Eckart C (1960) Hydrodynamics of oceans and atmospheres. Pergamon Press, New York, 290 pp
243. Eckhardt B (1988) Integrable four vortex motion. *Phys Fluids* 31(10):2796–2801
244. Eckhardt B, Aref H (1988) Integrable and chaotic motions of four vortices. 2. Collision dynamics of vortex pairs. *Phil Trans R Soc Lond A* 326(1593):655–696
245. Eden C, Böning C (2002) Sources of eddy kinetic energy in the Labrador Sea. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(12):3346–3363
246. Eisenlohr H, Eckelmann H (1989) Vortex splitting and its consequences in the vortex street wake of cylinders at low Reynolds number. *Phys Fluids A* 1(2):189–192

247. Elcrat AR, Fornberg B, Horn M, Miller K (2000) Some steady vortex flows past a circular cylinder. *J Fluid Mech* 409:13–27
248. Elcrat AR, Fornberg B, Miller K (2005) Stability of vortices in equilibrium with a cylinder. *J Fluid Mech* 544:53–68
249. Elcrat AR, Miller KG (1989) Computation of vortex flows past obstacles with circulation. *Phys D* 37(1–3):441–452
250. Emelianov M, Claret M, Fraile-Nuez E, Pastor M, Laiz I, Salvador J, Pelegrí JL, Turiel A (2012) Detection of a weak meddy-like anomaly from high-resolution satellite SST maps. In: Espino M, Font J, Pelegrí JL, Sánchez-Arcilla A (eds) *Advances in Spanish Physical Oceanography*. *Sci Mar* 76S1:229–234. doi:10.3989/scimar.03619.19I
251. Estrade P, Middleton JH (2010) A numerical study of island wake generated by an elliptical tidal flow. *Cont Shelf Res* 30(9):1120–1135
252. Fang F, Morrow R (2003) Evolution, movement and decay of warm-core Leeuwin Current eddies. *Deep Sea Res Part II* 50(12–13):2245–2261
253. Fedorov KN (ed) (1986) *Intrathermocline eddies in the ocean*. PP. Shirshov Institute of Oceanology, Moscow 142 pp (in Russian)
254. Fedorov KN (1986) Intrathermocline eddies—a specific type of oceanic eddies with a core. In: *Intrathermocline eddies in the ocean*. P.P. Shirshov Institute of Oceanology, Moscow, pp 5–7 (in Russian)
255. Fedorov KN, Ginzburg AI (1992) The near-surface layer of the ocean. VSP. III, Utrecht/Tokyo, 259 pp
256. Fedorov KN, Ginzburg AI (1989) Mushroom-like currents (vortex dipoles): one of the most widespread forms of stationary coherent motions in the ocean. In: Nihoul JCJ, Jamart BM (eds) *Mesoscale/synoptic coherent structures in geophysical turbulence*. Elsevier, Amsterdam/Oxford/New York/Tokyo, pp 1–14
257. Filyushkin BN (1989) Investigation of intrathermocline lenses of Mediterranean origin (Cruise 16 of R/V “Vityaz”, June 3–September 16, 1988). *Oceanology* 29(4):535–536
258. Filyushkin BN, Aleynik DL, Demidov AN, Sarafanov AA, Kozhelupova NG (2007) The peculiarity of the formation and spreading Mediterranean water mass at intermediate depths of the Atlantic Ocean. In: *Waters masses of the oceans and sea*. MAX Press, Moscow, pp 92–129 (in Russian)
259. Filyushkin BN, Aleynik DL, Gruzinov VM, Kozhelupova NG (2002) The thermohaline water structure at the region dynamic degradation of the Mediterranean lenses. In: *Proceeding of the State Oceanographic Institution, “Ocean and sea research”, S-Ptb. No 208*, pp 15–32 (in Russian)
260. Filyushkin BN, Aleynik DL, Gruzinov VM, Kozhelupova NG (2002) Dynamic degradation of the Mediterranean lenses in the Atlantic Ocean. *Dokl Earth Sci* 387A(9):1079–1082
261. Filyushkin BN, Aleynik DL, Kozhelupova NG, Moshonkin SN (2009) Horizontal transport peculiarities of the Mediterranean water in the Atlantic. In: Komchatov VF (ed) *Proceeding of the State Oceanographic Institution, “Ocean and sea research”, vol 212*. Moscow, 76–88 (In Russian)
262. Filyushkin BN, Plakhin EA (1995) Experimental study of the first stage of Mediterranean water lens formation. *Oceanology* 35:797–804
263. Filyushkin BN, Sokolovskiy MA (2011) Modeling the evolution of intrathermocline lenses in the Atlantic Ocean. *J Mar Res* 69(2–3):191–220
264. Filyushkin BN, Sokolovskiy MA, Kozhelupova NG, Vagina IM (2010) Dynamics of intrathermocline lenses. *Dokl Earth Sci* 434(part 2):1377–1380
265. Filyushkin BN, Sokolovskiy MA, Kozhelupova NG, Vagina IM (2011) Reflection of intrathermocline eddies on the ocean surface. *Dokl Earth Sci* 439(part 1):986–989
266. Filyushkin BN, Sokolovskiy MA, Kozhelupova NG, Vagina IM (2011) Evolution of intrathermocline eddies moving over a submarine hill. *Dokl Earth Sci* 441(part 2):1757–1760
267. Fine KS, Driscoll CF, Molmberg JH, Mitchell TB (1991) Measurements of symmetric vortex merger. *Phys Rev Lett* 67(5):588–591

268. Finnigan TD, Luther DL, Lukas R (2002) Observations of enhanced diapycnal mixing near the Hawaiian Ridge. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(11):2988–3002
269. Fjortoft R (1950) Application of integral theorems in deriving criteria of stability for laminar flows and for the baroclinic circular vortex. *Geophys Publ* 17(6):1–52
270. Flament P, Lumpkin R, Tourmadre J, Armi L (2001) Vortex pairing in an unstable anticyclonic shear flow: discrete subharmonics of one pendulum day. *J Fluid Mech* 440:401–409
271. Flatau M, Schubert WH, Stovens DE (1994) The role of baroclinic processes in tropical cyclone motion: the influence of vertical tilt. *J Atmos Sci* 51(1):2589–2601
272. Flierl GR (1978) Models of vertical structure and the calibration of two-layer models. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 2(4):341–381
273. Flierl GR (1987) Isolated eddy models in geophysics. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 19:493–530
274. Flierl GR (1988) On the instability of geostrophic vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 197:349–388
275. Flierl GR, Carton X, Messenger C (1999) Vortex formation by unstable oceanic jets. *Eur Ser Appl Ind Math* 7:137–150
276. Flierl GR, Larichev VD, McWilliams JC, Reznik GM (1980) The dynamics of baroclinic and barotropic solitary eddies. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 5(1):1–41
277. Flierl GR, Stern ME, Whitehead JA Jr (1983) The physical significance of modons: laboratory experiments and general integral constraints. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 7(4):233–264
278. Flór J-B, Govers WSS, van Heijst GJF, van Sluis R (1993) Formation of a tripolar vortex in a stratified fluid. *Appl Sci Res* 51(1–2):405–409
279. Flór J-B, van Heijst GJF (1994) An experimental study of dipolar vortex structures in a stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 279:101–133
280. Flór JB, van Heijst GJF (1996) Stable and unstable monopolar vortices in a stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 311:257–287
281. Flór J-B, Hopfinger EJ, Guyez E (2010) Contribution of coherent vortices such as Langmuir cells to wind-driven surface layer mixing. *J Geophys Res* 115:C10031. doi:10.1029/2009JC005900
282. Freymuth P, Bank W, Palmer M (1984) First experimental evidence of vortex splitting. *Phys Fluids* 27(5):1045–1046
283. Freymuth P, Bank W, Palmer M (1985) Further experimental evidence of vortex splitting. *J Fluid Mech* 152:289–299
284. Freeland HJ, Rhines P, Rossby HT (1975) Statistical observations of trajectories of neutrally buoyant floats in the North Atlantic. *J Mar Res* 33:383–404
285. Friedrich KO (1953) *Special topics in fluid dynamics*. New York University Press, New York
286. Fujiwhara S (1921) The mutual tendency towards symmetry of motion and its application as a principle in meteorology. *Q J R Meteorol Soc* 47(200):287–293
287. Fujiwhara S (1923) On the growth and decay of vortical systems. *Q J R Meteorol Soc* 49(206):75–104
288. Fujiwhara S (1931) Short note on the behavior of two vortices. *Proc Phys Math Soc Jpn III Ser* 13:106–110
289. Fukumoto Y (2003) The three-dimensional instability of a strained vortex tube revisited. *J Fluid Mech* 493:287–318
290. Gallaire F, Chomaz J-M (2003) Three-dimensional instability of isolated vortices. *Phys Fluids* 15(8):2113–2126
291. Garrett C, MacCready P, Rhines P (1993) Boundary mixing and arrested Ekman layers: rotating stratified flow near a sloping boundary. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 25:291–323
292. Garrett C, Munk W (1972) Oceanic mixing by breaking internal waves. *Deep-Sea Res* 19(12):823–832
293. Gent P, McWilliams J (1986) The instability of barotropic circular vortices. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 35(1–4):209–233
294. Gent P, McWilliams J (1990) Isopycnal mixing in ocean circulation models. *J Phys Oceanogr* 20(1):150–155
295. Gill AE (1982) *Atmosphere-ocean dynamics*. Academic, London, 662 pp

296. Ginzburg AI, Kostianoy AG, Soloviev DM, Stanichny SV (2000) Remotely sensed coastal/deep-basin water exchange processes in the Black Sea surface. In: Halpern D (ed) *Satellite, oceanography and society*, Chapter 15. Elsevier, Amsterdam/Lausanne/New York/Oxford/Shannon/Singapore/Tokyo, pp 273–287
297. Ginzburg AI, Kostianoy AG, Nezlin NP, Soloviev DM, Stanichny SV (2002) Anticyclonic eddies in the northwestern Black Sea. *J Mar Syst* 32(1–3):91–106
298. Gledzer AE (1999) Mass entrainment and release in ocean eddy structures. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 35(6):759–766
299. Gluhovsky AB, Klyatskin VI (1977) On dynamics of flipover phenomena in simple hydrodynamic models. *Dokl Earth Sci Sec* 237:18–20
300. Goldshtik M, Hussain F (1998) Analysis of inviscid vortex breakdown in a semi-infinite pipe. *Fluid Dyn Res* 23(4):189–234
301. Goncharov VP, Gryanik VM, Pavlov VI (2002) Venusian ‘hot spots’: physical phenomenon and its quantification. *Phys Rev E*66. doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.66.066304
302. Goncharov VP, Pavlov VI (2001) Cyclostrophic vortices in polar regions of rotating planets. *Nonlinear Process Geophys* 8(4/5):301–311
303. Goncharov VP, Pavlov VI (2003) Hamiltonian contour dynamics. In: Borisov AV, Mamaev IS, Sokolovskiy MA (eds) *Fundamental and applied problems of the vortex theory*. Institute of Computer Science, Moscow–Izhevsk, pp 179–237 (in Russian)
304. Goncharov VP, Pavlov VI (2008) Hamiltonian vortex and wave dynamics. GEOS, Moscow, 432 pp (in Russian)
305. Goosse H, Deleersnijder E, Fichet T, England MH (1999) Sensitivity of a global coupled ocean-sea ice model to the parameterization of vertical mixing. *J Geophys Res* 104(C6):13681–13685
306. Grant ALM, Belcher SE (2011) Wind-driven mixing below the oceanic mixed layer. *J Phys Oceanogr* 41(8):1556–1575
307. Greenslade MD, Haynes PH (2008) Vertical transition in transport and mixing in baroclinic flows. *J Atmos Sci* 65(4):1137–1157
308. Greenspan HP (1990) *The theory of rotating fluids*. Breukelen Press, Brookline, 352 pp
309. Griffiths RW, Hopfinger EJ (1986) Experiments with baroclinic vortex pairs in a rotating fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 173:501–518
310. Griffiths RW, Hopfinger EJ (1987) Coalescing of geostrophic vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 178:73–97
311. Griffiths RW, Linden PF (1981) The stability of vortices in a rotating, stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 105:283–316
312. Griffiths RW, Linden PF (1985) Intermittent baroclinic instability and fluctuations in geophysical circulations. *Nature* 316(6031):801–803
313. Griffiths RW, Pearce AF (1985) Instability and eddy pairs on the Leeuwin Current south of Australia. *Deep-Sea Res* 32:1511–1534
314. Grimshaw R, Tanga Y, Broutman D (1994) The effect of vortex stretching on the evolution of barotropic eddies over a topographic slope. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 76(1–4):43–71
315. Gryanik VM (1983) Dynamics of singular geostrophic vortices in a two-level model of atmosphere (ocean). *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 19(3):171–179
316. Gryanik VM (1983) Dynamics of localized vortex perturbations “vortex charges” in a baroclinic fluid. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 19(5):347–352
317. Gryanik VM (1988) Localized vortices—“vortex charges” and “vortex filaments” in a baroclinic differentially rotating fluid. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 24(12):919–926
318. Gryanik VM (1990) About theoretical models of the localized quasi-geostrophic eddies in the atmosphere and ocean. In: Nikiforov EG, Romanov VF (eds) *The investigations of vortex dynamics and energetics of the atmosphere, and the problems of climate*. Gydrometeoizdat, Leningrad, pp 31–60 (in Russian)
319. Gryanik VM (1991) Dynamics of singular geostrophic vortices near critical points of currents in a N-layer model of the atmosphere (ocean). *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 27:517–526

320. Gryanik VM (1992) Radiation of Rossby waves and adaptation of potential vorticity fields in the atmosphere (ocean). (Dokl) Trans RAS Earth Sci Sect 326(1):976–979
321. Gryanik VM, Borth H, Olbers D (2001) The theory of quasigeostrophic von Kármán vortex streets in two-layer fluids on beta-plane and intermittent turbulent jets. Alfred-Wegener-Institut für Polar- und Meeresforschung, Preprint 106, 59 pp
322. Gryanik VM, Borth H, Olbers D (2004) The theory of quasigeostrophic von Kármán vortex streets in two-layer fluids on beta-plane. *J Fluid Mech* 505:23–57
323. Gryanik VM, Doronina TN (1990) Advective transport of a conservative solute by baroclinic singular quasigeostrophic vortices in the atmosphere (ocean). *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 26(10):1011–1026
324. Gryanik VM, Doronina TN, Olbers D, Warncke TH (2000) The theory of three-dimensional hetons and vortex-dominated spreading in localized turbulent convection in a fast rotating stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 423:71–125
325. Gryanik VM, Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2003) Dynamics of barocline vortices with zero total intensity (hetons). In: Borisov AV, Mamaev IS, Sokolovskiy MA (eds) *Fundamental and applied problems of the vortex theory*. Institute of Computer Science, Moscow–Izhevsk, pp 547–622 (in Russian)
326. Gryanik VM, Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2006) Dynamics of heton-like vortices. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 11(3):417–438
327. Gryanik VM, Tevs MV (1989) Dynamics of singular geostrophic vortices in an N-layer model of atmosphere (ocean). *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 25(3):179–188
328. Gryanik VM, Tevs MV (1991) Dynamics of singular geostrophic vortices near critical points of currents in a N-layer model of the atmosphere (ocean). *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 27(7):517–526
329. Gryanik VM, Tevs MV (1997) Dynamics and energetics of heton interacting in linearly and exponentially stratified media. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 33(4):385–398
330. Gudimenko AI (2007) Dynamics of perturbed equilateral and collinear configurations of three point vortices. *Russ Sci J Nonlinear Dyn* 3(4):379–391 (in Russian)
331. Gudimenko AI (2008) Dynamics of perturbed singular configuration of three point vortices. *Russ Sci J Nonlinear Dyn* 4(2):429–441 (in Russian)
332. Gudimenko AI (2008) Dynamics of perturbed equilateral and collinear configurations of three point vortices. *Regul Chaot Dyn* 13(2):85–95
333. Gudimenko AI, Zakharenko AD (2010) Qualitative analysis of relative motion of three vortices. *Russ Sci J Nonlinear Dyn* 6(2):307–326 (in Russian)
334. Gurulev AYu, Kozlov VF (1988) Numerical modeling of structure changes on a potential vorticity front. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 34(3):395–403
335. Haidvogel DB, Beckmann A, Chapman DC, Lin R-Q (1993) Numerical simulation of flow around a tall isolated seamount. Part II. Resonant generation of trapped waves. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(11):2373–2391
336. Hairer E, Nørsett SR, Wanner G (2008) *Solving ordinary differential equations. I: Nonstiff Problems*. Springer, Berlin, 528 pp
337. Hakim GJ, Snyder C, Muraki DJ (2002) A new surface model for cyclone-anticyclone asymmetry. *J Atmos Sci* 59(16):2405–2420
338. Hart JE, Adler B, Leben R (1988) Cyclonic/anticyclonic gyre asymmetries: laboratory and intermediate-model experiments. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 27(1–4):219–232
339. Harvey BJ, Ambaum MHP, Carton XJ (2011) Instability of shielded surface temperature vortices. *J Atmos Sci* 68(5):964–971
340. Hattori Y, Fukumoto Y (2003) Short-wavelength stability analysis of thin vortex rings. *Phys Fluids* 15(10):3151–3163
341. Hebert D, Oakey N, Ruddick B (1990) Evolution of a Mediterranean salt lens: scalar properties. *J Phys Oceanogr* 20(9):1468–1483
342. Helfrich KR, Battisti TM (1991) Experiments on baroclinic vortex shedding from hydrothermal plumes. *J Geophys Res* 96(C12):12511–12518

