

# Index

## A

- Amazon AWS, 104
- ANSI SQL Standard Scalable and Portable (AS<sup>3</sup>AP), 41–42

## B

- Benchmark factory (BMF)
  - database benchmark
    - results, 91
    - running, 90
    - selection, 87–88
  - database connection, 86
  - distributed architecture, 124
  - hardware stressing
    - workloads, 183
  - mixed transaction workloads, 182
  - quest's, 85
  - test data, 89
  - user-customized
    - benchmarks, 181
  - web page, 84
- Benchmarking efforts
  - database preparation, 106
  - distorting factors, 112
  - preparation, 102
  - sizing, 110

- time line, 108
- workload capture, 111

- Benchmarking mistakes
  - no big red easy button, 119
  - required tools, 117
  - tool deployment, 123

## C

- Cardiac stress test, 118, 196–197
- Codd's 12 rules, 4
- Columnstore *vs.* rowstore, 161–164
- Conceptual data model, 39
- Create table as select (CTAS), 122

## D

- Database benchmark, 3, 15
- Database consolidation
  - benchmarking setup, 175
  - database coexistence, 174–176
  - database instances, 171
  - divide and conquer
    - strategy, 173
  - mixing benchmarks
    - hardware stressing
      - workloads, 183
    - transaction workloads, 182

## INDEX

- Database consolidation (*cont.*)
  - types, 179
  - user-customized
    - benchmarks, 181
  - multiple virtual machines, 173
  - Oracle and SQL Server, 169
  - physical server, 171
  - server distribution, 177–178
  - single virtual machine, 172
  - unforeseen issues, 176–177
- Database simulation
  - Calibrate IO, 56–58
  - Orion, 54–55
  - SQLIOSIM, 53–54
  - SQLIOSTRESS, 52
- Database stress testing, 2–3, 15
- Database structural
  - diagram (DSD), 148
- DBBENCHMARK tool
  - command-line interface, 224
  - CPU, 230
  - file types, 228–229
  - IO, 232–233
  - MySQL version, 224
  - Oracle 12c R2 database
    - sitting, 225
  - RAM, 231–232
  - RUN QUE, 230–231
  - self-explanatory
    - parameters, 223
- DBT2, 7
- Debit-Credit Benchmark, *see* TP1
- Dell DVD Store benchmark, 6
- DVD Store Version 2 (DS2), 6

## E, F, G

- Electrocardiogram (ECG), 118
- Entity relationship
  - diagram (ERD), 148
- Environmental protection
  - agency (EPA), 9

## H

- HammerDB, database
  - benchmarking
    - autopilot, 81, 83
    - config.xml, 60
    - database benchmarking tool, 59
    - driver settings, autopilot, 82
    - execution, 76–77
    - load driver script, 69
    - monitoring, performance, 78–80
    - schema build options
      - building and loading
        - database objects, 65
      - critical, 66–67
      - load complete, 68
      - oracle, 64
    - selection, 61
    - virtual users, creation, 73
    - Windows and Linux versions, 59
- Hardware options
  - AHCI and SAS/SATA
    - protocols, 143
  - architectural diagram,
    - components, 136
  - CPU and memory, 138–139
  - IO appliances, 144

- NAND chips, 143
- NIC, 136
- spinning disks, 140–142
- spotlight on RAC, 137
- SSD disk technology, 143
- storage technologies, 142–143
- ten-node oracle RAC cluster, 137
- Herculean task, 201
- Host bus adapters (HBAs), 177
- Human factors
  - self-fulfilling prophecy, 126
  - validate our direction, 125–126

## I, J, K

- Intel/Linux servers, 126
- IO's per second (IOPS), 221

## L

- Link Aggregation Control
  - Protocol (LACP), 194
- Linux kernel, 192
- Logical units (LUNs), 107

## M

- Microsoft DISKSPD, 52
- Microsoft SQLIO, 51
- Misconceptions, benchmarking
  - DBA to perform benchmark
    - tests, 131
  - default database setup/
    - configuration, 129–130

- default operating system
  - configuration, 129
- design database objects, 130
- expensive SAN, 128
- HammerDB, 130
- hardware platform, 131
- Quest's Benchmark Factory, 127
- transactions per second, 132–133
- Mixed transaction workloads, 182
- MS SQL Server, 103
- MySQL Benchmark Tool, 7

