



Correction to: Identification of soybean *Bradyrhizobium* strains used in commercial inoculants in Brazil by MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry

Lucas Rolim¹ · Thaís Ribeiro Santiago² · Fábio Bueno dos Reis Junior³ · Ieda de Carvalho Mendes³ · Helson Mario Martins do Vale¹ · Mariangela Hungria⁴ · Luciano Paulino Silva^{1,2}

Published online: 14 August 2019

© Sociedade Brasileira de Microbiologia 2019

Correction to: Brazilian Journal of Microbiology

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s42770-019-00104-3>

The original version of this article unfortunately contained a mistake. The presentation of Fig. 1 was incorrect. The correct version is given below.

The online version of the original article can be found at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s42770-019-00104-3>

✉ Luciano Paulino Silva
luciano.paulino@embrapa.br

Lucas Rolim
roliml@gmail.com

Thaís Ribeiro Santiago
tatasantiago@gmail.com

Fábio Bueno dos Reis Junior
fabio.reis@embrapa.br

Ieda de Carvalho Mendes
ieda.mendes@embrapa.br

Helson Mario Martins do Vale
helson@unb.br

Mariangela Hungria
mariangela.hungria@embrapa.br

¹ Universidade de Brasília (UnB), Brasília, Distrito Federal 70910-900, Brazil

² Embrapa Recursos Genéticos e Biotecnologia, C.P. 02372, Brasília, Distrito Federal 70770-917, Brazil

³ Embrapa Cerrados, C.P. 08223, Planaltina, Distrito Federal 73310-970, Brazil

⁴ Embrapa Soja, C.P. 231, Londrina, Paraná 86001-970, Brazil

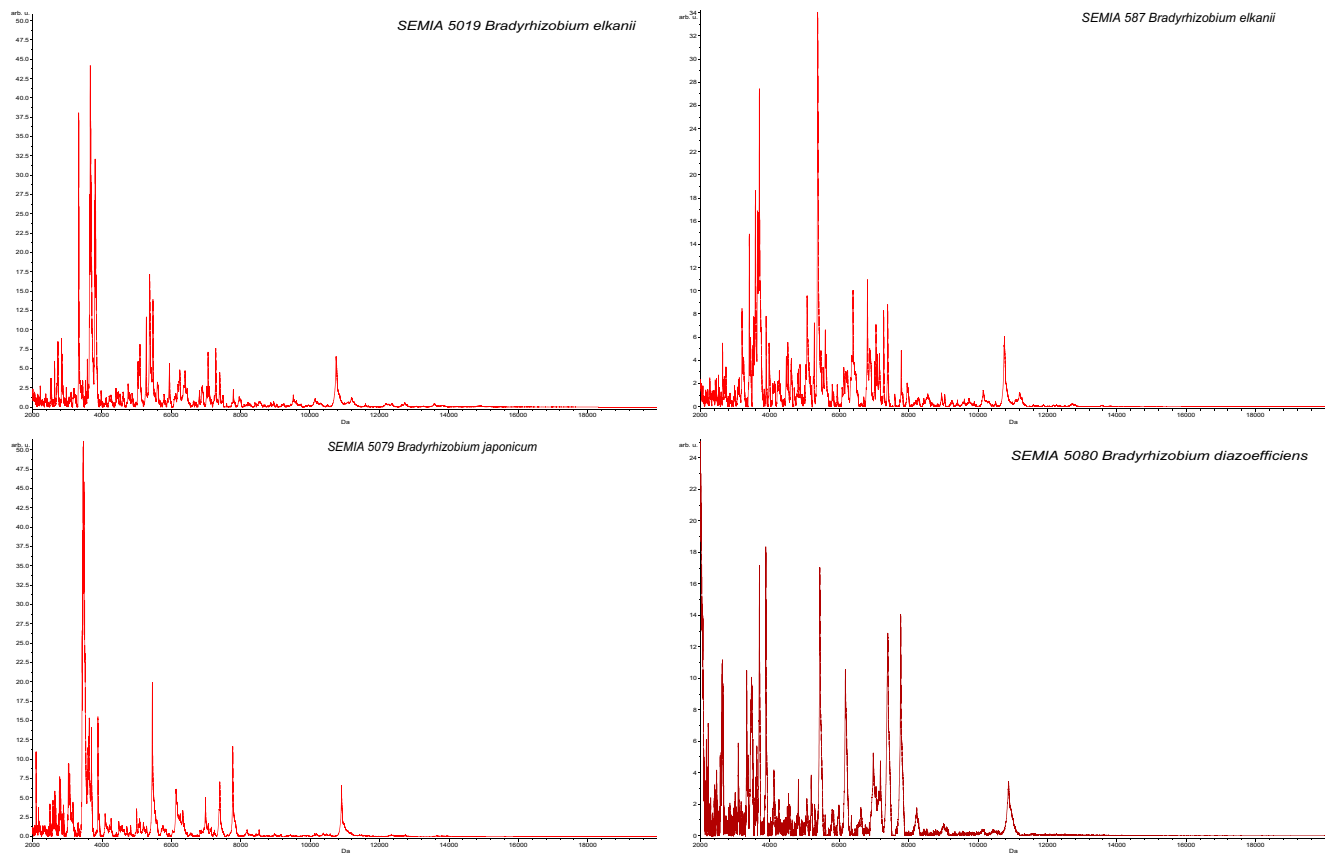


Fig. 1 Representative standard mass spectra of the four elite strains obtained from the average of 24 distinct acquisitions

Publisher's note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.