

shipping; to co-ordinate the regulations for river, customs and sanitation control as well as the hydrometeorological service; to collect relevant statistical data concerning navigation on the Danube; to propose measures for the prevention of pollution of the Danube caused by navigation; and to update its recommendations regularly with a view to bringing them in line with European Union regulations on inland waterway navigation.

*Official languages:* German, French, Russian.  
*Headquarters:* Benczúr utca 25, H-1068 Budapest, Hungary.  
*Website:* <http://www.danubecommission.org>  
*Email:* [secretariat@danubecom-intern.org](mailto:secretariat@danubecom-intern.org)  
*President:* Aleksandr Tolkach (Russia).  
*Director-General:* István Valkár (Hungary).

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## European Trade Union Confederation (ETUC)

Established in 1973, the ETUC is recognized by the EU, the Council of Europe and EFTA as the only representative cross-sectoral trade union organization at a European level. It has grown steadily with a membership of 83 National Trade Union Confederations from 36 countries and 12 European Industry Federations with a total of 60m. members. The Congress meets every four years; the 11th Statutory Congress took place in Seville in May 2007.

*Address:* 5 Boulevard Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels, Belgium.  
*Website:* <http://www.etuc.org>  
*Email:* [etuc@etuc.org](mailto:etuc@etuc.org)  
*General Secretary:* John Monks (UK).

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## Amnesty International (AI)

*Origin.* Founded in 1961 by British lawyer Peter Benenson as a one-year campaign for the release of prisoners of conscience, Amnesty International has grown to become a worldwide organization, winning the Nobel Peace Prize in 1977.

*Activities.* AI is a worldwide movement of people campaigning for human rights. It acts independently and impartially to promote respect for internationally recognized human rights standards.

Historically, the focus of AI's campaigning has been: to free all prisoners of conscience (a term coined by Peter Benenson); to ensure a prompt and fair trial for all political prisoners; to abolish the death penalty, torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading punishments; to end extrajudicial executions and 'disappearances'; to fight impunity by working to ensure perpetrators of such abuses are brought to justice. AI is independent of any government or political ideology, and neither supports nor opposes the views of the victim it seeks to protect.

AI has over 3m. members, subscribers and regular donors in more than 150 countries. Major policy decisions are taken by an International Council comprising representatives from all national sections. AI's national sections, members and supporters are primarily responsible for funding the movement. During the financial year 1 April 2007–31 March 2008 AI's total income was £35,224,000.

Every year AI produces a global report detailing human rights violations in all regions of the world.

*International Secretariat:* Peter Benenson House, 1 Easton St., London WC1X 0DW, UK.

*Website:* <http://www.amnesty.org>

*Secretary-General:* Salil Shetty (India).

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## Bank for International Settlements (BIS)

*Origin.* Founded on 17 May 1930, the Bank for International Settlements is the world's oldest international financial organization.

*Activities.* The BIS fosters international monetary and financial co-operation and serves as a bank for central banks. It acts as a forum to promote discussion and policy analysis among central banks and within the international financial community, a centre for economic and monetary research and an agent or trustee in connection with international financial operations.

As its customers are central banks and international organizations, the BIS does not accept deposits from, or provide financial services to, private individuals or corporate entities.

The head office is in Basle, Switzerland and there are representative offices in Hong Kong and Mexico City.

*Headquarters:* Centralbahnplatz 2, CH-4002 Basle, Switzerland.

*Website:* <http://www.bis.org>

*Email:* [email@bis.org](mailto:email@bis.org)

*Chairman of the Board of Directors:* Christian Noyer (France).

*Representative Office for Asia and the Pacific:* 78th Floor, Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance St., Central, Hong Kong SAR, People's Republic of China.

*Representative Office for the Americas:* Torre Chapultepec, Rubén Darío 281, Col. Bosque de Chapultepec, 11580 México, D. F., Mexico.

### Further Reading

Deane, M. and Pringle, R., *The Central Banks*. 1995

Goodhart, C. A. E., *The Central Bank and the Financial System*. 1995

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## Commonwealth

The Commonwealth is a free association of sovereign independent states. It numbered 54 members in Feb. 2011. With a membership of over 2bn. people, it represents around 30% of the world's population. There is no charter, treaty or constitution; the association is expressed in co-operation, consultation and mutual assistance for which the Commonwealth Secretariat is the central co-ordinating body.

*Origin.* The Commonwealth was first defined by the Imperial Conference of 1926 as a group of 'autonomous Communities within the British Empire, equal in status, in no way subordinate one to another in any aspect of their domestic or external affairs, though united by a common allegiance to the Crown, and freely associated as members of the British Commonwealth of Nations'. The basis of the association changed from one owing allegiance to a common Crown, and the modern Commonwealth was born in 1949 when the member countries accepted India's intention of becoming a republic at the same time as continuing 'her full membership of the Commonwealth of Nations and her acceptance of the King as the symbol of the free association of its independent member nations and as such the Head of the Commonwealth'. In Feb. 2011 the Commonwealth consisted of 33 republics and 21 monarchies, of which 16 are Queen's realms. All acknowledge the Queen symbolically as Head of the Commonwealth. The Queen's