343. Helfrich KR, Send U (1988) Finite-amplitude evolution of two-layer geostrophic vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 197:331–348
344. Hénon A (1976) Family of periodic solutions of the planar three-body problem and their stability. *Celest Mech Dyn Astron* 13:267–285
345. Herbette S, Morel Y, Arhan M (2003) Erosion of a surface vortex by a seamount. *J Phys Oceanogr* 33(8):1664–1679
346. Herbette S, Morel Y, Arhan M (2005) Erosion of a surface vortex by a seamount on the β plane. *J Phys Oceanogr* 35(11):2012–2030
347. Hesthaven JS, Lynov JP, Rasmussen JJ, Sutyrin GG (1993) Generation of tripolar vortical structures on the beta plane. *Phys Fluids A* 5(7):1674–1678
348. Hogan PJ, Hubert HE (2006) Why do intrathermocline eddies form in the Japan/East Sea? A modeling perspective. *Oceanography* 19(3):134–143
349. Hogg NG (1973) On the stratified Taylor column. *J Fluid Mech* 58:517–537
350. Hogg NG, Stommel HM (1985) The heton, an elementary interaction between discrete baroclinic geostrophic vortices, and its implications concerning eddy heat-flow. *Proc R Soc Lond A* 397:1–20
351. Hogg NG, Stommel HM (1985) Hetonic explosions: the breakup and spread of warm pools as explained by baroclinic point vortices. *J Atmos Sci* 42(14):1465–1476
352. Hogg NG, Stommel HM (1990) How currents in the upper thermocline could advect meddies deeper down. *Deep Sea Res* 37(4):613–623
353. Holland GJ, Dietachmayer GS (1993) On the interaction of tropical-cyclone-scale vortices: 3. Continuous barotropic vortices. *Q J R Meteorol Soc* 119(514):1381–1398
354. Holland GJ, Lander M (1993) The meandering nature of tropical cyclone tracks. *J Atmos Sci* 50(9):1254–1266
355. Holloway G (1986) Eddies, waves, circulation, and mixing: Statistical geofluid mechanics. *Ann Rev Fluid Mech* 18:91–147
356. Holmboe J (1968) Instability of baroclinic three-layer models of the atmosphere, vol 27. *Geofys Publ Universitetsforlaget, Oslo*, pp 1–27
357. Hopfinger EJ, van Heijst GJF (1993) Vortices in rotating fluids. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 25:241–289
358. Horton W, Liu J, Meiss JD, Sedlak JE (1986) Solitary vortices in a rotating plasma. *Phys Fluids* 29(4):1004–1010
359. Houghton RW, Olson DJ, Celone PJ (1986) Observation of an anticyclonic eddy near the continental shelf break south of New England. *J Phys Oceanogr* 16(1):60–71
360. Huang RX (1987) A three-layer model for wind-driven circulation in a subtropical-subpolar basin. Part I: Model formulation and the subcritical state; Part 2: The supercritical and hypercritical state. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(5):664–678; 679–687
361. Huang RX (1988) A three-layer model for wind-driven circulation in a subtropical-subpolar basin. Part 3: Potential vorticity analysis. *J Phys Oceanogr* 18(5):739–752
362. Huang RX, Bryan K (1987) A multilayer model of the thermohaline and wind-driven ocean circulation. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(11):1909–1924
363. Huang RX, Flierl GR (1987) Two-layer models for the thermocline and current structure in subtropical/subpolar gyres. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(6):872–884
364. Huppert HE (1975) Some remarks on the initiation of inertial Taylor columns. *J Fluid Mech* 67:397–412
365. Huppert HE, Bryan K (1976) Topographically generated eddies. *Deep Sea Res* 23(8):655–679
366. Huq P, Britter RE (1995) Turbulence evolution and mixing in a two-layer stably stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 285:41–67
367. Husain HS, Shtern V, Hussain F (2003) Control of vortex breakdown by addition of near-axis swirl. *Phys Fluids* 15(2):271–279
368. Hyun KH, Hogan PJ (2008) Topographic effects on the anticyclonic vortex evolution: a modeling study. *Cont Shelf Res* 28(10–11):1246–1260

369. Hyun KH, Hogan PJ (2008) Topographic effects on the path and evolution of Loop Current Eddies. *J Geophys Res* 113(C12). doi:10.1029/2007JC004155
370. Ibraev RA, Kuksa VI, Skirta AYu (2000) Modeling of the passive admixture transfer by the eddy currents in the eastern part of the Black Sea. *Oceanology* 40(1):18–25
371. Ikeda M (1981) Meanders and detached eddies of a strong eastward-flowing jet using a two-layer quasi-geostrophic model. *J Phys Oceanogr* 11(4):526–540
372. Ikeda M (1981) Instability and splitting of mesoscale rings using a two-layer quasi-geostrophic model on an f -plane. *J Phys Oceanogr* 11(7):987–998
373. Ikeda M (1983) Linear instability of a current flowing along a bottom sloping using a three-layer model. *J Phys Oceanogr* 13(2):208–223
374. Ikeda M, Apel JR (1981) Mesoscale eddies detached from spatially growing meanders in a eastward-flowing oceanic jet using a two-layer quasi-geostrophic model. *J Phys Oceanogr* 11(12):1638–1661
375. Ingersoll AP (1969) Inertial Taylor columns and Jupiter's Great Red Spot. *J Atmos Sci* 26(7):744–752
376. Inoue R, Smyth WD (2009) Efficiency of mixing forced by unsteady shear flow. *J Phys Oceanogr* 39(5):1150–1166
377. Ishizu M, Kitade Y, Michida Y (2013) Mixing process on the northeast coast of Hokkaido in summer. *J Oceanogr* 69(1):1–13
378. Ivanov AYu, Ginzburg AI (2002) Oceanic eddies in synthetic aperture radar images. *Earth Planet Sci* 111(3):281–295
379. Ivanov YuA, Kort VG, Shapovalov SM, Sherbinin AD (1988) Meso-scale intrusion lenses. In: Kort VG (ed) Proceedings hydrophysical studies at “Mesopolygon” program. Nauka, Moscow, pp 41–46 (in Russian)
380. Izraily YuG, Koshel KV, Stepanov DV (2008) Determination of optimal excitation frequency range in background flows. *Chaos* 18(1):013107. doi:10.1063/1.2835349
381. Izraily YuG, Kozlov VF, Koshel KV (2003) Some features of chaotization of a pulsating barotropic flow over a seamount with elliptic cross-section. *Russ J Numer Anal Math Model* 18(3):243–260
382. Izraily YuG, Kozlov VF, Koshel KV (2004) Some specific features of chaotization of the pulsating barotropic flow over elliptic and axisymmetric sea-mounts. *Phys Fluids* 16(8):3173–3190
383. Jacob JP, Chassignet EP, Dewar WK (2002) Influence of topography on the propagation of isolated eddies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(10):2848–2869
384. Jamalodeen MI, Newton PK (2007) Two-layer quasigeostrophic potential vorticity model. *J Math Phys*. doi:10.1063/1.2469221
385. Janowitz GS (1975) The effect of bottom topography on stratified flow in the beta-plane. *J Geophys Res* 80(30):4163–4168
386. Jeong J, Hussain F (1995) On the identification of a vortex. *J Fluid Mech* 285:69–94
387. Jiménez J (1975) Stability of a pair of co-rotating vortices. *Phys Fluids* 18(11):1580–1581
388. Jiménez J, Wray AA (1998) On the characteristics of vortex filaments in isotropic turbulence. *J Fluid Mech* 371:255–285
389. Johnson ER (1977) Stratified Taylor columns on a beta-plane. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 9(1):159–177
390. Johnson ER (1978) Trapped vortices in rotating flow. *J Fluid Mech* 86(2):209–224
391. Johnson ER (1978) Topographically bound vortices. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 11(1):61–71
392. Johnson ER (1979) Finite depth stratified flow over topography on a beta-plane. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 12(1):35–43
393. Johnson J, Ambar I, Serra N, Stevens I (2002) Comparative studies of the spreading of Mediterranean water through the Culf Cadiz. *Deep-Sea Res II* 49:4179–4193
394. Jones C, Winkler S (2002) Invariant manifolds and Lagrangian dynamics in the ocean and atmosphere. In: B Hasselblatt, B Fiedler, AB Katok (eds) Handbook of dynamical systems, vol 2, Chap. 2. Elsevier, Amsterdam/New York/North Holland, pp 55–29

395. Jones H, Marshall J (1993) Convection with rotation in a neutral ocean: a study of deep-ocean convection. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(6):1009–1039
396. Josseland Ch, Rossi M (2007) The merging of two co-rotating vortices: a numerical study. *Eur J Mech B/Fluids* 26(6):779–794
397. Junglaus JH (1999) A three-dimensional simulation of the formation of anticyclonic lenses (meddies) by the instability of an intermediate depth boundary current. *J Phys Oceanogr* 29(6):1579–1598
398. Juza M, Penduff T, Brankart J-M, Barnier B (2012) Estimating the distortion of mixed layer property distributions by the ARGO sampling. *J Oper Oceanogr* 5(1):45–58
399. Kalashnik MV, Svirkunov PN (1996) Symmetric stability of the cyclostrophic and geostrophic balance states in a stratified medium. (*Dokl*) *Trans RAS/Earth Sci Sec* 349(5):829–831
400. Kalashnik MV, Svirkunov PN (1996) Cyclostrophic and geostrophic balance states in a shallow-water model. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 32(3):370–377
401. Kalashnik MV, Visheratin KN (2008) Cyclostrophic adjustment in swirling gas flows and the Ranque-Hilsch vortex tube effect. *J Exp Theor Phys* 106(4):819–829
402. Kalashnik MV, Visheratin KN (2010) Cyclostrophic adjustment and nonlinear oscillations in the core of intense atmospheric vortex. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 46(5):591–596
403. Kamenkovich VM (1977) *Fundamentals of ocean dynamics*. Elsevier Sci. Publ. Co., Amsterdam/New York 249 pp
404. Kamenkovich VM, Koshlyakov MN, Monin AS (1986) *Synoptic eddies in the ocean*. EFM, D. Reidel Publishing Company, Dordrecht, 433 pp
405. Kamenkovich VM, Larichev VD, Khar'kov BV (1982) A numerical barotropic model for analysis of synoptic eddies in the open ocean. *Oceanology* 21(6):549–558
406. Kapela T, Simó C (2007) Computer assisted proofs for nonsymmetric planar choreographies and for stability of the Eight. *Nonlinearity* 20(5):1241–1255
407. Kapela T, Zgliczyński P (2003) The existence of simple choreographies for N-body problem—a computer assisted proof. *Nonlinearity* 16(6):1899–1918
408. Käse RH, Zenk W (1987) Reconstructed Mediterranean salt lens trajectories. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(1):158–161
409. Karsten R, Jones H, Marshall J (2002) The role of eddy transfer in setting the stratification and transport of a circumpolar current. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(1):39–54
410. Kawakami A, Funakoshi M (1999) Chaos motion of fluid particles around a rotating elliptic vortex in a linear shear flow. *Fluid Dyn Res* 25(4):167–193
411. Kennelly MA, Evans RH, Joyce TM (1985) Small-scale cyclones on the periphery of Gulf Stream warm-core rings. *J Geophys Res* 90(C5):8845–8857
412. Kerswell RR (2002) Elliptical instability. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 34:83–113
413. Khvoles R, McWilliams JC, Kizner Z (2007) Non-coincidence of separatrices in two-layer modons. *Phys Fluids* 19(5):056602. doi:10.1063/1.2731741
414. Kida S (1981) Motion of an elliptic vortex in an uniform shear flow. *J Phys Soc Jpn* 50(10):3517–3520
415. Killworth PD (1983) On the motion of isolated lenses on a beta-plane. *J Phys Oceanogr* 13(3):368–376
416. Kirchhoff G (1876) *Vorlesungen über mathematische Physik: Mechanik*. Taubner, Leipzig
417. Kiyama M, Takeo H, Mochizuki O, Kudo D (1999) Simulating vortex pairs interacting with mixing-layer vortices. *Fluid Dyn Res* 24(1):61–79
418. Kizner ZI (1984) Rossby solitons with axially symmetric baroclinic modes. *Dokl (Trans) USSR Acad Sci* 275:211–214
419. Kizner ZI (1985) Interpretation of soliton solutions to the equation of quasi-geostrophic vorticity in a baroclinic ocean. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 21:330–332
420. Kizner ZI (1986) Intensity of synoptic eddies and the quasigeostrophic approximation. *Oceanology* 26(1):16–20
421. Kizner ZI (1986) Strongly nonlinear solitary Rossby waves. *Oceanology* 26(3):284–289

422. Kizner ZI (1988) On the theory of intrathermocline eddies. *Dokl (Trans) USSR Akad Sci* 300:213–216
423. Kizner ZI (1997) Solitary Rossby waves with baroclinic modes. *J Mar Res* 55(4):671–685
424. Kizner Z (2006) Stability and transitions of hetonic quartets and baroclinic modons. *Phys Fluids* 18(5):056601. doi:10.1063/1.2196094
425. Kizner Z (2008) Hetonic quartet: exploring the transitions in baroclinic modons. In: Borisov AV, Kozlov VV, Mamaev IS, Sokolovskiy MA (eds) IUTAM symposium on Hamiltonian dynamic, vortex strictures, turbulence (IUTAM Bookseries, vol 6). Springer, New York, pp 125–133
426. Kizner Z (2011) Stability of point-vortex multipoles revisited. *Phys Fluids* 23(6):064104. doi:10.1063/1.3596270
427. Kizner Z, Berson D, Khvoles R (2002) Baroclinic modon equilibria on the beta-plane: stability and transitions. *J Fluid Mech* 468:239–270
428. Kizner Z, Berson D, Khvoles R (2003) Non-circular baroclinic modons: constructing stationary solutions. *J Fluid Mech* 489:199–228
429. Kizner Z, Berson D, Reznik G, Sutyryn G (2003) The theory of the beta-plane baroclinic topographic modons. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 97(3):175–211
430. Kizner Z, Khvoles R (2004) The tripole vortex: experimental evidence and explicit solutions. *Phys Rev E* 70(1):016307. doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.70.0163072004
431. Kizner Z, Khvoles R (2004) Two variations on the theme of Lamb-Chaplygin: supersmooth dipole and rotating multipoles. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 9(4):509–518
432. Kizner Z, Khvoles R, McWilliams JC (2007) Rotating multipoles on the f - and γ -planes. *Phys Fluids* 19(1):016603. doi:10.1063/1.2432915
433. Kizner Z, Reznik GM, Fridman B, Khvoles R, McWilliams JC (2008) Shallow-water modons on the f -plane. *J Fluid Mech* 603:305–329
434. Klocker A, Ferrari R, LaCasce JH (2012) Estimating suppression of eddy mixing by mean flows. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(9):1566–1576
435. Kloosterziel RC, van Heijst GJF (1989) On tripolar vortices. In: Nihoul JCJ, Jamart BM (eds) Mesoscale/synoptic coherent structures in geophysical turbulence. Elsevier, Amsterdam/Oxford/New York/Tokyo, pp 609–625
436. Kloosterziel RC, van Heijst GJF (1991) An experimental study of unstable barotropic vortices in a rotating fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 223:1–24
437. Klyatskin VI (2007) Stochastic equations. Theory and its applications in acoustics, hydrodynamics, and radio physics. Fizmatlit, Moscow. V. 1: Basic regulations, exact results, and asymptotic approximations, 318 pp. V. 2: Coherent phenomena in stochastic dynamic systems, 343 pp (in Russian)
438. Kochin NE, Kibel XA, Roze NV (1965) Theoretical hydrodynamics. Wiley, New York, 577 pp
439. Koiller J, Carvalho SP, Silva RR, Oliveira LCG (1985) On Aref's vortex motions with a symmetry center. *Phys D* 16(1):27–61
440. Koshel KV, Izrail'ski YuG, Stepanov DV (2006) Determining the optimal frequency of perturbation in the problem of chaotic transport of particles. *Dokl Phys* 51(4):219–222
441. Koshel KV, Prants SV (2006) Chaotic advection in the ocean. *Phys Usp (Adv Phys Sci)* 49:1151–1178
442. Koshel KV, Prants SV (2008) Chaotic advection in the ocean. Institute of Computer Science, Moscow–Izhevsk, 364 pp (in Russian)
443. Koshel KV, Sokolovskiy MA, Davies PA (2008) Chaotic advection and nonlinear resonances in an oceanic flow above submerged obstacle. *Fluid Dyn Res* 20(10):695–736
444. Koshel KV, Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2013) Three-vortex quasi-geostrophic dynamics in a two-layer fluid. Part 2. Regular and chaotic advection around the perturbed steady states. *J Fluid Mech* 717:255–280
445. Koshel KV, Stepanov DV (2005) Boundary effect on the mixing and transport of passive impurities in a nonstationary flow. *Tech Phys Lett* 31(2):135–137

