## Appendix A:Integer Operators

This documentation was generated from the Python documentation available by typing help(int) in the Python shell. In this documentation the variables $x, y$, and $z$ refer to integers. The official Python 3 documentation is at http://docs.python.org/3/.

| Operator | Returns | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x+y$ | int | Returns the sum of $x$ and $y$ |
| $x-y$ | int | Returns the difference of $x$ and $y$ |
| x*y | int | Returns the product of $x$ and $y$ |
| x/y | float | Returns the quotient of $x$ divided by y |
| x//y | int | Returns the integer quotient of $x$ divided by $y$ |
| x\%y | int | Returns x modulo y . This is the remainder of dividing x by y |
| -x | int | Returns the negation of $x$ |
| x\&y | int | Returns the bit-wise and of x and y |
| $x \mid y$ | int | Returns the bit-wise or of x and y |
| $x y$ | int | Returns the bit-wise exclusive or of x and y |
| $\mathrm{x} \ll \mathrm{y}$ | int | Returns a bit-wise shift left of x by y bits. Shifting left by 1 bit multiplies $x$ by 2 |
| $x \gg y$ | int | Returns a bit-wise right shift of $x$ by y bits |
| $\sim^{\mathrm{x}}$ | int | Returns an integer where each bit in the x has been inverted. $x+x=-1$ for all x |
| abs(x) | int | Returns the absolute value of $x$ |
| divmod(x, y) | (q,r) | Returns the quotient $q$ and the remainder $r$ as a tuple |
| float(x) | float | Returns the float representation of $x$ |
| hex(x) | str | Returns a hexadecimal representation of x as a string |
| int(x) | int | Returns x |
| $\operatorname{oct}(\mathrm{x})$ | str | Return an octal representation of x as a string |
| $\operatorname{pow}(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}[, \mathrm{z}])$ | int | Returns $x$ to the $y$ power modulo $z$. If $z$ is not specified then it returns $x$ to the $y$ power |
| repr(x) | str | Returns a string representation of $x$ |
| $\operatorname{str}(\mathrm{x})$ | str | Returns a string representation of x |

