

Erratum to: Transverse polarization of top quarks produced in e^+e^- -annihilation at $O(\alpha_s)$

S. Groote^{1,2,a}, J.G. Körner²

¹Loodus- ja Tehnoloogiateaduskond, Füüsika Instituut, Tartu Ülikool, Tähe 4, 51010 Tartu, Estonia

²Institut für Physik, Johannes-Gutenberg-Universität, Staudinger Weg 7, 55099 Mainz, Germany

Received: 29 July 2010 / Published online: 24 September 2010

© Springer-Verlag / Società Italiana di Fisica 2010

Erratum to: Z. Phys. C 72, 255–261 (1996)
DOI 10.1007/s002880050243

We discovered a sign mistake in the normal polarization contribution $H_I^{1,2N'}(\alpha_s)$ given in equation (32) of the above paper. The corrected contribution reads

$$\hat{H}_I^{1,2N'}(\alpha_s) = \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} N_C C_F \frac{m\sqrt{q^2}}{2\sqrt{2}} \pi v. \quad (32)$$

We are now in agreement with the results of Ref. [1]. This correction leads to substantial changes in our Figs. 2b and 3b, which display the $\cos\theta$ dependence of the normal polarization for top and bottom quarks. The corrected figures are shown below.

In addition, (34) and (35) should be replaced by

$$\frac{d\sigma^{\perp'}}{d\cos\theta} = -\frac{\pi\alpha^2 v}{2\sqrt{2}q^4} \left\{ \sin 2\theta (g_{13}\hat{H}_I^{3\perp'} + g_{14}\hat{H}_I^{4\perp'}) + 2\sin\theta (g_{41}\hat{H}_A^{1\perp'} + g_{42}\hat{H}_A^{2\perp'}) \right\}, \quad (34)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma^{N'}}{d\cos\theta} = -\frac{\pi\alpha^2 v}{2\sqrt{2}q^4} \left\{ \sin 2\theta (g_{11}\hat{H}_I^{1N'} + g_{12}\hat{H}_I^{2N'}) + 2\sin\theta (g_{43}\hat{H}_A^{3N'} + g_{44}\hat{H}_A^{4N'}) \right\} \quad (35)$$

in order to be applicable also to the $O(\alpha_s)$ real part and Born term contributions.

Acknowledgements We would like to thank Willi van Neerven (dec.) for pointing out the error in our original publication.

The online version of the original article can be found under doi:10.1007/s002880050243.

^ae-mail: groote@thep.physik.uni-mainz.de

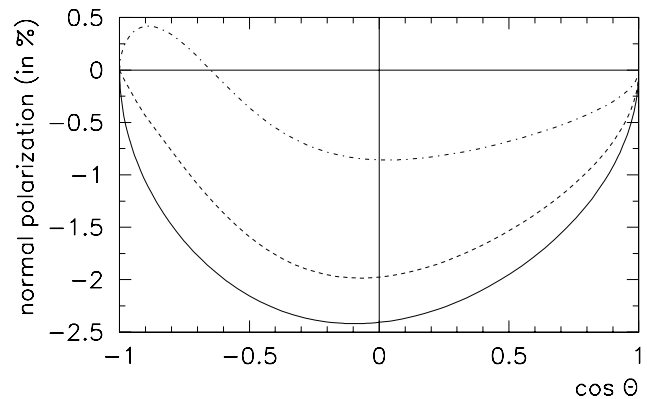


Fig. 2b Transverse normal polarization for the top quark with mass $m_t = 174$ GeV and running constant α_s , $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.118$ at three different energies ($\sqrt{q^2} = 360$ GeV (full line), 500 GeV (dashed) and 1000 GeV (dash-dotted))

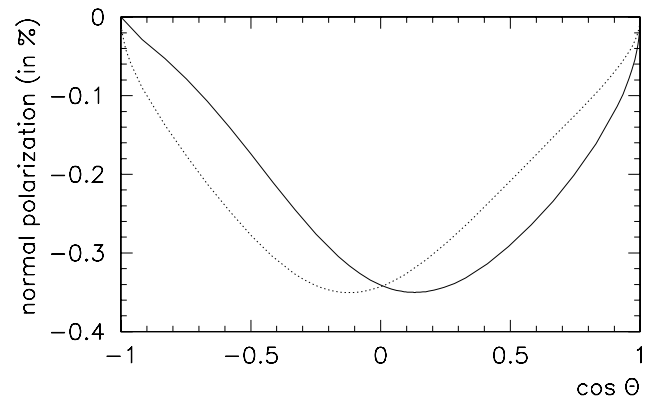


Fig. 3b Transverse normal polarization for the bottom quark on the Z-peak (with bottom mass set to $m_b = 4.83$ GeV and $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.118$). Full line: $O(\alpha_s^0) + O(\alpha_s)$; dotted line: Born term result

References

1. V. Ravindran, W.L. van Neerven, Nucl. Phys. B **589**, 507 (2000)