446. Koshel KV, Stepanov DV (2006) Chaotic advection induced by a topographic vortex in baroclinic ocean. *Dokl Earth Sci* 407(2):455–459
447. Koshlyakov MN, Pantelev GG (1988) Termohaline characteristic of the Mediterranean water lens at tropical zone North Atlantic. In: Kort VG (ed) *Proceedings hydrophysical studies at “Mesopolygon” program*, Nauka, Moscow, pp 46–57 (in Russian)
448. Kozsalka I, Caballos L, Bracco A (2010) Vertical mixing and coherent anticyclones in the ocean: the role of stratification. *Nonlinear Process Geophys* 17(1):37–47
449. Kozlov VF (1969) *Lectures on the theory of stationary ocean currents (study guide for students in oceanography)*. Far Eastern State University, Vladivostok, 383 pp (in Russian)
450. Kozlov VF (1975) Mutual adaptation of the mass and current fields to the bottom relief in a baroclinic ocean. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 11(1):23–28
451. Kozlov VF (1977) Geostrophic motion of a stratified fluid above an uneven bottom. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 13(9):657–662
452. Kozlov VF (1980) Formation of a Rossby wave under the action of disturbances in a nonstationary barotropic oceanic flow. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 16(4):275–279
453. Kozlov VF (1981) On a stationary problem of topographical cyclogenesis in a rotating fluid. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 17(11):878–882
454. Kozlov VF (1982) Quasistationary geostrophic motion of weakly stratified fluid in the ocean with arbitrary bottom relief. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 18(7):574–578
455. Kozlov VF (1983) The method of contour dynamics in model problems of the ocean topographic cyclogenesis. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 19(8):635–640
456. Kozlov VF (1984) *Models of the topographic vortices in ocean*. Nauka, Moscow, 200 pp (in Russian)
457. Kozlov VF (1985) Construction of a numerical model of geostrophic eddies in a baroclinic fluid based on the Contour Dynamics Method. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 21(2):161–163
458. Kozlov VF (1991) Construction of the stationary states of vortex patches by the method of perturbations. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 27(2):77–86
459. Kozlov VF (1992) Model of two-dimensional vortex motion with an entrainment mechanism. *Fluid Dyn* 27(6):793–798
460. Kozlov VF (1992) A nonlinear model for Kirchoff vortex dissipation. *Oceanology* 32(4):427–430
461. Kozlov VF (1993) Model of the interaction of elliptic vortex patches with entrainment effects. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 29(1):90–96
462. Kozlov VF (1994) Geophysical hydrodynamics of vortical patches. *Phys Oceanogr* 6(1):25–34
463. Kozlov VF (1995) Background currents in geophysical hydrodynamics. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 31(2):229–234
464. Kozlov VF, Gurulev AYu (1996) Barotropic eddy evolution near a rectilinear bottom break. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 32(2):249–256
465. Kozlov VF, Gurulev AYu (1997) Moment model of the dynamics of barotropic vortex over a marine trench (ridge) of rectangular section. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 33(6):837–844
466. Kozlov VF, Gurulev AYu (1998) Dynamics of the front of potential vorticity in the field of background currents. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 34(3):395–403
467. Kozlov VF, Koshel KV (1999) Barotropic model of chaotic advection in background flows. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 31(1):123–130
468. Kozlov VF, Koshel KV (2000) A model of chaotic transport in the barotropic background flow. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 36(1):109–118
469. Kozlov VF, Koshel KV (2001) Some features of chaos development in an oscillatory barotropic flow over an axisymmetric submerged obstacle. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 37(3):351–361

470. Kozlov VF, Koshel KV (2003) Chaotic advection in the models for background flows of geophysical hydrodynamics. In: Borisov AV, Mamaev IS, Sokolovskiy MA (eds) *Fundamental and applied problems of the vortex theory*. Institute of Computer Science, Moscow–Izhevsk, pp 471–504 (in Russian)
471. Kozlov VF, Koshel KV, Stepanov DV (2005) Influence of the boundary on the chaotic advection in the simplest model of a topographic vortex. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 41(2):217–227
472. Kozlov VF, Makarov VG (1984) Evolution modeling of unstable geostrophic eddies in a barotropic ocean. *Oceanology* 24(5):556–560
473. Kozlov VF, Makarov VG (1985) Simulation of the instability of axisymmetric vortices using the contour dynamics method. *Fluid Dyn* 20(1):28–34
474. Kozlov VF, Makarov VG (1995) Background currents in the Sea of Japan (a barotropic model). *Oceanology* 35(5):601–604
475. Kozlov VF, Makarov VG (1996) Background currents in the Sea of Japan (a two-layer quasi-geostrophic model). *Oceanology* 36(4):453–457
476. Kozlov VF, Makarov VG (1996) Background currents in the Sea of Okhotsk. *Russ Meteorol Hydrol* 1(9):39–44
477. Kozlov VF, Makarov VG, Sokolovskiy MA (1986) Numerical model of the baroclinic instability of axially symmetric eddies in two-layer ocean. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 22(8):674–678
478. Kozlov VF, Sal'nikov PYu (1989) Mechanism for the formation of mushroom-shaped flows with dense packing of vortices. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 25(4):324–326
479. Kozlov VF, Sal'nikov PYu (1990) The jet (pulse) model of mushroom-like flow formation. *Phys Oceanogr* 1(3):171–175
480. Kozlov VF, Shavlyugin AI (1992) Stationary arrays of vortical patches near linear boundaries. *Phys Oceanogr* 3(4):241–250
481. Kozlov VF, Sokolovskiy MA (1978) Stationary motion of a stratified fluid above a rough bottom (geostrophic approximation on the β -plane). *Oceanology* 18(4):383–386
482. Kozlov VF, Sokolovskiy MA (1980) Influence of cylindrical topographic disturbances on a nonstationary zonal flow of a stratified fluid on the beta plane. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 16(8):596–604
483. Kozlov VF, Sokolovskiy MA (1981) Meander of a barotropic zonal current crossing a bottom ridge (periodic regime). *Oceanology* 21(6):684–687
484. Kozlov VF, Yaroshchuk EV (1986) Numerical modeling of structural transitions in a plane shear layer. *Fluid Dyn* 21(5):712–715
485. Kozlov VV (2003) General theory of vortices. *Dynamical Systems, X, Encyclopaedia of Mathematical Sciences*, vol 67. Springer, Berlin
486. Kozlov VV (1996) *Symmetries, topology and resonances in Hamiltonian mechanics*. Springer, Berlin
487. Krasnopolskaya TS, Meleshko VV, Peters GWM, Meijer HEH (1999) Mixing in Stokes flow in an annular wedge cavity. *Eur J Mech B/Fluids* 18(5):793–822
488. Kukxa VI (1983) *The intermediate waters of the World Ocean*. Gydrometeoizdat, Leningrad, 272 pp (in Russian)
489. Kulik KN, Tur AV, Yanovsky VV (2010) Interaction of point and dipole vortices in an incompressible liquid. *Theor Math Phys* 162(3):383–400
490. Kundu PK, Cohen IM, Hu HH (2004) *Fluid mechanics*. Academic, New York 759 pp
491. Kunze E, Sanford T (1993) Submesoscale dynamics near a seamount. Part I: measurements of erTEL vorticity. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(12):2567–2588
492. Kuo AC, Polvani LM (2000) Nonlinear geostrophic adjustment, cyclone/anticyclone asymmetry, and potential vorticity rearrangement. *Phys Fluids* 12(5):1087. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.870363>
493. Kuo H-C, Chen GT-J, Lin C-H (2000) Merger of tropical cyclones Zeb and Alex. *Mon Weather Rev* 128(8):2967–2975
494. Kuo H-C, Williams RT, Chen GT-J, Chen Y-L (2001) Topographic effects on barotropic vortex motion: no mean flow. *J Atmos Sci* 58(10):1310–1327

495. Kurakin LG, Yudovich VI (2002) On nonlinear stability of steady rotation of a regular vortex polygon. *Dokl Phys* 47(6):465–470
496. Kurakin LG, Yudovich VI (2002) The stability of stationary rotation of a regular vortex polygon. *Chaos* 12(3):574–595
497. Kurganskiy MV (1990) On the motion of a pair of vortices on the beta-plane. In: Nikiforov EG, Romanov VF (eds) *The investigations of vortex dynamics and energetics of the atmosphere, and the problems of climate*. Gydrometeoizdat, Leningrad, pp 123–130 (in Russian)
498. Kusch HA, Ottino JM (1992) Experiments on mixing in continuous chaotic flows. *J Fluid Mech* 236:319–348
499. Kuzmina NP, Zhurbas VM, Rudels B, Stipa T, Paka VT, Muraviev SS (2008) Role of eddies and intrusions in the exchange processes in the Baltic halocline. *Oceanology* 48(2):149–158
500. Kuznetsov L, Zaslavsky GM (1998) Regular and chaotic advection in the flow field of a three-vortex system. *Phys Rev E* 58(6):7330–7349
501. Kuznetsov L, Zaslavsky GM (2000) Passive particle transport in three-vortex flow. *Phys Rev E* 61(4):3777–3792
502. Kvaleberg E, Morey SL, O’Brien JJ (2003) Frontogenesis and subsequent formation of cold filaments and eddies on an idealized shelf. *Oceans* 5:2831–2834
503. LaCasce JH (1998) A geostrophic vortex over a slope. *J Phys Oceanogr* 28(12):2362–2381
504. Ladyzhenskaya OA (1969) *The mathematical theory of viscous incompressible flow*. 2nd Eng. edition revised and enlarged. Gordon and Breach Science Publishers, New York/London/Paris/Mintreux/Tokyo/Melbourne, 224 pp
505. Lahaye N, Zeitlin V (2011) Collisions of ageostrophic modons and formation of new types of coherent structures in rotating shallow water model. *Phys Fluids* 23(6):061703 <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.3597608>
506. Lahaye N, Zeitlin V (2012) Existence and properties of ageostrophic modons and coherent tripoles in the two-layer rotating shallow water model on the f-plane. *J Fluid Mech* 706:71–107
507. Lahaye N, Zeitlin V (2012) Shock modon: a new type of coherent structure in rotating shallow water. *Phys Rev Lett* 108(4):044502. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.108.044502
508. Lam JS-L, Dritschel DG (2001) On the beta-drift of an initially circular vortex patch. *J Fluid Mech* 436:107–129
509. Lamb H (1885) *Hydrodynamics*, 2nd edn. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
510. Lamb H (1932) *Hydrodynamics*, 6th edn. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
511. Landau LD, Lifshits EM (1959) *Fluid mechanics*. Pergamon Press, New York, 536 pp
512. Lander MA (1995) The merger of two tropical cyclones. *Mon. Weather Rev* 123(7):2260–2265
513. Lander M, Holland GJ (1993) On the interaction of tropical-cyclone-scale vortices: 1. Observations. *Q J R Meteorol Soc* 119(514):1347–1361
514. Lansky IM, O’Neil TM, Schecter DA (1997) A theory of vortex merger. *Phys Rev Lett* 79(8):1479–1482
515. Large WG, McWilliams JC, Doney SC (1994) Oceanic vertical mixing: a review and a model with a nonlocal boundary layer parametrization. *Rev Geophys* 32:363–403
516. Larichev VD, Reznik GM (1976) Two-dimensional solitary Rossby waves. *Dokl Akad Nauk SSSR* 231(5):1077–1079
517. Larichev VD, Reznik GM (1976) Strongly nonlinear, two-dimensional solitary Rossby waves. *Oceanology* 16(6):547–550
518. Larichev VD, Reznik GM (1982) Numerical experiments on the study of collision of two-dimensional solitary Rossby waves. *Dokl Akad Nauk SSSR* 264:229–233
519. Larichev VD, Reznik GM (1983) On collisions between two-dimensional solitary Rossby waves. *Oceanology* 23(5):545–552
520. Laurent LSt, Naveira Garabato AC, Ledwell JR, Thurnherr AM, Toole JM, Watson AJ (2012) Turbulence and diapycnal mixing in Drake Passage. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(12):2143–2152

521. Lavrova OYu, Kostyanoy AG, Lebedev SA, Mityagina VI, Ginzburg AI, Sheremet NA (2011) Complex satellite monitoring of the Russian seas. Space Research Institute of RAS, Moscow, 470 pp
522. Lazutkin VF (1990) Analytic integrals of a semistandard mapping, and separatrix splitting. *Leningr Math J* 1(2):427–445
523. Le Dizés S, Verga A (2002) Viscous interactions of two co-rotating vortices before merging. *J Fluid Mech* 467:389–410
524. Legg S (2004) A simple criterion to determine the transition from a localized convection to a distributed convection regime. *J Phys Oceanogr* 34(12):2843–2846
525. Legg S, Jones H, Visbeck M (1996) A heton perspective of baroclinic eddy transfer in localized open ocean convection. *J Phys Oceanogr* 26(10):2251–2266
526. Legg S, Marshall J (1993) A heton model of the spreading phase of open-ocean deep convection. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(6):1040–1056
527. Legg S, Marshall J (1998) The influence of the ambient flow on the spreading of convected water masses. *J Mar Res* 56(1):107–139
528. Legg S, McWilliams J, Gao J (1998) Localization of deep ocean convection by a mesoscale eddy. *J Phys Oceanogr* 28(5):944–970
529. Legras B, Dritschel DG (1991) The elliptical model of two-dimensional vortex dynamics. I. The basic state. *Phys Fluids* A3(5):845–854
530. Legras B, Dritschel DG (1993) A comparison of the contour surgery and pseudo-spectral method. *J Comput Phys* 104(2):287–302
531. Leibovich S, Stewartson K (1983) A sufficient condition for the instability of columnar vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 126:335–356
532. Leith CE (1984) Minimum enstrophy vortices. *Phys Fluids* 27(6):1388–1395
533. Lenn Y-D, Rippeth TP, Old CP, Bacon S, Polyakov I, Ivanov V, Hölemann J (2011) Intermittent intense turbulent mixing under ice in the Laptev Sea continental shelf. *J Phys Oceanogr* 41(3):531–547
534. Leoncini X, Kuznetsov L, Zaslavsky GM (2000) Motion of three vortices near collapse. *Phys Fluids* 12(8):1911–1927
535. Leoncini X, Kuznetsov L, Zaslavsky GM (2001) Chaotic advection near a three-vortex collapse. *Phys Rev E* 63(3):036224. doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.63.036224
536. Leoncini X, Zaslavsky GM (2002) Jets, stickiness, and anomalous transport. *Phys Rev E* 65(4):046216. doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.65.046216
537. Levina GV, Montgomery MT (2010) A first examination of the helical nature of tropical cyclogenesis. *Dokl Earth Sci* 434(part 1):1285–1289
538. Li M, Trowbridge J, Geyer R (2008) Asymmetric tidal mixing due to the horizontal density gradient. *J Phys Oceanogr* 38(2):418–434
539. Liang X, Thurnherr AM (2012) Eddy-modulated internal waves and mixing on a midocean ridge. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(7), 1242–1248
540. Lim CC, Majda AJ (2001) Point vortex dynamics for coupled surface/interior QG and propagating heton clusters in models for ocean convection. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 94(3–4):177–220
541. Lim CC, Nebus J (2007) Vorticity, statistics, and Monte Carlo simulation. Springer, New York, 290 pp (Springer monographs in mathematics)
542. Lin S-J (1992) Contour dynamics of tornado-like vortices. *J Atmos Sci* 49(18):1745–1756
543. Liu C, Köhl A, Stammer D (2012) Adjoint-based estimation of eddy-induced tracer mixing parameters in the global ocean. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(7):1186–1206
544. Love AEH (1893) On the stability of certain vortex motion. *Proc Lond Math Soc* s1–25:18–43
545. Love AEH (1893) On the motion of paired vortices with a common axis. *Proc Lond Math Soc* s1–25:185–194
546. Lovegrove AF, Moroz IM, Read PL (2001) Bifurcation and instabilities in rotating two-layer fluids: 1. *f*-plane. *Nonlinear Process Geophys* 8(1):21–36

