

222 Total laryngectomy

- A Billroth of Vienna was the first to perform the procedure for cancer of the larynx.
- B The Sorenson U flap incision may be unsatisfactory after high dose radiotherapy.
- C The inferior constrictor is the most important structure in the repair of the pharyngeal wall.
- D Postoperatively a laryngectomy tube is essential for a few days.
- E Prophylactic use of metronidazole has reduced the incidence of postoperative pharyngocutaneous fistula.

223 Laryngocoeles

- A Are caused by dilatation of the subglottis.
- B The external variety project through the thyrohyoid membrane.
- C Can easily be demonstrated with plain X-rays.
- D Early excision is advisable.
- E May be caused by tumour.

224 Oedema of the larynx

- A The glottis is the site most frequently affected.
- B An idiosyncrasy to iodine may be an aetiological factor.
- C A mixture of oxygen and helium may be useful.
- D 0.5 ml of 1 : 1000 adrenaline should be given intramuscularly in an adult.
- E Stertorous breathing implies supraglottic pathology.