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SAN MARINO.

The independent Republic of San Marino, which claims to be the oldest State in Europe, is embraced in the area of Italy. A new treaty of friendship with the Kingdom of Italy was concluded June 28, 1907, revised in 1908 and in 1914. The Republic has extradition treaties with England, Belgium, Holland, and United States. The legislative power of the Republic is vested in the Grand Council of 60 members elected by popular vote, a third of whom are renewable every three years, and two of whom are appointed every six months to act as Regents (*Capitani reggenti*). The regents exercise executive power, assisted by various nominated congresses, viz., *Congresso Economico di Stato*, *Congresso dei Legali*, *Congresso degli Studi*, *Congresso militare*. The administration of justice is under magistrates, who are Italian citizens. There are several elementary schools and one high school, the diplomas of which are recognized by Italian universities.

The frontier line is 24 miles in length, area is 38 square miles, and population (December 1928) 13,013.

The revenue and expenditure for 1928-29 balanced at 4,053,072 lire, and the Financial Estimates for 1929-30 at 3,592,180 lire. There is no public debt. The militia consists of all able-bodied citizens between the ages of 16 and 55, with the exception of teachers and students. The chief exports are wine, cattle, and the building stone quarried on Mount Titano. Italian currency is in general use, but the Republic issues separate postage stamps. An electric railway from Rimini to the city of San Marino is under construction, and is expected to be completed by 1931.

Consul-General of San Marino in London.—Commendatore Melvill Allan Jamieson, F.R.G.S., 42 Pall Mall, S. W. 1.

Consul-General of Great Britain in San Marino.—D. F. S. Filliter, (Resides at Leghorn).

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