547. Lovegrove AF, Moroz IM, Read PL (2002) Bifurcation and instabilities in rotating, two-layer fluids: 2. β -plane. *Nonlinear Process Geophys* 9(3–4):289–309
548. Lugt HJ (1996) Introduction to vortex theory. Vortex Flow Press, Potomac 627 pp
549. Lumpkin R, Flament P, Kloosterziel R, Armi L (2000) Vortex merging in a $1\frac{1}{2}$ -layer fluid on an f-plane. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(1):233–242
550. Luzzatto-Fegiz P, Williamson CHK (2010) Stability of elliptical vortices from “Imperfect-Velocity-Impulse” diagrams. *Theor Comput Fluid Dyn* 24(1–4):181–188
551. Luzzatto-Fegiz P, Williamson CHK (2010) Stability of conservative flows and new steady-fluid solutions from bifurcation diagrams exploiting a variational argument. *Phys Rev Lett* 104:044504. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.104.044504
552. Luzzatto-Fegiz P, Williamson CHK (2011) An efficient and general numerical method to compute steady uniform vortices. *J Comput Phys* 230(17):6495–6511
553. Luzzatto-Fegiz P, Williamson CHK (2012) Determining the stability of steady two-dimensional flows through imperfect velocity-impulse diagrams. *J Fluid Mech* 706:323–350
554. Luzzatto-Fegiz P, Williamson CHK (2012) Structure and stability of the finite-area von Kármán street. *Phys Fluids* 24(6):066602. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.4724307>
555. Maas LRM, Zahariev K (1996) An exact, stratified model of a meddy. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 24:215–225
556. Madelain F (1970) Influence de la topographie du fond sur l’écoulement Méditerranéen entre le Détroit de Gibraltar et le cap Saint-Vincent. *Cah Oceanogr* 22:43–61
557. Makarov VG (1990) A program code for investigation of plane vortex currents in an ideal fluid by the method of contour dynamics. In: Kozlov VF (ed) *Method of contour dynamics in oceanological investigations*. FED USSR Acad Sci, Vladivostok, pp 28–39 (in Russian)
558. Makarov VG (1991) Computational algorithm of the contour dynamics method with changeable topology of domains under study. *Model Mekh* 5(4):83–95
559. Makarov VG (1996) Numerical simulation of the formation of tripolar vortices by the method of contour dynamics. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 32(1):40–49
560. Makarov VG, Bulgakov SN (2008) Regimes of near-wall vortex dynamics in potential flow through gaps. *Phys Fluids* 20(12):086605. doi:10.1063/1.2969471
561. Makarov VG, Kizner Z (2011) Stability and evolution of uniform-vorticity dipoles. *J Fluid Mech* 672:307–325
562. Makarov VG, Sokolovskiy MA, Kizner Z (2012) Doubly symmetric finite-core heton equilibria. *J Fluid Mech* 708:397–417
563. Mallik DD (1979) Influence of bottom topography on the zonal geostrophic flow in a stratified-ocean model. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 15(10):781–783
564. Malikova NP, Permyakov MS (2010) Effect of the Ekman boundary layer on the evolution of vortex formations. *Fluid Dyn* 45(6):905–908
565. Malvern LE (1969) *Introduction to the mechanics of continuous medium*. Englewood Cliffs, Prentice-Hall, 713 pp
566. Mancho AM, Small D, Wiggins S (2006) A tutorial on dynamical systems concepts applied to Lagrangian transport in oceanic flows defined as finite time data sets: theoretical and computational issues. *Phys Rep* 437(3–4):55–124
567. Mao X, Sherwin ST, Blackburn HM (2012) Non-normal dynamics of time-evolving co-rotating vortex pairs. *J Fluid Mech* 701:430–459
568. Mariotti A, Legras B, Dritschel DG (1994) Vortex stripping and the erosion of coherent structures in two-dimensional flows. *Phys Fluids* 6(12):3954–3962
569. Marshall JS (1995) Chaotic oscillations and breakup of quasigeostrophic vortices in the N-layer approximation. *Phys Fluids* 7(5):983–992
570. Marshall JS, Parthasarathy B (1993) Tearing of an aligned vortex by a current difference in two-layer quasi-geostrophic flow. *J Fluid Mech* 225:157–182
571. Marshall J, Schott F (1999) Open-ocean convection: observation, theory, and models. *Rev Geophys* 37(1):1–64

572. Martinsen-Burrell N, Julien K, Patersen MR, Weiss JB (2006) Merger and alignment in a reduced model for three-dimensional quasigeostrophic ellipsoidal vortices. *Phys Fluids* 18(5):057101. doi:10.1063/1.21918872006
573. Masina S, Pinardi N (1993) The halting effect of baroclinicity in vortex merging. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(8):1618–1637
574. Matsuura T (1980) On a decay process of isolated, intense vortices in a two-layer ocean. *J Oceanogr Soc Jpn* 36(1):39–45
575. Matsuura T (1995) The evolution of frontal-geostrophic vortices in two-layer ocean. *J Phys Oceanogr* 25(10):2298–2318
576. Maxworthy T, Narimousa S (1994) Unsteady, turbulent convection into a homogeneous rotating fluid, with oceanographic applications. *J Phys Oceanogr* 24(5):865–887
577. Mazé JP, Arhan M, Mercier H (1997) Volume budget of the eastern boundary layer off the Iberian Peninsula. *Deep-Sea Res I* 44(9–10):1543–1574
578. McDonald NR (1998) The motion of an intense vortex near topography. *J Fluid Mech* 367:359–377
579. McDonald NR (2000) The interaction of two baroclinic geostrophic vortices on the β -plane. *Proc R Lond A* 456:1029–1049
580. McDonald NR (2004) A new translating quasigeostrophic V-state. *Eur J Mech B/Fluids* 23(4):633–644
581. McWilliams JC (1983) Interaction of isolated vortices. II: Modon generation by monopole collision. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 24(1):1–22
582. McWilliams JC (1985) Submesoscale, coherent vortices in the ocean. *Rev Geophys* 23(2):165–182
583. McWilliams JC (1996) Modeling the oceanic general circulation. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 28:215–248
584. McWilliams JC (2006) *Fundamentals of geophysical fluid dynamics*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 266 pp
585. McWilliams JC, Flierl GR, Larichev VD, Reznik GM (1981) Numerical studies of barotropic modons. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 5(4):219–238
586. McWilliams JC, Zabusky N (1982) Interaction of isolated vortices. I: Modons colliding with modons. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 19(3–4):207–227
587. Meacham SP (1991) Meander evolution on piecewise-uniform, quasi-geostrophic jets. *J Phys Oceanogr* 21(8):1139–1170
588. Meacham SP, Pankratov KK, Shchepetkin AF, Zhmur VV (1994) The interaction of ellipsoidal vortices with background shear flows in a stratified fluid. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 21(2–3):167–212
589. Melander MV, McWilliams JC, Zabusky NJ (1987) Asymmetrization and vorticity-gradient intensification of an isolated two-dimensional vortex through filamentation. *J Fluid Mech* 178:137–159
590. Melander MV, Zabusky NJ, McWilliams JC (1987) Asymmetric vortex merger in two dimensions: which vortex is ‘victorious’? *Phys Fluids* 30(9):2610–2612
591. Melander MV, Zabusky NJ, McWilliams JC (1988) Symmetric vortex merger in two dimensions: causes and conditions. *J Fluid Mech* 195:303–340
592. Melander MV, Zabusky NJ, Styczek AS (1986) A moment model for vortex interactions of the two-dimensional Euler equations. Part 1. Computational validation of a Hamiltonian elliptical representation. *J Fluid Mech* 167:95–115
593. Meleshko VV, Aref H (2007) A bibliography of vortex dynamics 1858–1956. *Adv Appl Mech* 41:197–292
594. Meleshko VV, Galaktionov OS, Peters GWM, Meijer HEH (1999) Three-dimensional mixing in Stokes flow: the partitioned pipe mixer problem revisited. *Eur J Mech B/Fluids* 18(5):783–792
595. Meleshko VV, Konstantinov MYu (1993) Dynamics of vortex structures. *Kiev Naukova Dumka* 280 pp (in Russian)
596. Meleshko VV, Konstantinov MYu, Gurzhi AA, Konovaljuk TP (1992) Advection of a vortex pair atmosphere in a velocity field of point vortices. *Phys Fluids A* 4(12):2779–2797

597. Meleshko VV, van Heijst GJF (1994) Interaction of two-dimensional vortex structures: point vortices, contour kinematics and stirring properties. *Chaos Solitons Fract* 4(6):977–1010
598. Meleshko VV, van Heijst GJF (1994) On Chaplygin's investigations of two-dimensional vortex structures in an inviscid fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 272:157–182
599. Mellor GL (1996) *Introduction to physical oceanography*. Springer, New York, 260 pp
600. Meschanov SL, Shapiro GI (1998) A young lens of Red Sea water in Arabian Sea. *Deep-Sea Res Part I* 45(1):1–13
601. Mesquita SB, Prahalad YS (1999) Statistical stationary states for a two-layer quasi-geostrophic system. *Proc Indian Acad Sci (Math Sci)* 109(1):107–115
602. Meunier P, Ehrenstein U, Leweke T, Rossi M (2002) A merger criterion for two-dimensional co-rotating vortices. *Phys Fluids* 14(8):2757–2766
603. Meunier P, Leweke T (2001) Three-dimensional instability during vortex merging. *Phys Fluids* 13(10):2747–2751
604. Meunier P, Leweke T (2005) Elliptic instability of a co-rotating vortex pair. *J Fluid Mech* 533:125–159
605. Middleton JH (2009) Topographic eddies. In: Steele JH, Thorpe SA, Turekian KK (eds) *Ocean currents*. Elsevier, New York, pp 462–469
606. Mied RP, Lindemann GJ (1982) The birth and evolution of eastward-propagating modons. *J Phys Oceanogr* 12(3):213–230
607. Mied RP, McWilliams JC, Lindemann GJ (1991) The generation and evolution of mushroom-like vortices. *J Phys Oceanogr* 21(4):489–510
608. Mikhailovskii AB, Kudashov VR, Lakhin VP, Mikhailovskaya LA, Smolyakov AI, Shishkov SYu (1984) Chains of Rossby solitons and gradient solitons. *JETP Lett* 40(7):1054–1056
609. Miller PD, Pratt LJ, Helfrich KR, Jones CKRT (2002) Chaotic transport of mass and potential vorticity for an island recirculation. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(1):80–102
610. Milne-Thomson LM (1962) *Theoretical hydrodynamics*, 4th edn. London: MacMillan & co.
611. Mindlin IM (1984) On vorticity-induced waves in a homogeneous incompressible fluid. *J Appl Math Mech* 48(5):550–555
612. Minobe S, Kanamoto Y, Okada N, Ozawa H, Ikeda M (2000) Plume structures in deep convection of rotating fluid. *J Jpn Soc Fluid Mech* 19(6):395–396
613. Mirabel AP, Monin AS (1988) Instability of ocean circulation patterns. *Trans Dokl USSR Acad Sci Earth Sci Sect* 303(6):253–256
614. Mirabel AP, Monin AS (1989) Instability of gyres in a continuously stratified ocean. *Trans Dokl USSR Acad Sci Earth Sci Sect* 309(6):267–270
615. Mitchell TB, Rossi LF (2008) The evolution of Kirchhoff elliptic vortices. *Phys Fluids* 20:054103. doi:10.1063/1.291299120
616. Miyama T, McCreary JP Jr, Jensen TG, Loschnigg J, Godfrey S, Ishida A (2003) Structure and dynamics of the Indian-Ocean cross-equatorial cell. *Deep Sea Res Part II* 50(12–13):2023–2047
617. Miyazaki T (1992) Elliptical instability in a stably stratified rotating fluid. *Phys Fluids A* 5(11):2702–2709
618. Miyazaki T, Fukumoto Y (1992) Three-dimensional instability of strained vortices in a stably stratified fluid. *Phys Fluids A* 4(11):2515–2522
619. Miyazaki T, Imai T, Fukumoto Y (1995) Three-dimensional instability of Kirchhoff's elliptic vortex. *Phys Fluids* 7(1):195–202
620. Mizuta R, Yoden S (2001) Chaotic mixing and transport barriers in an idealized stratospheric polar vortex. *J Atmos Sci* 58(17):2616–2629
621. Mokhov II, Doronina TN, Gryanik VM, Khairullin RR, Korovkina LV, Lagun VE, Mokhov OI, Naumov EP, Petukhov VK, Senatorsky AO, Tevs MV (1994) Extratropical cyclones and anticyclones: tendencies of change. In: Gronas S, Shapiro MA (eds) *The life of extratropical cyclones*, vol 2. Geophysical Institute, University of Bergen, Bergen, pp 56–60
622. Mokhov II, Gryanik VM, Doronina TN, Lagun DE, Mokhov OI, Naumov EP, Petukhov VK, Tevs MV, Khairullin RR (1993) Vortex activity in the atmosphere: tendencies of changes. Moscow: Institute of Atmospheric Physics of RAS, Preprint N 2, 97 pp

623. Möller JD, Montgomery MT (2000) Tropical cyclone evolution via potential vorticity anomalies in a three-dimensional balance model. *J Atmos Sci* 57(20):3366–3387
624. Monin AS (1990) Theoretical geophysical fluid dynamics. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, 429 pp
625. Monin AS, Yaglom AM (1971) Statistical fluid mechanics, vols I and II. MIT Press, Cambridge
626. Monin AS, Zhikharev GM (1990) Ocean eddies. *Sov Phys Usp* 33(5):313–339
627. Moore C (1993) Braids in classical dynamics. *Phys Rev Lett* 70(24):3675–3679
628. Moore DV, Saffman PG (1975) The density of organized vortices in a turbulent mixing layer. *J Fluid Mech* 69(3):465–473
629. Moore DW, Saffman PG, Tanveer S (1988) The calculation of some Batchelor flows: the Sadvovskii vortex and rotational corner flow. *Phys Fluids* 31(5):978–990
630. Morel YG (1995) The influence of an upper thermocline current on intrathermocline eddies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 25(12):3247–3252
631. Morel YG, Carton XJ (1994) Multipolar vortices in two-dimensional incompressible flows. *J Fluid Mech* 267:23–51
632. Morel YG, McWilliams J (1997) Evolution of isolated interior vortices in the ocean. *J Phys Oceanogr* 27(5):727–748
633. Morel YG, McWilliams J (2001) Effect of isopycnal and diapycnal mixing on the stability of oceanic currents. *J Phys Oceanogr* 31(8):2280–2296
634. Morikawa GK (1960) Geostrophic vortex motion. *J Meteorol* 17(6):148–158
635. Morikawa GK, Swenson EV (1971) Interacting motion of rectilinear geostrophic vortices. *Phys Fluids* 14(6):1058–1073
636. Nakamura N (2008) Sensitivity of global mixing and fluxes to isolated transport barriers. *J Atmos Sci* 65(12):3800–3818
637. Narimousa S, Maxworthy T (1985) Two-layer model of shear-driven coastal upwelling in the presence of bottom topography. *J Fluid Mech* 159:503–531
638. Nauw JJ, Dijkstra HA, Simonnet E (2004) Regimes of low-frequency variability in a three-layer quasi-geostrophic ocean model. *J Mar Res* 62(5):685–720
639. Negretti ME, Billant P (2013) Stability of a Gaussian pancake vortex in a stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 718:457–480
640. Newton PK (2001) The N-vortex problem: analytical techniques. *Applied Mathematical Sciences*, vol 145. Springer, New York/Berlin/Heidelberg, 421 pp
641. Newton PK, Ross SD (2006) Chaotic advection in the restricted four-vortex problem on a sphere. *Phys D* 223:36–53
642. Nezlin MV (1986) Rossby solitons (Experimental investigations and laboratory model of natural vortices of the Jovian Great Red Spot type). *Sov Phys Usp* 29(9):807–842
643. Nezlin MV, Rylov AYu, Trubnikov AS, Khutoretski AV (1990) Cyclonic-anticyclonic asymmetry and a new soliton concept for rossby vortices in the laboratory, oceans and the atmospheres of giant planets. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 52(41):211–247
644. Nezlin MV, Sutyrin GG (1994) Problems of simulation of large, long-lived vortices in the atmospheres of the giant planets (Jupiter, Saturn, Neptune). *Surv Geophys* 15(1):63–99
645. Ngan K, Shepherd TG (1997) Chaotic mixing and transport in Rossby-wave critical layer. *J Fluid Mech* 334:315–351
646. Ngan K, Shepherd TG (1999) A closer look at chaotic advection in the stratosphere. Part I: Geometric structure. *J Atmos Sci* 56(24):4134–4152
647. Ngan K, Shepherd TG (1999) A closer look at chaotic advection in the stratosphere. Part II: Statistical diagnostics. *J Atmos Sci* 56(24):4153–4166
648. Nikitin OP (1997) Vertical structure of synoptic currents in the northeast tropical Pacific. *Oceanology* 37(6):737–748
649. Nof D (1983) The translation of isolated cold eddies on a sloping bottom. *Deep-Sea Res* 30(2A):171–182
650. Nof D (1991) Lenses generated by intermittent currents. *Deep-Sea Res* 38(3):325–345
651. Nof D (1993) Generation of ringlets. *Tellus* 45A(4):299–310

652. Nof D, Simon LM (1987) Laboratory experiments on the merging of nonlinear anticyclonic eddies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(3):343–357
653. Norbury J (1975) Steady planar vortex pairs in an ideal fluid. *Commun Pure Appl Maths* 38:697–700
654. Novikov EA (1975) Dynamics and statistics of a system of vortices. *Sov Phys JETP* 41(5):937–943
655. Novikov EA, Sedov YuB (1978) Stochastic properties of a four-vortex system. *Sov Phys JETP* 48:440–444
656. Novikov EA, Sedov YuB (1979) Stochastization of vortices. *JETP Lett* 29(12):677–679
657. Nycander J (1987) Propagation of discontinuities in the Hasegawa-Mima equation. *Phys Fluids* 30(6):1585–1587
658. Nycander J (1988) New stationary vortex solutions of the Hasegawa-Mima equation. *J Plasma Phys* 39(3):413–430
659. Nycander J (1992) Refutation of stability proofs for dipole vortices. *Phys Fluids A* 4(3):467–476
660. Nycander J (1994) Steady vortices in plasmas and geophysical flows. *Chaos* 4(2):253–268
661. Nycander J (1995) Existence and stability of stationary vortices in a uniform shear flow. *J Fluid Mech* 287:193–132
662. Nycander J, Döös K, Coward AC (2002) Chaotic and regular trajectories in the Antarctic Circumpolar Current. *Tellus* 54A(1):99–106
663. Nycander J, Lacasse JH (2004) Stable and unstable vortices attached to seamounts. *J Fluid Mech* 507:71–94
664. Nycander J, Pavlenko VP (1987) Global vortex pattern in a rotating plasma. *Phys Fluids* 30(7):2097–2100; 507:71–94
665. Nycander J, Pavlenko VP (1991) Stationary propagating magnetic electron vortices. *Phys Fluids B* 3(6):1386–1391
666. Oey L-Y (1988) A model of Gulf Stream frontal instabilities, meanders and eddies along the continental slope. *J Phys Oceanogr* 18(2):211–229
667. Okamoto A, Hara K, Nagaoka K, Yoshimura S, Vranješ J, Kono M, Tanaka MY (2003) Experimental observation of a tripolar vortex in a plasma. *Phys Plasmas* 10(6):2211. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.1571059>
668. Olbers D, Wolff JO, Volker C (2000) Eddy fluxes and second-order moment balances for non-homogeneous quasigeostrophic turbulence in wind-driven zonal flows. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(7):1645–1668
669. Oliver KIC, Eldevik T, Stevens DP, Watson AJ (2008) A Greenland Sea perspective on the dynamics of postconvective eddies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 38(12):2755–2771
670. Olson DB (1991) Rings in the Ocean. *Ann Rev Earth Planet Sci* 19:283–311
671. Olson DB, Brown OB, Emmerson SR (1983) Gulf Stream statistics from Florida Straits to Cape Hatteras derived from satellite and historical data. *J Geophys Res* 88(C8):4569–4577
672. Olson DB, Schmitt RW, Kennelly MA, Joyce TM (1985) A two-layer diagnostic model of a long-time physical evolution of warm-core ring 82 B. *J Geophys Res* 90(C5):8813–8822
673. Onsager L (1949) Statistical hydrodynamics. II *Nuovo Cim* (1943–1954) 6(2):279–287
674. Orlandi P (1990) Vortex dipole rebound from a wall. *Phys Fluids* 2(A8):1429–1436
675. Orlandi P, van Heijst GF (1992) Numerical simulation of tripolar vortices in 2D flow. *Fluid Dyn Res* 9(4):179–206
676. Ottino JM (1989) *The kinematics of mixing: Stretching, chaos and transport*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 362 pp
677. Ottino JM (1990) Mixing, chaotic advection, and turbulence. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 22:207–253
678. Ottino JM, Khakhar DV (2000) Mixing and segregation of granular. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 32:55–91
679. Overman EA II (1986) Steady-state solutions of the Euler equations in two dimensions. II. Local analysis of limiting V-states. *SIAM J Appl Math* 46(5):765–800

