

MONACO.

Prince Albert, born November 13, 1848; succeeded his father, Prince Charles III., September 10, 1889; married (1) to Lady Mary Douglas Hamilton, September 1, 1869; ¹ (2) to Alice Duchess-Dowager de Richelieu. Son by first wife, Prince Louis, born July 12, 1870.

Monaco is a small Principality in the Mediterranean, between France and Italy. From 968 it belonged to the house of Grimaldi, and passed in 1791 to the house of Goyon-de-Martignon. There is a Governor-General and a Council of State.

The area is eight square miles. Population, 1890, 12,000. Chief towns, Monaco, 3,292; Condamine, 6,218; Monte Carlo, 3,794.

There is a Roman Catholic bishop. There is no army, only a 'guard of honour,' consisting of 75 members (officers and men). Olive oil, oranges, citrons, and perfumes are exported. The revenue is mainly derived from the gaming tables.

British Consul.—James Charles Harris (Nice).

British Vice-Consul.—Edward Smith.

¹ The religious marriage was annulled by the Court of Rome (Papal Court) on January 3, 1880, and the civil marriage declared dissolved by decree of the reigning Prince on July 28, 1880.