## N

- Network interface cards (NICs),
  - 136, 177
- NoSQL database, 103

## O

- Online e-commerce test, 6
- Online transaction
  - processing (OLTP), 17
- Oracle, 103
- Oracle Enterprise Linux, 201
- Oracle ORION, 55
- Oracle Real Application
  - Cluster (RAC), 113, 136

## P

- PostgreSQL, 7
- Power Shell, 222
- Proof of concept (POC), 10

## INDEX

### Public cloud

- Amazon's AWS and  
Microsoft Azure, 199
- availability zones, 202
- Azure regions, 205
- databases, 199
- image right sizing, 200

## Q, R

- Quest Software's Benchmark  
Factory (BMF), 123, 180, 216
- Quest Software's Toad Data  
Modeler, 151

## S

- Server distribution, 177-178
- Service level agreement (SLA), 104
- Silly Little Oracle Benchmark  
(SLOB), 6, 96, 222
- Software options, benchmarking
  - columnstore *vs.*  
rowstore, 161-164
  - data compression, 155-157
  - DSD, 148
  - ERD, 148
  - in-memory tables
    - column store architecture,  
Oracle's, 165
    - TPC-H Improvements, 167
  - partitioning larger objects
    - ORDERS table, 153
    - TPC-H improvements, 154

### pinning tables in

- memory, 159-161
- SSD extension, 157-159
- TPC-DS benchmark, 150-151
- TPC-H benchmark
  - entire schema, 149
- Solid state disk (SSD), 142-143
- Spinning disks, 140-142
- SQL Server, 188
- Storage area network  
(SAN), 102
- Storage benchmarking
  - DISKSPD, 51-52
  - HDPARM, 50
  - SQLIO, 50-51
  - WINSAT, 49
- Structured Query  
Language (SQL), 4
- Swingbench, TPC-DS
  - creation running, 94
  - creation wizard, 93
  - initiate execution, 95
  - logging and performance, 96
  - web page, 92

## T

- Ten-node oracle RAC
  - cluster, 137
- TP1, 5
- Transaction Processing  
Council (TPC), 5
  - data integration, 38-40
  - TPC-A, 42

TPC-B, 43  
 TPC-C  
     advantages and  
     disadvantages, 20  
     OLTP database  
     benchmark, 17–18, 20  
     spec, 17  
     TPC-E *vs.*, 23–24  
 TPC-D, 43  
 TPC-DS  
     advantages and  
     disadvantages, 35  
     business query 6, 36  
     conceptual model, 38  
     definition, 31  
     spec, 31  
     star schema  
     design, 31–35, 150  
 TPC-E  
     advantages and  
     disadvantages, 25  
     characteristics, 22  
     data model, 23  
     OLTP benchmark, 22  
     spec, 21  
     TPC-C *vs.*, 23–24  
 TPC-H  
     advantages and  
     disadvantages, 28  
     data model, 26, 28  
     definition, 26  
     Q20, 29–30  
     spec, 26  
     structural diagram, 148–149

TPC-R, 44  
 TPC-VMS, 40  
 TPC-W, 44–45

## U

User-customized  
     benchmarks, 181

## V

Virtualization effort  
     BIOS settings, 186  
     CPU guidelines, 187  
     disk IO, 194  
     memory, 190  
     monitoring issues, 196  
     network, 192  
     VM configuration, 187  
 VMware ESX server, 185  
 VMXNET3, 192

## W, X, Y, Z

Windows WINSAT, 49  
 Wisconsin, 41  
 Workload capture and replay, 8, 15  
     database benchmarking  
     tool, 216  
     duration, 211  
     hardware/software, 208–209  
     industry-standard  
     benchmarks, 207  
     infrastructure, 210  
     IO bandwidth, 209

## INDEX

### Workload capture and replay (*cont.*)

- limit trace file, 220
- NAS/SAN device, 210
- Oracle commands, 217
- Oracle trace files, 218–219
- production database server, 209

- replay architecture, 213
- results, 215
- SSD and NVMe, 208
- stress testing, 207
- time zero, 208
- tools, 210
- TPC-H database, 216