680. Overman EA II, Zabusky NJ (1982) Evolution and merger of isolated vortex structures. *Phys Fluids* 25(8):1297–1305
681. Paillet J, Le Cann B, Carton X, Morel Y, Serpette A (2002) Dynamics and evolution of a northern meddy. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(1):55–79
682. Paillet J, Le Cann B, Serpette A, Morel Y, Carton X (1999) Real-time tracking of a Galician meddy. *Geophys Res Lett* 26(13):1877–1880
683. Paldor N, Boss E (1994) Chaotic trajectories of tidally perturbed internal oscillations. *J Atmos Sci* 49(23):2306–2318
684. Paldor N, Nof D (1990) Linear instability of an anticyclonic vortex in a two-layer ocean. *J Geophys Res* 95(C10):18075–18079
685. Pallás-Sauz E, Viúdez Á (2008) Spontaneous generation of inertia-gravity waves during the merging of two baroclinic anticyclones. *J Phys Oceanogr* 38(1):213–234
686. Pavia EG, Cushman-Roisin B (1990) Merging of frontal eddies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 20(12):1886–1906
687. Pavlenko VP, Petviashvili VI (1983) Solitary vortex in a flute instability. *Sov J Plasma Phys* 9:603–604
688. Pedlosky J (1985) The instability of continuous heton clouds. *J Atmos Sci* 42(14):1477–1486
689. Pedlosky J (1987) *Geophysical fluid dynamics*. Springer, New York, 710 pp
690. Pedlosky J (1996) *Ocean circulation theory*. Springer, New York, 453 pp
691. Perepelkin VV, Petrov AG (1983) Dynamics of an elliptic vortex. *Fluid Dyn* 18(4):539–544
692. Perrot X, Carton X (2009) Point-vortex interaction in an oscillatory deformation field: Hamiltonian dynamics, harmonic resonance and transition to chaos. *Discret Contin Dyn Syst Ser B* 11(4):971–995
693. Peters D, Vargin P, Körnich H (2007) A study of the zonally asymmetric tropospheric forcing of the austral vortex splitting during September 2002. *Tellus* 59A(3):384–394
694. Pierce RB, Fairlie TDA (1993) Chaotic advection in the stratosphere: implications for the dispersal of chemically perturbed air from the polar vortex. *J Geophys Res* 98(D10):18589–18596
695. Pierce RB, Fairlie TD, Grose WL, Swinbank R, O’Neil A (1994) Mixing processes within the polar night jet. *J Atmos Sci* 51(20):2957–2972
696. Pierrehumbert RT (1980) A family of steady, translating vortex pairs with distributed vorticity. *J Fluid Mech* 99:129–144
697. Pierrehumbert RT (1991) Large-scale horizontal mixing in planetary atmospheres. *Phys Fluids A* 3(5):1250–1260
698. Pierrehumbert RT (1991) Chaotic mixing of tracer and vorticity by modulated travelling Rossby waves. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 58(1–4):285–319
699. Pierrehumbert RT, Yang H (1993) Global chaotic mixing on isentropic surfaces. *J Atmos Sci* 50(15):2462–2480
700. Płotka H, Dritschel DG (2012) Quasi-geostrophic shallow-water vortex-patch equilibria and their stability. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 106(6):574–595
701. Płotka H, Dritschel DG (2013) Quasi-geostrophic shallow-water doubly-connected vortex equilibria and their stability. *J Fluid Mech* 723:40–68
702. Poincaré H (1893) *Théorie des tourbillons*. Gauthier-Villars, Paris
703. Poje AC, Haller G (1999) Geometry of cross-stream mixing in a double-gyre ocean model. *J Phys Oceanogr* 29(8):1649–1665
704. Polvani LM (1991) Two-layer geostrophic vortex dynamics. 2. Alignment and two-layer V-states. *J Fluid Mech* 225:241–270
705. Polvani LM, Carton XJ (1990) The tripole: a new coherent vortex structure of incompressible two-dimensional flows. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 51(1–4):87–102
706. Polvani LM, Flierl GR (1986) Generalized Kirchhoff vortices. *Phys Fluids* 29(8):2376–2379
707. Polvani LM, Flierl GR, Zabusky NJ (1989) Filamentation of unstable vortex structures via separatrix crossing: a quantitative estimate of onset time. *Phys Fluids A* 1(2):181–184
708. Polvani LM, Plumb RA (1991) Rossby wave breaking, microbreaking, filamentation, and secondary vortex formation: the dynamics of a perturbed vortex. *J Atmos Sci* 49(6):462–476

709. Polvani LM, Wisdom J (1990) Chaotic Lagrangian trajectories around an elliptical vortex patch embedded in a constant and uniform background shear flow. *Phys Fluids A* 2(2):123–126
710. Polvani LM, Zabusky NJ, Flierl GR (1988) Applications of contour dynamics to two-layer quasi-geostrophic flows. *Fluid Dyn Res* 3(1–4):422–424
711. Polvani LM, Zabusky NJ, Flierl GR (1989) Two-layer geostrophic vortex dynamics: 1. Upper-layer V-states and merger. *J Fluid Mech* 205:215–242
712. Polzin KL, Toole JM, Ledwell JR, Schmitt RW (1997) Spatial variability of turbulent mixing in the abyssal ocean. *Science* 276(5309):93–96
713. Pozrikidis C (2008) Numerical computation in science and engineering, 2nd edn. Oxford University Press, New York
714. Pozrikidis C (2009) Fluid dynamics: theory, computation and numerical simulation, 2nd edn. Springer, London
715. Pozrikidis C (2011) Introduction to theoretical and computational fluid dynamics, 2nd edn. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
716. Prandtl L (1952) Essentials of fluid dynamics. Blackie and Son, London
717. Prants SV (2013) Dynamical systems theory methods to study mixing and transport in the ocean. *Phys Scr* 87(3):038115. doi:10.1088/0031-8949/87/03/038115
718. Prants SV, Budyansky MV, Uleysky MYu, Zaslavsky GM (2006) Chaotic mixing and transport in a meandering jet flow. *Chaos* 16(3):033117. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.2229263>
719. Prater MD, Sanford TB (1994) A meddy off Cape St. Vincent. Part I: description. *J Phys Oceanogr* 24(7):1572–1586
720. Pratt LJ (1983) On inertial flow over topography. Part 1. Semigeostrophic adjustment to an obstacle. *J Fluid Mech* 131:195–218
721. Price JF, O’Neil Baringer M, Lueck RG, Johnson GC, Ambar I, Parrilla G, Cantos A, Kennelly MA, Sanford TB (1993) Mediterranean outflow mixing and dynamics. *Science* 259(5099):1277–1282
722. Price T (1993) Chaotic scattering of two identical point vortex pairs. *Phys Fluids A* 5(10):2479–2483
723. Prieto R, McNoldy BD, Fulton SR, Schubert WH (2003) A classification of binary tropical cyclone-like vortex interactions. *Mon Weather Rev* 131(11):2656–2666
724. Prudnikov AP, Brychkov YA, Marichev OI (1986) Integrals and series, vol. 1: elementary functions. Gordon and Breach, New York
725. Prudnikov AP, Brychkov YA, Marichev OI (1990) Integrals and series, vol. 2: special functions. Gordon and Breach, New York
726. Pullin DL (1992) Contour dynamics methods. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 24:89–115
727. Rabinovich AB (1997) Spectral analysis of tsunami waves: separation of source and topography effects. *J Geophys Res* 102(C6):12663–12676
728. Radko T (2008) Long-range interaction and elastic collisions of isolated vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 610:285–310
729. Raymond DJ, Jiang H (1990) A theory of long-living mesoscale convective system. *J Atmos Sci* 47(24):3067–3077
730. Reinaud JN, Carton X (2009) The stability and the nonlinear evolution of quasi-geostrophic hetons. *J Fluid Mech* 636:109–135
731. Reinaud JN, Dritschel DG (2002) The merger of vertically offset quasi-geostrophic vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 469:287–315
732. Reinaud JN, Dritschel DG (2005) The critical merger distance between two co-rotating quasi-geostrophic vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 522:357–381
733. Reinaud JN, Dritschel DG, Koudella CR (2003) The shape of vortices in quasi-geostrophic turbulence. *J Fluid Mech* 474:175–192
734. Reznik GM (1987) Synoptic movements above a strongly dissected bottom relief. *Trans Dokl USSR Acad Sci Earth Sci Sect* 296(5):230–233
735. Reznik GM (1999) On the generation of subsurface motions over a sloping bottom in a two-layer ocean. *Oceanology* 39(3):293–295

736. Reznik GM, Grimshaw RHJ, Sriskanderejan K (1997) On basic mechanisms governing two-layer vortices on a beta-plane. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 86(1–4):1–42
737. Reznik GM, Kizner Z (2007) Two-layer quasi-geostrophic singular vortices embedded in a regular flow: 1. Invariants of motion and stability of vortex pairs. *J Fluid Mech* 584:185–202
738. Reznik GM, Kizner Z (2007) Two-layer quasi-geostrophic singular vortices embedded in a regular flow: 2. Steady and unsteady drift of individual vortices on a beta plane. *J Fluid Mech* 584:203–223
739. Reznik GM, Sutyryn GG (2001) Baroclinic topographic modons. *J Fluid Mech* 437:121–142
740. Reznik GM, Tsybaneva TB (1994) On the influence of topography and stratification on planetary waves in the ocean (two-layer model). *Oceanology* 34(1):1–9
741. Reznik GM, Tsybaneva TB (1999) Planetary waves in a stratified ocean of variable depth. Part 1. Two-layer model. *J Fluid Mech* 388:115–145
742. Reznik GM, Zeitlin V, Ben Jelloul M (2001) Nonlinear theory of geostrophic adjustment. Part 1. Rotating shallow-water model. *J Fluid Mech* 445:93–120
743. Rhines PB (1986) Vorticity dynamics of the oceanic general circulation. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 18:433–497
744. Ricca RL (ed) (2001) An introduction to the geometry and topology of fluid flows. NATO ASI Series II, 47. Kluwer, Dordrecht/Boston/London
745. Ricca RL (ed) (2009) Lectures on topological fluid mechanics. Springer-CIME Lecture Notes in Mathematics 1973. Springer, Heidelberg
746. Riccardi G (2004) Motion of an elliptical uniform vortex outside a circular cylinder. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 9(4):399–415
747. Riccardi G, Piva R, Benzi R (1995) A physical model for merging in two-dimensional decaying turbulence. *Phys Fluids* 7(12):3091–3103
748. Richardson PL, Bower AS, Zenk W (1999) Summary of meddies tracked by floats. *Int WOCE Newsl* 34:18–20
749. Richardson PL, Bower AS, Zenk W (2000) A census of meddies tracked by floats. *Progr Oceanogr* 45(2):209–250
750. Richardson PL, Maillard C, Sanford TB (1979) The physical structure and life history of cyclonic Gulf Stream ring Allen. *J Geophys Res* 84(C12):7727–7741
751. Richardson PL, Tychensky A (1998) Meddy trajectories in the Canary Basin measured during the SEMAPHORE experiment 1993–1995. *J Geophys Res* 103(C11):25029–25045
752. Richardson PL, Walsh D, Armi L, Schröder M, Price JF (1989) Tracking three meddies with SOFAR floats. *J Phys Oceanogr* 19(3):371–383
753. Ridderinkhof H, Loder JW (1994) Lagrangian characterization of circulation over submarine banks with application to the Outer Gulf of Marine. *J Phys Oceanogr* 24(6):1184–1200
754. Ridderinkhof H, Zimmerman JTF (1992) Chaotic stirring in a tidal system. *Science* 258(5085):1107–1111
755. Riley JJ, Lelong M-P (2000) Fluid motions in the presence of strong stable stratification. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 32:613–657
756. Ripa P (1989) On the stability of ocean vortices. In: Nihoul JCJ, Jamart BM (eds) *Mesoscale/synoptic coherent structures in geophysical turbulence*. Elsevier, Amsterdam/Oxford/New York/Tokyo, pp 167–179
757. Ritchie EA, Holland GJ (1993) On the interaction of tropical-cyclone-scale vortices: 2. Discrete vortex patches. *Q J R Meteorol Soc* 119(514):1363–1379
758. Riser SC, Rossby TH (1983) Quasi-Lagrangian structure and variability of the subtropical western North Atlantic circulation. *J Mar Res* 42(1):127–162
759. Robinson AR (1996) Physical processes, field estimation and an approach to interdisciplinary ocean modeling. *Earth-Sci Rev* 40(1–2):3–54
760. Rocío R-M, Viúdez Á, Ruiz S (2011) Vortex merger in oceanic tripoles. *J Phys Oceanogr* 41(6):1239–1251
761. Rodríguez-Santana A, Pelegrí JL, Sangrá P, Marrero-Díaz A (1999) Diapycnal mixing in Gulf Stream meanders. *J Geophys Res* 104:25891–25912

762. Rodríguez-Santana A, Pelegrí JL, Sangrá P, Marrero-Díaz A (2001) On the relevance of diapycnal mixing for the stability of frontal meanders. *Sci Mar* 65(Suppl 1):259–267
763. Rogachev KA, Carmack EC, Foreman MGG (2008) Bowhead whales feed on plankton concentrated by estuarine and tidal currents in Academy Bay, Sea of Okhotsk. *Cont Shelf Res* 28(14):1811–1826
764. Rogberg P, Dritschel DG (2000) Mixing in two-dimensional vortex interactions. *Phys Fluids* 12(12):3285 <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.1320838>
765. Rogerson AM, Miller PD, Pratt LJ, Jones CKRT (1999) Lagrangian motion and fluid exchange in a barotropic meandering jet. *J Phys Oceanogr* 29(10):2635–2655
766. Romanov AS (2007) Dipole approximation in three-vortex dynamics. *Theor Math Phys* 150(3):347–354
767. Romanovskaya ML, Semenova IP, Slezkin LN (2010) Dynamically equilibrium shapes and directions of motion of ocean current rings. *J Appl Math Mech* 74(3):365–374
768. Roscoe HK, Shanklin JD, Colwell SR (2005) Has the Antarctic Vortex split before 2002? *J Atmos Sci* 62(3):581–588
769. Rossby CG (1936) Dynamics of steady ocean currents in the light of experimental fluid mechanics. *Pap Phys Oceanogr Meteorol* 5(1):1–46
770. Rossby T, Dorson D, Fontaine J (1986) The RAFOS system. *J Atmos Ocean Tech* 3(4):672–679
771. Rossi LF, Lingevitch JF, Bernoff AJ (1997) Quasi-steady monopole and tripole attractors for relaxing vortices. *Phys Fluids* 9(8):2329–2338
772. Rott N (1989) Three-vortex motion with zero total circulation. *J Appl Math Phys (ZAMP)* 40(4):473–494
773. Rott N (1990) Constrained three- and four-vortex problems. *Phys Fluids* A2(8):1477–1480
774. Roulet G, Klein P (2010) Cyclone-anticyclone asymmetry in geophysical turbulence. *Phys Rev Lett* 104(21):218501. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.104.218501
775. Ruddick B (1987) Anticyclonic lenses in large-scale strain and shear. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(6):741–749
776. Ruddick B (1992) Intrusive mixing in a Mediterranean salt lens—intrusion slope and dynamical mechanisms. *J Phys Oceanogr* 22(11):1274–1285
777. Ruddick B (2003) Sounding out ocean fine structure. *Science* 301(5634):772–773
778. Ruddick B, Hebert D (1988) The mixing of meddy “Sharon”. In: Nihoul JCJ, Jamart BM (eds) Small-scale mixing in the ocean. Elsevier, New York, pp 249–262
779. Ryzhov EA, Koshel KV (2010) Chaotic transport and mixing of a passive admixture by vortex flows behind obstacles. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 46(2):184–191
780. Ryzhov EA, Koshel KV (2011) The effect of chaotic advection in a three-layer ocean model. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 47(2):241–251
781. Ryzhov EA, Koshel KV (2011) Estimating the size of the regular region of a topographically trapped vortex. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 105(4–5):536–551
782. Ryzhov EA, Koshel KV (2013) Interaction of a monopole vortex with an isolated topographic feature in a three-layer geophysical flow. *Nonlinear Process Geophys* 20(1):107–119
783. Ryzhov EA, Koshel KV, Stepanov DV (2008) Evaluating the stochastic layer thickness on a two-layer topographic vortex model. *Tech Phys Lett* 34(6):531–534
784. Ryzhov E, Koshel K, Stepanov D (2010) Background current concept and chaotic advection in an oceanic vortex flow. *Theor Comput Fluid Dyn* 24(1–4):59–64
785. Sadvskii VS (1971) Vortex regions in a potential stream with a jump of Bernoulli’s constant at the boundary. *J Appl Math Mech* 35(6):729–735
786. Saenko OA, Zhai X, Merryfield WJ, Lee WG (2012) The combined effect of tidally and eddy-driven diapycnal mixing on the large-scale ocean circulation. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(4):526–538
787. Saffman PG (1978) The number of waves on unstable vortex rings. *J Fluid Mech* 84(4):625–639
788. Saffman PG (1992) *Vortex dynamics* (Cambridge monographs on mechanics and applied mathematics). Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 311 pp

