## CARDENOLOIDS OF Adonis wolgensis

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Continuing a study of the cardiac glycosides of the epigeal part of Adonis wolgensis Steven. [1-3], we have isolated another two cardenolides from the polar fraction.

Substance (I),  $C_{42}H_{64}O_{19}$ , mp 179-182°C,  $[\alpha]_D^{20}+13.8$  (c 0.1; ethanol) formed with 84% sulfuric acid a coloration changing with time: 0 min - green; 85 min - lemon-yellow; 205 min - green. The acid hydrolysis of substance (I) led to the formation of strophanthidin, D-cymarose, and D-glucose. Enzymatic hydrolysis with an enzyme preparation of the grape snail led to the appearance after 5-7 min of k-strophanthin- $\beta$ , and then cymarin.

The results of acid and enzymatic hydrolysis permitted substance (I) to be identified as strophanthidin  $3-O-\beta-D$ -glucopyranosyl- $(1-4)-O-\beta-D$ -glucopyranosyl- $(1-4)-\beta-D$ -cymaropyranoside.

Substance (II) was isolated in very small amount. With 84% sulfuric acid it formed the following colors: 0 min - yellow; 1 min - red-brown; 5 min - carmine. On acid hydrolysis L-rhamnose was split off and agenin was formed which on parallel chromatography in chloroform-formamide (25%) and octanol-amyl alcohol-water-formamide (6:2:8:2) proved to be identical with adonitoxigenin.

A chromatographic comparison of substance (II) with adonitoxin showed their identity.

This is the first time that k-strophanthoside and adonitoxin have been isolated from the herb spring adonis.

## LITERATURE CITED

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