789. Saffman PG, Baker GK (1979) Vortex interactions. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 11:95–122
790. Saffman P, Schatzman J (1981) Properties of a vortex street of finite vortices. *SIAM J Sci Stat Comp* 2(3):285–295
791. Saffman P, Schatzman J (1982) An inviscid model for the vortex-street wake. *J Fluid Mech* 122:467–486
792. Saffman PG, Szeto R (1980) Equilibrium shape of a pair of equal vortices. *Phys Fluids* 23(12):2339–2342
793. Saffman PG, Szeto R (1981) Structure of a linear array of uniform vortices. *Stud Appl Maths* 65:223–248
794. Saffman PG, Tanveer S (1982) The touching pair of equal and opposite uniform vortices. *Phys Fluids* 25(11):1929–1930
795. Sakamoto K, Akitomo K (2006) Instabilities of the tidally induced bottom boundary layer in the rotating frame and their mixing effect. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 41(3–4):191–219
796. Sakamoto T, Yamagata T (1997) Evolution of baroclinic planetary eddies over localized bottom topography in terms of JEBAR. *Geophys Asrophys Fluid Dyn* 84(1–2):1–27
797. Sakuma H, Ghil M (1991) Stability of propagating modons for small-amplitude perturbations. *Phys Fluids A* 3(3):408–414
798. Salmon R (1998) *Lectures on geophysical fluid dynamics*. Oxford University Press, New York, 378 pp
799. Samelson RM (1992) Fluid exchange across a meander jet. *J Phys Oceanogr* 22(4):431–440
800. Samelson RM, Wiggins S (2006) *Lagrangian transport in geophysical jets and waves: the dynamical systems approach*. Springer Science+Business Media, LLC, New York, 149 pp
801. Sangrá P, Pelegrí JL, Hernández-Guerra A, Arregui I, Martín JM, Marrero-Díaz A, Martínez A, Ratsimandresy AW, Rodríguez-Santana A (2005) Life history of an anticyclonic eddy. *J Geophys Res* 110:C03021. doi:10.1029/2004JC002526
802. Saunders PM (1973) The instability of a baroclinic vortex. *J Phys Oceanogr* 3(1):61–65
803. Savchenko VG, Emery WJ, Vladimirov OA (1978) A cyclonic eddy in the Antarctic Circumpolar Current south of Australia: results of Soviet-American observations aboard the R/V Professor Zubov. *J Phys Oceanogr* 8(9):825–837
804. Schär C, Durran DR (1997) Vortex formation and vortex shedding in continuously stratified flows past isolated topography. *J Atmos Sci* 54(4):534–554
805. Schär C, Smith RB (1993) Shallow-water flow past isolated topography. Part 1. Vorticity production and wake formation. *J Atmos Sci* 50(10):1373–1400
806. Schultz Tokos KL, Hinrichsen H-H, Zenk W (1994) Merging and migration of two meddies. *J Phys Oceanogr* 24(10):2129–2141
807. Schultz Tokos K, Rossby T (1991) Kinematics and dynamics of Mediterranean salt lens. *J Phys Oceanogr* 21(6):879–892
808. Sedov LI (1997) *Mechanics of continuous media*, vol 2. Word Sci Pub. Co. Pte. Ltd., Singapore, pp 615–1308
809. Selivanova EN (1994) The topology of the problem of three-point vortices. *Proc Steklov Inst Math* 205:129–137
810. Semenova IP, Slezkin LN (2003) Dynamically equilibrium shape of intrusive vortex formations in the ocean. *Fluid Dyn* 38(5):663–669
811. Sengupta D, Piterbarg LI, Reznik GM (1992) Localization of topographic Rossby waves over random relief. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 17(1):1–21
812. Serra N, Ambar I (2001) Eddy generation in the Mediterranean undercurrent. *Deep-Sea Res Part II* 49(19):4225–4243
813. Serra N, Sadux S, Ambar I (2002) Observations and laboratory modeling of meddy generation of cape St. Vincent. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(1):3–25
814. Shaffer G, Salinas S, Pizarro O, Vega A, Hormazabal S (1995) Currents in the deep ocean off Chile (30° S). *Deep Sea Res Part I* 42(4):425–436
815. Shapiro GI, Meschanov SL (1996) Spreading pattern and mesoscale structure of Mediterranean outflow in the Iberian Basin estimated from historical data. *J Mar Syst* 7(2–4):337–348

816. Shapiro GI, Meschanov SL, Emelianov MV (1992) Mediterranean lens after collision with seamounts. *Oceanology* 32:420–427
817. Shapiro GI, Meschanov SL, Emelianov MV (1995) Mediterranean lens “Irving” after its collision with seamounts. *Oceanol Acta* 18(3):309–318
818. Shapiro LJ (1992) Hurricane vortex motion and evolution in a three-layer model. *J Atmos Sci* 49(2):140–154
819. Shapiro LJ (2000) Potential vorticity asymmetry and tropical cyclone evolution in a moist three-layer model. *J Atmos Sci* 57(21):3645–3662
820. Shavlyugin AI (2011) Two-layer quasi-geostrophic model of contour dynamics for a round basin. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 47(5):619–627
821. Shaw P-T, Chao S-Y (2003) Effects of a baroclinic current on a sinking dense water plume from a submarine canyon and heton shedding. *Deep Sea Res Part I* 50(3):357–370
822. Shepherd TG (1990) Symmetries, conservation laws, and Hamiltonian structure in geophysical fluid dynamics. *Adv Geophys* 32:287–339
823. Shimada K, Kubokawa A (1997) Nonlinear evolution of linearly unstable barotropic boundary currents. *J Phys Oceanogr* 27(7):1326–1348
824. Shirshov PP (1938) Oceanological observations. *Dokl AN USSR* 8:569–580 (in Russian)
825. Siedler G, Armi L, Müller TJ (2005) Meddies and decadal changes at the Azores Front from 1980 to 2000. *Deep-Sea Res II* 52(3–4):583–604
826. Simiu E (1969) Melnikov process for stochastically perturbed, slowly varying oscillators: application to a model of wind-driven coastal currents. *J Appl Mech* 63(2):429–435
827. Simó C (2001) New families of solutions to the N -body problems. In: Casacuberta C, Miró-Roig RM, Verdera J, Xambó, S (eds) Proceedings of the European 3rd congress of mathematics, vol I (Barcelona, 2000). Progress in mathematics series, vol 201. Birkhäuser, Basel, pp 101–115
828. Simó C (2002) Dynamical properties of the figure eight solution of three-body problem. In: Chenciner A, Cushman R, Robinson C, Xia ZJ (eds) Celestial mechanics, dedicated to Donald Saari for his 60th birthday. Proceedings of the international conference on celestial mechanics, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, 15–19 December 1999. *Contemporary Mathematics*, vol 292, American Mathematical Society, Providence, pp 209–228
829. Sitnikov IG, Pokhil AE (1998) Interaction of tropical cyclones with each other and with other weather systems (Part I). *Russ Meteorol Hydrol* 5:22–28
830. Sitnikov IG, Pokhil AE (1999) Interaction of tropical cyclones with each other and with other weather systems (Part II). *Russ Meteorol Hydrol* 7:26–37
831. Skillingstad ED, Denbo DW (1995) An ocean large-eddy simulation of Langmuir circulations and convection in the surface mixed layer. *J Geophys Res* 100(C5):8501–8522
832. Smeed DA (1988) Baroclinic instability of three-layer flows: 1. Linear stability. *J Fluid Mech* 194:217–231
833. Smeed DA (1988) Baroclinic instability of three-layer flows: 2. Experiments with eddies. *J Fluid Mech* 194:233–259
834. Smith GB, Wei T (1994) Small-scale structure in colliding off-axis vortex rings. *J Fluid Mech* 259:281–290
835. Smith KS, Marshall J (2009) Evidence for enhanced eddy mixing at middepth in the Southern Ocean. *J Phys Oceanogr* 39(1):50–69
836. Smith RK (1981) The cyclostrophic adjustment of vortices with application to tropical cyclone modification. *J Atmos Sci* 38(9):2021–2030
837. Smyth WD, Carpenter JR, Lawrence GA (2007) Mixing in symmetric Holmboe waves. *J Phys Oceanogr* 37(6):1566–1583
838. Smyth WD, Kimura S (2011) Mixing in a moderately sheared salt-fingering layer. *J Phys Oceanogr* 41(7):1364–1384
839. Sokolovskiy MA (1986) Numerical modelling of the vortex structure evolution by contour dynamics method. Preprint. Pacific Oceanological Institute of Far East Division of Academy Sciences of USSR, Vladivostok, 19 pp (in Russian)

840. Sokolovskiy MA (1988) Numerical modelling of nonlinear instability for axisymmetric two-layer vortices. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 24(7):536–542
841. Sokolovskiy MA (1989) Head-on collisions of distributed hetons. *Trans Dokl USSR Acad Sci Earth Sci Sect* 306(3):215–217
842. Sokolovskiy MA (1990) Numerical modelling of the interaction of distributed hetons during their head-on collisions. In: Kozlov VF (ed) *Method of contour dynamics in oceanological investigations*. FED USSR Acad Sci, Vladivostok, pp 40–57 (in Russian)
843. Sokolovskiy MA (1990) On the interaction of distributed hetons. Preprint. Pacific Oceanological Institute of Far East Division of Academy Sciences of USSR, Vladivostok, 20 pp (in Russian)
844. Sokolovskiy MA (1991) Modeling triple-layer vortical motions in the ocean by the Contour Dynamics Method. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 27(5):380–388
845. Sokolovskiy MA (1997) Stability of an axisymmetric three-layer vortex. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 33(1):16–26
846. Sokolovskiy MA (1997) Stability analysis of the axisymmetric three-layered vortex using contour dynamics method. *Comput Fluid Dyn J* 6(2):133–156
847. Sokolovskiy MA, Carton X (2010) Baroclinic multipole formation from heton interaction. *Fluid Dyn Res* 42:045501. doi:10.1088/0169-5983/42/4/045501
848. Sokolovskiy MA, Filyushkin BN, Carton X (2013) Dynamics of intrathermocline vortices in a gyre flow over a seamount chain. *Ocean Dyn* 63. doi:10.1007/s10236-013-0628-y
849. Sokolovskiy MA, Koshel KV, Carton X (2011) Baroclinic multipole evolution in shear and strain. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 105(4–5):506–535
850. Sokolovskiy MA, Koshel KV, Verron J (2013) Three-vortex quasi-geostrophic dynamics in a two-layer fluid. Part 1. Analysis of relative and absolute motions. *J Fluid Mech* 717:232–254
851. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2000) Finite-core hetons: stability and interactions. *J Fluid Mech* 423:127–154
852. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2000) Four-vortex motion in the two layer approximation: integrable case. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 5(4):413–436
853. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2002) Dynamics of the triangular two-layer vortex structures with zero total intensity. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 7(4):435–472
854. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2002) New stationary solutions to the problem of three vortices in a two-layer fluid. *Dokl Phys* 47(3):233–237
855. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2004) Dynamics of the three vortices in two-layer rotating fluid. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 9(4):417–438
856. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2006) Some properties of motion of $A + 1$ vortices in a two-layer rotating fluid. *Russ Sci J Nonlinear Dyn* 2(1):27–54 (in Russian)
857. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2008) Motion of $A + 1$ vortices in a two-layer rotating fluid. In: Borisov AV, Kozlov VV, Mamaev IS, Sokolovskiy MA (eds) *IUTAM symposium on hamiltonian dynamic, vortex strictures, turbulence (IUTAM Bookseries, vol 6)*. Springer, New York, pp 481–490
858. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J (2011) Dynamics of vortex structures in a stratified rotating fluid. Moscow-Izhevsk, Izhevsk Institution of Computer Science, 372 pp (in Russian)
859. Sokolovskiy M, Verron J, Carton X, Gryanik V (2010) On instability of elliptical hetons. *Theor Comput Fluid Dyn* 24(1–4):117–123
860. Sokolovskiy MA, Verron J, Vagina IM (2001) Effect of a submerged small-height obstacle on the dynamics of a distributed heton. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 37(1):122–133
861. Sokolovskiy MA, Zyryanov VN, Davies PA (1998) On the influence of an isolated submerged obstacle on a barotropic tidal flow. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 88(1):1–30
862. Solomon TH, Weeks ER, Swinney HL (1994) Chaotic advection in a two-dimensional flow: Lévy flights and anomalous diffusion. *Phys D* 76(1–3):70–84
863. Spall MA (1994) Mechanism for low-frequency variability and salt flux in Mediterranean salt tongue. *J Geophys Res* 99(C5):10121–10129
864. Spall MA, Chapman DC (1998) On the efficiency of baroclinic eddy heat transport across narrow fronts. *J Phys Oceanogr* 28(11):2275–2287

865. Spall MA, Richardson PL, Price J (1993) Advection and eddy mixing in the Mediterranean salt tongue. *J Mar Res* 51(4):797–818
866. Spohn A, Mory M, Hopfinger EJ (1993) Observations of vortex breakdown in an open cylindrical container with a rotating bottom. *Exp Fluids* 14(1–2):70–77
867. Spohn A, Mory M, Hopfinger EJ (1998) Experiments on vortex breakdown in a confined flow generated by a rotating disc. *J Fluid Mech* 370:73–99
868. Stammer D (1998) On eddy characteristics, eddy transports, and mean flow properties. *J Phys Oceanogr* 28(4):727–739
869. Stammer D, Hinrichsen H-H, Käse RH (1991) Can meddies be detected by satellite altimetry? *J Geophys Res* 96(C4):7005–7014
870. Stammer D, Wunsch C, Neyoshi K (2006) Temporal changes in ocean eddy transport. *J Phys Oceanogr* 36(3):543–550
871. Stegner A, Zeitlin V (1996) Asymptotic expansions and monopolar solitary Rossby vortices in barotropic and two-layer models. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 83(3–4):159–194
872. Stern ME (1975) Minimal properties of planetary eddies. *J Mar Res* 33(1):1–13
873. Stern ME (2000) Scattering of an eddy advected by a current towards a topographic obstacle. *J Fluid Mech* 402:211–223
874. Stewart KD, Hughes GO, Griffiths RW (2012) The role of turbulent mixing in an overturning circulation maintained by surface buoyancy forcing. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(11):1907–1922
875. Stirling JR (2003) Chaotic advection, transport and patchiness in clouds of pollution in an estuarine flow. *Discret Contin Dyn Syst Ser B* 3(2):263–284
876. Stremler MA, Aref H (1999) Motion of three point vortices in a periodic parallelogram. *J Fluid Mech* 392:101–128
877. Su CH (1979) Motion of fluid with constant vorticity in a singly-connected region. *Phys Fluids* 22(10):2032–2033
878. Sutyryn GG, Herbette S, Carton X (2011) Deformation and splitting of baroclinic eddies encountering a tall seamount. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 105(4–5):478–505
879. Sutyryn GG, Hesthaven JS, Lynov JP, Rasmussen JJ (1994) Dynamical properties of vortical structures on the beta-plane. *J Fluid Mech* 268:103–131
880. Sutyryn GG, McWilliams JC, Saravanan R (1998) Co-rotating stationary states and vertical alignment of geostrophic vortices with thin cores. *J Fluid Mech* 357:321–349
881. Sutyryn GG, Perrot X, Carton X (2008) Integrable motion of a vortex dipole in an axisymmetric flow. *Phys Lett* 372A:5452–5457
882. Sutyryn GG, Stegner A, Taupier-Letage I, Teinturier S (2009) Amplification of a surface-intensified eddy drift along a steep shelf in the Eastern Mediterranean Sea. *J Phys Oceanogr* 39(7):1729–1741
883. Swallow JG (1969) A deep eddy off Cape St. Vincent. *Deep-Sea Res* 16(Suppl):285–295
884. Swaters GE (1986) Stability conditions and a priori estimates for equivalent barotropic modons. *Phys Fluids* 29(5):1419–1422
885. Swenson M (1987) Instability of equivalent-barotropic riders. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(4):492–506
886. Synge J (1949) On the motion of three vortices. *Can J Math* 1:257–270
887. Tailleux R (2012) On the generalized eigenvalue problem for the Rossby wave vertical velocity in the presence of mean flow and topography. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(6):1045–1050
888. Takahashi J, Masuda A (1998) Mechanisms of the southward translation of meddies. *J Oceanogr* 54(6):669–680
889. Tan B, Boyd JP (1977) Dynamics of the Flierl-Petviashvili monopoles in a barotropic model with topographic forcing. *Wave Motion* 26(3):239–251
890. Tang B, Cushman-Roisin B (1992) Two-layer geostrophic dynamics: 2. Geostrophic turbulence. *J Phys Oceanogr* 22(2):128–138
891. Tansley CE, Marshall DP (2000) On the influence of bottom topography and the Deep Western Boundary Current on Gulf Stream separation. *J Mar Res* 58(2):297–325
892. Tavantzis J, Ting L (1988) The dynamics of three vortices revisited. *Phys Fluids* 31(6):1392–1409

893. Taylor GI (1921) Experiments with rotating fluids. *Proc R Soc Ser A* 100:114–121
894. Taylor GI (1923) Experiments on the motion of solid bodies in rotating fluids. *Proc R Soc Ser A* 104:213–218
895. Tél T, Gruiz M (2006) Chaotic dynamics. An introduction based on classical mechanics. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 412 pp
896. Temam R, Ziane M (2005) Some mathematical problems in geophysical fluid dynamics. In: Friedlander S, Serre D (eds) *Handbook of mathematical fluid dynamics*, vol 3. Elsevier, New York, pp 535–658
897. Tevs MV (1999) Kinematic study of the vertical structure of tropical cyclones on the basis of an N -level quasi-geostrophic atmospheric model. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 35(4):435–439
898. Thierry V, Morel Y (1999) Influence of a strong bottom slope on the evolution of a surface-intensified vortex. *J Phys Oceanogr* 29(5):911–924
899. Thivolle-Cazat E, Sommeria J, Galmiche M, Verron J (2001) An experimental investigation of heton instability in a rotating, two-layer fluid. In: Chashechkin YuD (ed) *Proceedings of the Moscow international conference on fluxes and structures in fluids*, Institute for Problems in Mechanics of RAS, Moscow, pp 205–206
900. Thivolle-Cazat E, Sommeria J, Galmiche M (2005) Baroclinic instability of two-layer vortices in laboratory experiments. *J Fluid Mech* 544:69–97
901. Thompson AF, Sallée J-B (2012) Jets and topography: jet transitions and the impact on transport in the Antarctic Circumpolar Current. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(6):956–972
902. Thompson L (1993) Two-layer quasigeostrophic flow over finite isolated topography. *J Phys Oceanogr* 23(7):1297–1314
903. Thompson L, Flierl GR (1993) Barotropic flow over finite isolated topography: steady solutions on the beta-plane and the initial value problem. *J Fluid Mech* 250:553–586
904. Thomson W (Lord Kelvin) (1875) Vortex statics. *Math Phys Pap IV*:115–128
905. Thomson W (Lord Kelvin) (1887) On the stability of steady and of periodic fluid motion. *Philos Mag ser 5*. 23(144):459–469
906. Tilburg CE, Hurlburt HE, O'Brien JJ, Shriver JF (2002) Remote topographic forcing of a baroclinic western boundary current: an explanation for the Southland Current and the pathway of the subtropical front east of New Zealand. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(11):3216–3232
907. Tkachenko VK (1966) On vortex lattices. *Sov Phys JETP* 22(6):1282–1286
908. Tkachenko VK (1966) Stability of vortex lattices. *Sov Phys JETP* 23(6):1049–1056
909. Trieling RR, van Heijst GJF, Kizner Z (2010) Laboratory experiments on multipolar vortices in a rotating fluid. *Phys Fluids* 22(9):094104. doi:10.1063/1.3481797
910. Trieling RR, Velasco Fuentes OU, van Heijst GJFR (2005) Interaction of two unequal corotating vortices. *Phys Fluids* 17(8):087103. doi:10.1063/1.1993887
911. Tritton DJ (1988) *Physical fluid dynamics*. Clarendon Press, Oxford, 536 pp
912. Tronin KG (2006) Absolute choreographies of point vortices on a sphere. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 11(1):123–130
913. Turkington B (1985) Corotating steady vortex flows with N -fold symmetry. *Nonlinear Anal Theor Methods Appl* 9(4):351–369
914. Tychensky A, Carton X (1998) Hydrological and dynamical characterization of meddies in the Azores region: a paradigm for baroclinic vortex dynamics. *J Geophys Res* 103(C11):25061–25079
915. Tychensky A, Le Traon P-Y, Hernandez F, Jourdan D (1998) Large structures and temporal change in the Azores Front during the SEMAPHORE experiment. *J Geophys Res* 103(C11):25009–25027
916. Uleysky MYu, Budyansky MV, Prants SV (2007) Effect of dynamical traps on chaotic transport in a meandering jet flow. *Chaos* 17(4):043105. doi:10.1063/1.2783258
917. Uleysky MYu, Budyansky MV, Prants SV (2008) Genesis and bifurcations of unstable periodic orbits in a jet flow. *J Phys A Math Theor* 41(2):215102. doi:10.1088/1751-8113/41/21/215102

918. Uleysky MYu, Budyansky MV, Prants SV (2010) Mechanism of destruction of the transport barriers in geophysical jets with Rossby waves. *Phys Rev E* 81(1):017202. doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.81.017202
919. Valcke S, Verron J (1993) On interactions between two finite-core hetons. *Phys Fluids A* 5(8):2058–2060
920. Valcke S, Verron J (1996) Cyclone-anticyclone asymmetry in the merging process. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 24(1–4):227–236
921. Valcke S, Verron J (1997) Interactions of baroclinic isolated vortices: the dominant effect of shielding. *J Phys Oceanogr* 27(4):524–541
922. Vallis GK (2006) Atmospheric and oceanic fluid dynamics: fundamentals and large-scale circulation. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 745 pp
923. Vandermeirsch FO, Carton XJ, Morel YG (2003) Interaction between an eddy and a zonal jet. Part I. One-and-a-half-layer model. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 36(4):247–270
924. Vandermeirsch FO, Carton XJ, Morel YG (2003) Interaction between an eddy and a zonal jet. Part II. Two-and-a-half-layer model. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 36(4):271–296
925. Vandermeirsch F, Morel Y, Sutyrin G (2001) The net convective effect of a vertically sheared current on a coherent vortex. *J Phys Oceanogr* 31(8):2210–2225
926. Vandermeirsch F, Morel Y, Sutyrin G (2002) Resistance of a coherent vortex to a vertical shear. *J Phys Oceanogr* 32(11):3089–3100
927. van der Toorn R, Zimmerman JTF (2010) Angular momentum dynamics and the intrinsic drift of monopolar vortices on a rotating sphere. *J Math Phys* 51(8):083102. doi:10.1063/1.3455315
928. van Geffen JHGM, Davies PA (1999) Interaction of a monopolar vortex with a topographic ridge. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 90(1–2):1–41
929. van Geffen JHGM, Davies PA (2000) A monopolar vortex encounters a north-south ridge or trough. *Fluid Dyn Res* 26(3):157–179
930. van Geffen JHGM, Davies PA (2000) A monopolar vortex encounters an isolated topographic feature on a β -plane. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 32(1):1–26
931. Van-Dyke M (1982) An album of fluid motion. Parabolic Press, Stanford.
932. van Heijst GJF (1994) Topography effects on vortices in a rotating fluid. *Meccanica* 29(4):431–451
933. van Heijst GJF, Clercx HJH (2009) Laboratory modeling of geophysical vortices. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 41:143–164
934. van Heijst GJF, Flór JB (1989) Laboratory experiments on dipole structures in a stratified fluids. In: Nihoul JCJ, Jamart BM (eds) Mesoscale/synoptic coherent structures in geophysical turbulence. Elsevier, Amsterdam/Oxford/New York/Tokyo, pp 591–608
935. van Heijst GJF, Kloosterziel RC (1989) Tripolar vortices in a rotating fluid. *Nature* 338:569–571
936. van Heijst GJF, Kloosterziel RC, Williams CWM (1991) Laboratory experiments on the tripolar vortex in a rotating fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 225:301–331
937. Velasco Fuentes OU (1994) Propagation and transport properties of dipolar vortices on a γ plane. *Phys Fluids* 6(10):3341–3352
938. Velasco Fuentes OU (2001) Chaotic advection by two interacting finite-area vortices. *Phys Fluids* 13(4):901–912
939. Velasco Fuentes OU, van Heijst GJF (1994) Experimental study of dipolar vortices on a topographic β -plane. *J Fluid Mech* 259:79–106
940. Velasco Fuentes OU, van Heijst GJF, Cremers BE (1995) Chaotic transport by dipolar vortices on the β -plane. *J Fluid Mech* 291:139–161
941. Velasco Fuentes OU, van Heijst GJF, van Lipzing NPM (1996) Unsteady behaviour of a topography-modulated tripole. *J Fluid Mech* 307:11–41
942. Venaille A (2012) Bottom-trapped currents as statistical equilibrium states above topographic anomalies. *J Fluid Mech* 699:500–510
943. Verron J (1986) Topographic eddies in temporally varying oceanic flows. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 35(1–4):257–276

944. Verron J, Hopfinger E (1991) The enigmatic merging conditions of two-layer baroclinic vortices. *C R Acad Sci Paris Ser II* 313(7):737–742
945. Verron J, Hopfinger E, McWilliams JC (1990) Sensitivity to initial conditions in the merging of two-layer baroclinic vortices. *Phys Fluids A*2(6):886–889
946. Verron J, Le Provost C (1985) A numerical study of quasigeostrophic flow over isolated topography. *J Fluid Mech* 154:231–252
947. Verron J, Le Provost C, Holland WR (1987) On the effects of a midocean ridge on the general circulation: numerical simulations with an eddy-resolved ocean model. *J Phys Oceanogr* 17(3):301–312
948. Verron J, Valcke S (1994) Scale-dependent merging of baroclinic vortices. *J Fluid Mech* 264:81–106
949. Vilela RD, de Moura APS, Grebory C (2006) Finite-size effects on open chaotic advection. *Phys Rev E* 73:026302. doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.73.026302
950. Villat H (1930) *Leçons sur la théorie des tourbillons*. Gauthier-Villars et cie, Paris, 300 pp
951. Visbeck M, Marshall J, Haine T, Spall M (1997) On the specification of eddy transfer coefficients in coarse-resolution ocean circulation models. *J Phys Oceanogr* 27(3):381–402
952. Visbeck M, Marshall J, Jones H (1996) Dynamics of isolated convective regions in the ocean. *J Phys Oceanogr* 26(9):1721–1734
953. Visheratin KN, Kalashnik MV (2007) Cyclostrophic adjustment and cooling processes in Ranque-vortex tube. *Int J Low-Carbon Tech* 2(1):10–19
954. Viúdez A (2010) Vertical splitting of vortices in geophysical dipoles. *J Phys Oceanogr* 40(9):2170–2179
955. von Hardenberg J, McWilliams JC, Provenzale A, Shchepetkin A, Weiss JB (2000) Vortex merging in quasi-geostrophic flows. *J Fluid Mech* 412:331–353
956. Voropayev SI (1992) Mushroom-like currents: the laboratory experiments, theory, numerical calculations. In: Barenblatt GI, Seidov DG, Sutyrin GG (eds) *Coherent structures and self-organisation of currents in the ocean*. Nauka, Moscow, pp 177–189 (in Russian)
957. Voropayev SI, Afanasyev YaD (1992) Two-dimensional vortex-dipole interactions in a stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 236:665–689
958. Vosbeek PWC, van Heijst GJF, Mogendorff VP (2001) The strain rate in evolution of elliptical vortices in inviscid two-dimensional flows. *Phys Fluids* 13(12):3699–3708
959. Vranješ J, Marić G, Shukla PK (1999) Tripolar vortices and vortex chains in dusty plasma. *Phys Lett A* 258(4–6):317–322
960. Vranješ J, Okamoto A, Yoshimura S, Poedts S, Kono M, Tanaka MY (2002) Analytical description of a neutral-induced tripole vortex in a plasma. *Phys Rev Lett* 89(26). doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.89.265002
961. Vranješ J, Stenflo L, Shukla PK (2000) Tripolar vortices and vortex chains in a shallow atmosphere. *Phys Lett A* 267(2–3):184–187
962. Vukovich FM, Waddell E (1991) Interaction of a warm core ring with the western slope in the Gulf of México. *J Phys Oceanogr* 21(7):1062–1074
963. Waite ML, Smolarkiewicz PK (2008) Instability and breakdown of a vertical vortex pair in a strongly stratified fluid. *J Fluid Mech* 606:239–273
964. Wåhlin AK (2004) Topographic advection of dense bottom water. *J Fluid Mech* 510:95–104
965. Walsh D, Pratt LJ (1995) The interaction of a pair of point potential vortices in uniform shear. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 22(3):135–160
966. Wan Y-H (1986) The stability of rotating vortex patches. *Commun Math Phys* 107(1):1–20
967. Wan Y-H, Pulvirenti M (1985) Nonlinear stability of circular vortex patches. *Commun Math Phys* 99(3):435–450
968. Wang GH, Dewar WK (2003) Meddy-seamount interactions: Implications for the Mediterranean salt tongue. *J Phys Oceanogr* 33(11):2446–2461
969. Warren BA, Wunsch C (1981) *Evolution of physical oceanography*. MIT Press, Cambridge, 623 pp
970. Waseda T, Mitsudera H (2002) Chaotic advection of the shallow Kuroshio coastal waters. *J Oceanogr* 58(5):627–638

971. Waseda T, Mitsudera H, Taguchi B, Yoshikawa Y (2002) On the eddy-Kuroshio interaction: evolution of the mesoscale eddy. *J Geophys Res.* doi:10.1029/2000JC000756
972. Waugh DW (1992) The efficiency of symmetric vortex merger. *Phys Fluids A* 4(8):1745–1758
973. Waugh DW (1993) Subtropical stratospheric mixing linked to disturbances in the polar vortices. *Nature* 365(6446):535–537
974. Waugh DW, Keating SR, Chen M-L (2012) Diagnosing ocean stirring: comparison of relative dispersion and finite-time Lyapunov exponents. *J Phys Oceanogr* 42(35):1173–1185
975. Welander P (1955) Studies of the general development of motion in a two-dimensional, ideal fluid. *Tellus* 7(2):141–156
976. White AJ, McDonald NR (2004) The motion of a point vortex near large-amplitude topography in a two-layer fluid. *J Phys Oceanogr* 34(12):2808–2824
977. Whitehead JA (1995) Thermohaline ocean processes and models. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 27:89–113
978. Whitehead JA, Marshall J, Hufford GE (1996) Localized convection in a rotating stratified fluid. *J Geophys Res* 101(C10):25705–25721
979. Whitehead JA, Wang W (2008) A laboratory model of vertical ocean circulation driven by mixing. *J Phys Oceanogr* 38(5):1091–1106
980. Widnall SE, Sullivan JP (1973) On the stability of vortex rings. *Proc R Soc Lond A* 332:335–353
981. Wiggins S (2005) The dynamical systems approach to Lagrangian transport in oceanic flows. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 37:295–328
982. Winant CD, Browand FK (1974) Vortex pairing: the mechanism of turbulent mixing-layer growth at moderate Reynolds number. *J Fluid Mech* 63(2):237–255
983. Wirth A (2000) The parametrization of baroclinic instability in a simple model. *J Mar Res* 58(4):571–583
984. Wirth A, Barnier B (2008) Mean circulation and structures of tilted ocean deep convection. *J Phys Oceanogr* 38(4):803–816
985. Woodgate RA, Aagaard K, Muench RD, Gunn J, Björk G, Rudels B, Roach AT, Schauer U (2001) The Arctic ocean boundary current along the Eurasian slope and the adjacent Lomonosov Ridge: water mass properties, transports and transformations from moored instruments. *Deep Sea Res I* 48(8):1757–1792
986. Wu HM, Overman EA II, Zabusky NJ (1984) Steady-state solutions of the Euler equations: rotating and translating V-states with limiting cases. I. Numerical algorithms and results. *J Comput Phys* 53(1):42–71
987. Wu J-Z, Ma H-Y, Zhou M-D (2006) *Vorticity and vortex dynamics*. Springer, Berlin/Heidelberg 776 pp
988. Wunsch C, Ferrari R (2004) Vertical mixing, energy, and the general circulation of the oceans. *Annu Rev Fluid Mech* 36:281–314
989. Wüst G (1935) Schichtung und zirkulation des Atlantischen Ozean. *Die Stratosphäre. Exped. "Meteor" 1925–27. Wiss Ergeb Bd* 6(1):106 pp
990. Yang H (1993) Chaotic mixing and transport in wave systems and atmosphere. *Int J Bifurc Chaos* 3(6):1423–1445
991. Yang H (1996) Chaotic transport and mixing by ocean gyre circulation. In: Adler J, Muller P, Rozovskii B (eds) *Stochastic modeling in physical oceanography*. Birkhauser, Boston, pp 439–466
992. Yang H (1996) The subtropical/subpolar gyre exchange in the presence of annually migrating wind and meandering jet: water mass exchange. *J Phys Oceanogr* 26(1):115–139
993. Yang H (1996) Lagrangian modeling of potential vorticity homogenization and the associated front in the Gulf Stream. *J Phys Oceanogr* 26(11):2480–2496
994. Yang H (1998) The central barrier, asymmetry and random phase in chaotic transport and mixing by Rossby waves in a jet. *Int J Bifurc Chaos* 8(6):1131–1152
995. Yang H, Liu Z (1994) Chaotic transport in a double gyre ocean. *Geophys Res Lett* 21(7):545–548

996. Yang H, Liu Z (1997) The three-dimensional chaotic transport and the great ocean barrier. *J Phys Oceanogr* 27(7):1258–1273
997. Yasuda I (1995) Geostrophic vortex merger and streamer development in the ocean with special reference to the merger of Kuroshio warm core ring. *J Phys Oceanogr* 25(5):979–996
998. Yasuda I, Flierl GR (1995) Two-dimensional asymmetric vortex merger: contour dynamics experiment. *J Oceanogr* 51(2):145–170
999. Yasuda I, Flierl GR (1997) Two-dimensional asymmetric vortex merger: merger dynamics and critical merger distance. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 26(3):159–181
1000. Yatsuyanagi Y, Hatori T, Kato T (2001) Chaotic reconnection due to fast mixing of vortex-current filaments. *Earth Planets Space* 53:615–618
1001. Yegorikhin VD, Ivanov YA, Kort VG, Koshlyakov MN, Lukashev YF, Morozov EG, Ovchinnikov IM, Paka VT, Tsybaneva TB, Shadrin IF, Shapovalov SM (1987) An intrathermocline lens of Mediterranean water in the tropical North Atlantic. *Oceanology* 27(2):121–127
1002. Yemel'yanov MN, Fedorov KN (1985) Structure and transformation of intermediate waters of the Mediterranean Sea and Atlantic Ocean. *Oceanology* 25(2):155–161
1003. Young WR (1985) Some interactions between small numbers of baroclinic, geostrophic vortices. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 33(1–4):35–61
1004. Youssef A, Marcus PS (2003) The dynamics of Jovian white ovals from formation to merger. *Icarus* 162(1):74–93
1005. Yuan G-C, Pratt LJ, Jones CKRT (2002) Barrier destruction and Lagrangian predictability at depth in a meandering jet. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 35(1):41–61
1006. Zabusky NJ, Hughes MH, Roberts KV (1979) Contour dynamics for the Euler equations in two dimensions. *J Comput Phys* 30(1):96–106
1007. Zaslavsky GM (2007) *The physics of chaos in Hamiltonian systems*, 2nd edn. Imperial College Press, London, 315 pp
1008. Zatsepin AG, Ginzburg AI, Kostyanoy AG, Kremenetskiy VV, Krivosheya VG, Stanichny SV, Poulain P-M (2003) Observation of Black Sea mesoscale eddies and associated horizontal mixing. *J Geophys Res* 108(C8):3246. doi:10.1029/2002JC001390
1009. Zatsepin AG, Kostyanoy AG (1992) Laboratory study of the instability of baroclinic eddies and fronts. In: Barenblatt GI, Seidov DG, Sutyryn GG (eds) *Coherent structures and self-organisation of currents in the ocean*. Nauka, Moscow, pp 163–177 (in Russian)
1010. Zavala Sansón L (2000) The effects of topography on rotating barotropic flows. Proefschrift. Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, Eindhoven, 152 pp
1011. Zavala Sansón L (2002) Vortex-ridge interaction in a rotating fluid. *Dyn Atmos Oceans* 35(4):299–325
1012. Zavala Sansón L (2010) Solutions of barotropic trapped waves around seamounts. *J Fluid Mech* 661:32–44
1013. Zavala Sansón L, Aguiar ACB, van Heijst GJF (2012) Horizontal and vertical motions of barotropic vortices over a submarine mountain. *J Fluid Mech* 695:173–198
1014. Zavala Sansón L, van Heijst GJF (2000) Interaction of barotropic vortices with coastal topographies: laboratory experiments and numerical simulation. *J Phys Oceanogr* 30(9):2141–2162
1015. Zavala Sansón L, van Heijst GJF (2002) Ekman effects in a rotating flow over bottom topography. *J Fluid Mech* 471:239–255
1016. Zehnder JA (1993) The influence of large-scale topography on barotropic vortex motion. *J Atmos Sci* 50(15):2519–2532
1017. Zelenko AA, Resnyansky YuD (2007) Deep convection in the ocean general circulation model: variability on the diurnal, seasonal, and interannual time scales. *Oceanology* 47(2):191–204
1018. Zeng X, Pielke RA, Eykholt R (1993) Chaos theory and its applications to the atmosphere. *Bull Am Meteorol Soc* 74(4):631–644
1019. Zenk W, Schultz Tokos K, Boebel O (1992) New observations of meddy movement south of the Tejo Plateau. *Geophys Res Lett* 12(24):2389–2392

1020. Zhikharev G (1989) Stability of steady circulation regims with a nonzonal mean flow over wary topography in a barotropic model of the open ocean. *J Phys Oceanogr* 19(3):392–395
1021. Zhikharev GM (1990) On steady and travelling waves over bottom topography in the model of homogeneous flow in a beta-plane channel. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 54(3–4):159–279
1022. Zhikharev GM (1994) On steady quasi-geostrophic flow component formation over undulating bottom topography: Part I. Low-order and direct numerical simulations of homogeneous flows. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 74(1–4):99–122
1023. Zhikharev GM (1995) On steady quasi-geostrophic flow component formation over undulating bottom topography: Part II. A two-layer low-order model of the open ocean. *Geophys Astrophys Fluid Dyn* 80(3–4):145–166
1024. Zhmur VV (2011) Mesoscale ocean eddies. GEOS, Moscow, 290 pp (in Russian)
1025. Zhmur VV, Pankratov KK (1990) Distant interaction for an ensemble of quasigeostrophic eddies. The hamiltonian formulation. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 26(9):714–720
1026. Zhmur VV, Ryzhov EA, Koshel KV (2011) Ellipsoidal vortex in a nonuniform flow: dynamics and chaotic advection. *J Mar Res* 69(2–3):435–461
1027. Zhmur VV, Shchepetkin AF (1991) Evolution of an ellipsoidal vortex in a stratified ocean in the f-plane approximation. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 27(5):337–345
1028. Zhmur VV, Shchepetkin AF (1992) Interaction between two quasigeostrophic baroclinic vortices: tendency to come together and merge. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 28(5):407–417
1029. Zhurbas VM, Oh IS, Pyzhevich ML (2003) Maps of horizontal diffusivity and Lagrangian scales in the Pacific Ocean obtained from drifter data. *Oceanology* 43(5):622–631
1030. Ziglin SL (1980) Nonintegrability of the problem on the motion of four point vortices. *Sov Math Dokl* 21:296–299
1031. Zyryanov VN (1981) A contribution to the theory of Taylor columns in a stratified ocean. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 17(10):793–800
1032. Zyryanov VN (1985) Theory of steady ocean currents. Gydrometeoizdat, Leningrad, 248 pp (in Russian)
1033. Zyryanov VN (1986) Meandering flow past bottom relief. *Izv Atmos Ocean Phys* 22(12):1009–1014
1034. Zyryanov VN (1995) Topographic eddies in sea currents dynamics. WPI RAS, Moscow, 240 pp (in Russian)
1035. Zyryanov VN (2003) Topographic vortices in a stratified ocean. In: Borisov AV, Mamaev IS, Sokolovskiy MA (eds) Fundamental and applied problems of the vortex theory. Institute of Computer Science, Moscow–Izhevsk, pp 623–673 (in Russian)
1036. Zyryanov VN (2006) Topographic eddies in a stratified ocean. *Regul Chaotic Dyn* 11(4):491–521
1037. Zyryanov VN (2009) Secondary toroidal Taylor vortices above bottom perturbations in a rotating fluid. *Dokl Phys* 54(7):338–344
1038. Zyryanov VN (2011) Secondary toroidal vortices above seamounts. *J Mar Res* 69(2–3):463–481

Index

Symbols

Λ -shaped structure, 252, 254
 Λ -shaped tripole, 320
 Λ -shaped vortex tripole, 273
1-modal heton, 175, 177
2-modal, 319
2-modal heton, 175, 177

A

Absolute choreography, 29
Advection, 56, 152, 162
Antiheton, 71, 76–78
Antiheton (finite-core or distributed), 179, 255, 256, 269

B

Ballistic trajectory, 188, 189, 320, 321
Bottom topography, 8, 23, 35, 270, 271, 273, 275, 300, 301, 304–306, 308–310, 312, 320, 321, 323, 324

C

CDM, 180, 182, 221, 230, 289, 313
Chaotic advection, 163, 164, 169, 248, 317, 322
Chaotic behavior, 104, 105, 166, 169, 290, 292
Chaotic domain, 101, 106, 107, 110, 168, 317, 322
Chaotic layer, 102
Chaotic mixing, 173
Chaotic motion, 8, 48, 106
Chaotic properties, 152
Chaotic regime, 37, 46, 97, 98, 158
Chaotic trajectory, 104, 110

Chaotic trajectory corridor, 110
Chaotic transport, 163, 165, 168, 175
Chaotic transport corridor, 99, 100
Chaplygin vortex, 221
Choreography, 29, 53, 55–57, 76, 126, 127, 129, 135, 137–139, 317
Choreography absolute, 55, 56, 70, 130, 135, 137
Choreography complex, 138
Choreography complex relative, 137
Choreography generalized absolute, 70, 77, 85, 121, 318
Choreography relative, 54, 61, 62, 76, 77, 126–128, 130–133, 135–139
Choreography simple, 138
Choreography tripole-shaped absolute complex, 54
Choreography tripole-shaped relative complex, 54
Cold heton, 2, 3, 70, 71
Cold heton (finite-core or distributed), 246, 248, 249
Complex choreography, 29
Contour dynamics method (CDM), 2, 9, 15, 305, 307
Contour surgery, 16, 17, 251

D

Deep convection, 6, 179, 188
Diamond-shape structure, 252, 253
Double capture, 318

E

Eccentric roundabout, 117, 118, 120, 122, 127, 144, 145

- Elliptic heton (finite-core or distributed), 220–227, 293
- Elliptic singular points, 74, 89, 96, 116, 117, 122
- Elliptic vortex patch, 221, 222, 226, 293, 294, 296, 297
- F**
- Filamentation, 192, 204, 270, 271, 293
- Froude number, 12, 281, 298
- H**
- HD-shaped vortex structure, 257
- Heton, 2, 37, 40–44, 46–50, 57–61, 63, 65, 67–69, 73, 120
- Heton (discrete or point), 191, 199, 226, 235, 245, 320
- Heton (discrete or point) m-modal, 5
- Heton (discrete or point) model, 321
- Heton (discrete or point) nonmodal, 177, 319
- Heton (discrete or point) with tilted axis, 2
- Heton (discrete or point) with vertical axis, 2, 6
- Heton (finite-core or distributed), 2, 3, 5, 179, 182, 183, 185, 188–191, 199, 200, 202, 203, 220, 222, 228–232, 234, 235, 237–240, 242–246, 249–256, 260–262, 264, 265, 267, 269–271, 322
- Heton (finite-core or distributed) stable, 215, 217–220, 222, 224
- Heton (finite-core or distributed) unstable, 215, 225, 226
- Heton (finite-core or distributed) with vertical axis, 180, 191, 201, 202, 220, 313, 314
- Heton (point or discrete), 191
- Heton 2-modal, 175
- Heton in three-layer fluid (finite-core or distributed), 281, 283, 284, 313–315
- Heton quartet, 68
- Heton theory, 321
- Heton with a vertical axis (finite-core or distributed), 181
- Heton with arc-shaped axis, 175, 177, 281, 314
- Heton with tilted axis (finite-core or distributed), 4, 5, 191, 199–204, 222, 223, 229, 231, 234, 243, 265, 270–280
- Heton with vertical (finite-core or distributed), 223
- Heton with vertical axis (finite-core or distributed), 3, 200, 220–222, 224, 227, 229, 234, 272
- Heton-type ring, 199
- Hyperbolic singular points, 89, 90, 96, 116, 117, 122, 173, 226, 306
- I**
- Integral invariant, 12, 14, 25, 26, 112, 118, 120, 123, 125, 134
- Intrathermocline vortex (lens or meddy), 1, 6–8, 285, 286, 288–290, 294–302, 304, 305, 307–310, 312, 320, 323
- Inverse roundabout, 82, 83, 89, 90, 94, 116, 120
- K**
- Kida vortex, 221
- Kirchhoff vortex, 221
- Kizner quartet, 68
- Kizner' heton quartet, 67
- L**
- L-shaped tripole, 320
- L-shaped vortex tripole, 256, 269
- LH-shaped vortex structure, 262
- LH-shaped vortex tripole, 262
- M**
- m-modal heton, 175
- Meddy, 8, 179, 285, 301, 305, 310–312
- Mediterranean Water (MW), 6, 8, 285
- Merger of vortex patches, 287
- Merging of vortex patch, 230, 235, 313, 314, 322
- Merging of vortex patches, 179, 239, 245, 251, 252, 267, 271, 289–292, 299, 315
- Mixing, 173, 179, 200, 248, 250, 279, 291, 292, 299, 310, 311, 320, 322
- Modon, 5, 68, 217, 219, 220, 324
- Mushroom-shaped vortex structures, 197, 198
- MW, 311
- N**
- Nonlinear resonance, 97–107, 109, 110, 162–173

O

- O-shaped generalized absolute choreography, 70
- O-shaped trajectory, 70, 229, 244, 245
- Ouboukhov–Rossby scale, 14
- Ordinary roundabout, 82, 83, 94, 116, 120

P

- Phase portrait, 42–44, 51–53, 69, 73, 74, 91, 97, 99, 104, 111–116, 121, 125, 126, 130, 134, 139, 145
- Poincaré section, 100, 101, 103–109, 166, 168, 174
- Potential vorticity, 2–4, 9, 11, 13–15, 19, 31, 284, 299

R

- Relative choreography, 29
- Relative vorticity, 299
- Rossby, 322
- Rossby number, 11, 324
- Rossby radius, 12, 24, 206, 217, 219, 298, 322
- Rossby wave, 321
- Rossby wave solitary, 324
- Rotating heton quartet, 78
- Roundabout, 82, 83, 92, 95, 120, 130
- Roundabout eccentric, 165
- Roundabout three-layer, 176

S

- Simple choreography, 29
- Singular points, 89, 91, 96, 97, 115
- Stable heton (finite-core or distributed), 275
- Stationary state, 126, 143, 144, 164
- Stationary states of heton, 205, 317, 318
- Stochastic layer, 48, 99, 102–110, 164, 170, 171, 173, 174
- Stochastic sea, 106, 164, 167, 171, 172
- Symmetric eccentric roundabout, 84

T

- T-shaped vortex t , 256
- TD-shaped vortex structure, 257, 258
- Three-layer flow, 29
- Three-layer fluid, 2, 5, 33, 37, 175, 176, 289, 293, 319
- Three-layer heton (finite-core or distributed), 5

- Three-layer model, 1, 5, 29, 31, 177, 277, 278, 284, 285, 288, 306
- Three-layer ocean, 35
- Three-layer ocean model, 9
- Three-layer roundabout, 319
- Three-layer symmetric reverse roundabout, 176
- Three-layer symmetric roundabout, 176
- Three-layer tripole, 176, 319
- Three-layer vortex, 31, 32
- Three-tier roundabout, 319
- Top, 177, 319
- Trajectory distributed of finite-core vortex, 215, 252, 253, 288, 304
- Trilinear coordinates, 26, 50, 52, 53, 68, 69, 74, 111, 128, 130, 134
- Tripolar vortex structure, 77, 83, 84, 144, 162, 252–254, 258, 262, 269, 270, 273, 275, 297, 298, 309, 315, 320
- Triton, 120, 121, 127, 132, 140–142, 144
- Two-layer fluid, 2, 15, 26, 35, 37, 38, 41, 79, 83, 192, 226, 288
- Two-layer model, 2, 29, 39, 41, 177, 197, 270, 313, 324
- Two-tier top, 39, 318

U

- U-shaped structure, 240
- Unstable heton (finite-core or distributed), 182, 184–191, 199, 200, 204, 223, 227, 239

V

- Vortex, 223, 226, 235, 236, 250
- Vortex (discrete or point), 234, 243, 245, 246, 252
- Vortex (finite-core or distributed), 234, 242–244, 246, 251, 252, 275, 299
- Vortex Carton–McWilliams, 192
- Vortex pair, 250, 252
- Vortex patch, 2, 16, 17, 24, 31, 32, 180, 182, 184, 185, 188, 189, 192, 199, 200, 202–205, 220–223, 226, 228–232, 234–236, 238–240, 242–246, 248–261, 264, 265, 270, 271, 273–277, 280, 281, 283–287, 289–293, 295, 298, 299, 301, 302, 304, 307, 310, 315
- Vortex structure, 231–234, 236–244, 250, 307

- Vortex structure (both, discrete or point and finite-core or distributed), 1
- Vortex structure (discrete or point), 2, 5, 28, 29, 37, 41, 44, 49, 55, 56, 63, 67, 68, 70, 74, 78
- Vortex structure (discrete or point) with tilted axis, 5, 39, 41, 42, 73, 177
- Vortex structure (finite-core or distributed), 4, 16, 33, 323
- Vortex structure double capture, 54
- Vortex structure stationary states, 319
- Vortex topographic, 275, 277
- Vortex trajectory, 68, 69, 75–77
- Vorticity, 2, 5
- W**
- Warm and cold heton (finite-core or distributed), 3, 255, 260–266
- Warm heton, 2, 3, 70, 71
- Z**
- Z-shaped tripole, 77, 320
- Z-shaped vortex tripole, 255–258, 262, 267, 269
- Zigzag-shaped quartet, 67, 71, 72, 74, 260, 261, 318, 319, 322
- ZT-shaped vortex tripole, 258